

## **MELSEC System Q**

## **Programmable Logic Controllers**

User's Manual (Hardware & Maintenance)

## CPU Modules Q02(H)CPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU, Q25HCPU



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ●

(Read these precautions before using.)

When using Mitsubishi equipment, thoroughly read this manual and the associated manuals introduced in this manual. Also pay careful attention to safety and handle the module properly.

These SAFETY PRECAUTIONS classify the safety precautions into two categories: "DANGER" and "CAUTION".

     	Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.	
       	Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.	

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by  $\triangle$  CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

## [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- Install a safety circuit external to the PLC that keeps the entire system safe even when there are problems with the external power supply or the PLC module. Otherwise, trouble could result from erroneous output or erroneous operation.
  - (1) Outside the PLC, construct mechanical damage preventing interlock circuits such as emergency stop, protective circuits, positioning upper and lower limits switches and interlocking forward/reverse operations.

(2) When the PLC detects the following problems, it will stop calculation and turn off all output in the case of (a). In the case of (b), it will stop calculation and hold or turn off all output according to the parameter setting.

Note that the AnS series module will turn off the output in either of cases (a) and (b).

- (a) The power supply module has over current protection equipment and over voltage protection equipment.
- (b) The PLC CPUs self-diagnosis functions, such as the watch dog timer error, detect problems.

In addition, all output will be turned on when there are problems that the PLC CPU cannot detect, such as in the I/O controller. Build a fail safe circuit exterior to the PLC that will make sure the equipment operates safely at such times. See section 9.1 of this manual for example fail safe circuits.

(3) Output could be left on or off when there is trouble in the outputs module relay or transistor. So build an external monitoring circuit that will monitor any single outputs that could cause serious trouble.

## [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- When overcurrent which exceeds the rating or caused by short-circuited load flows in the output module for a long time, it may cause smoke or fire. To prevent this, configure an external safety circuit, such as fuse.
- Build a circuit that turns on the external power supply when the PLC main module power is turned on. If the external power supply is turned on first, it could result in erroneous output or erroneous operation.
- When there are communication problems with the data link, refer to the corresponding data link manual for the operating status of each station. Not doing so could result in erroneous output or erroneous operation.
- When connecting a peripheral device to the CPU module or connecting a personal computer or the like to the intelligent function module to exercise control (data change) on the running PLC, configure up an interlock circuit in the sequence program to ensure that the whole system will always operate safely.

Also before exercising other control (program change, operating status change (status control)) on the running PLC, read the manual carefully and fully confirm safety.

Especially for the above control on the remote PLC from an external device, an immediate action may not be taken for PLC trouble due to a data communication fault.

In addition to configuring up the interlock circuit in the sequence program, corrective and other actions to be taken as a system for the occurrence of a data communication fault should be predetermined between the external device and PLC CPU.

## 

Do not bunch the control wires or communication cables with the main circuit or power wires, or install them close to each other. They should be installed 100 mm (3.94 inch) or more from each other. Not doing so could result in noise that would cause erroneous operation.

When controlling items like lamp load, heater or solenoid valve using an output module, large current (approximately ten times greater than that present in normal circumstances) may flow when the output is turned OFF to ON.

Take measures such as replacing the module with one having sufficient rated current.

## [INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- Use the PLC in an environment that meets the general specifications contained in this manual. Using this PLC in an environment outside the range of the general specifications could result in electric shock, fire, erroneous operation, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Hold down the module loading lever at the module bottom, and securely insert the module fixing latch into the fixing hole in the base unit.
   Incorrect loading of the module can cause a malfunction, failure or drop.
   When using the PLC in the environment of much vibration, tighten the module with a screw.
   Tighten the screw in the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause a drop, short circuit or malfunction. Overtightening can cause a drop, short circuit or malfunction due to damage to

the screw or module.

- When installing extension cables, be sure that the connectors of base unit are installed correctly. After installation, check them for looseness. Poor connections could cause an input or output failure.
- Securely load the memory card into the memory card loading connector. After loading, check for lifting. Lifting can cause a malfunction due to a contact fault.
- Completely turn off the external power supply before loading or unloading the module. Not doing so could result in electric shock or damage to the product.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts or electronic components. Touching the conductive parts could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.

## [WIRING PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- Completely turn off the external power supply when installing or placing wiring. Not completely turning off all power could result in electric shock or damage to the product.
- When turning on the power supply or operating the module after installation or wiring work, be sure that the module's terminal covers are correctly attached. Not attaching the terminal cover could result in electric shock.

## [WIRING PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- Be sure to ground the FG terminals and LG terminals to the protective ground conductor. Not doing so could result in electric shock or erroneous operation.
- When wiring in the PLC, be sure that it is done correctly by checking the product's rated voltage and the terminal layout. Connecting a power supply that is different from the rating or incorrectly wiring the product could result in fire or damage.
- External connections shall be crimped or pressure welded with the specified tools, or correctly soldered. Imperfect connections could result in short circuit, fires, or erroneous operation.
- Tighten the terminal screws with the specified torque. If the terminal screws are loose, it could result in short circuits, fire, or erroneous operation. Tightening the terminal screws too far may cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.
- Be sure there are no foreign substances such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fires, damage, or erroneous operation.
- The module has an ingress prevention label on its top to prevent foreign matter, such as wire offcuts, from entering the module during wiring.
   Do not peel this label during wiring.
   Before starting system operation, be sure to peel this label because of heat dissipation.

## [STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- Do not touch the terminals while power is on.
   Doing so could cause shock or erroneous operation.
- Correctly connect the battery.
   Also, do not charge, disassemble, heat, place in fire, short circuit, or solder the battery.
   Mishandling of battery can cause overheating or cracks which could result in injury and fires.
- Switch all phases of the external power supply off when cleaning the module or retightening the terminal or module mounting screws. Not doing so could result in electric shock.
   Undertightening of terminal screws can cause a short circuit or malfunction. Overtightening of screws can cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.

## [STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS]

## 

- The online operations conducted for the CPU module being operated, connecting the peripheral device (especially, when changing data or operation status), shall be conducted after the manual has been carefully read and a sufficient check of safety has been conducted. Operation mistakes could cause damage or problems with of the module.
- Do not disassemble or modify the modules.
   Doing so could cause trouble, erroneous operation, injury, or fire.
- Use any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or a PHS phone more than 25cm (9.85 inch) away from the PLC.
   Not doing so can cause a malfunction.
- Switch all phases of the external power supply off before mounting or removing the module. If you do not switch off the external power supply, it will cause failure or malfunction of the module.
- Do not drop or give an impact to the battery installed in the module.
   Otherwise the battery will be broken, possibly causing internal leakage of electrolyte.
   Do not use but dispose of the battery if it has fallen or an impact is given to it.
- Always make sure to touch the grounded metal to discharge the electricity charged in the electricity charged in the body, etc., before touching the module.
   Failure to do say cause a failure or malfunctions of the module.

## [DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS]

## 

• When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.

## [TRANSPORTATION PRECAUTIONS]

## 

 When transporting lithium batteries, make sure to treat them based on the transport regulations. (Refer to Appendix 4 for details of the controlled models.) REVISIONS

\* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	* Manual Number	* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover. Revision
Dec., 1999		First edition
Sep., 2000	SH(NA)-080037-B	
Cop., 2000		Addition model Q33B, Q63B, Q63P
		Addition
		Section 2.3, 4.5, 11.2.3, 11.2.10, 11.2.11
		Partial correction
		Section 1.2, 2.2, 4.1, 4.2, 5.1.1, 5.2, 8.1.5, 11.2.1, 11.3.2, 11.5.1, 11.6,
		11.7
Jun., 2001	SH(NA)-080037-C	Addition model
		Q62P, Q52B, Q55B, QC05B
		Addition
		Section 6.6
		Partial correction
		Section 2.1, 2.2, 4.1, 4.2, 5.1.5, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 8.1.5, 11.2.4, 11.7
Sep., 2001	SH(NA)-080037-D	Addition model
		Q64P
		Partial correction
		CONTENTS, Section 4.1, 5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.2, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1.5, 11.5.1,
		Appendix1.2, 2.2
Apr., 2002	SH(NA)-080037-E	Partial correction
		Chapter 1, Section 1.1, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 4.1, 5.1.1, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 10.3.1,
		10.3.2
Oct., 2002	SH(NA)-080037-F	Complete review
		Addition model
		Q32SB, Q33SB, Q35SB, Q61SP
Mar., 2003	SH(NA)-080037-G	Addition
		Operating Precautions, Section 10.4, Section 10.5
		Partial correction
		Safety Precautions, About Manuals, Chapter 1, Section 2.1, 2.2, 4.1, 4.2,
		Section 4.3, 5.1.1, 5.1.2, 6.5, 7.1, 7.1, 7.2, 7.6, 8.1.3, 8.1.5, 9.1, 9.2,
		Section 9.3.1, 9.3.2, Chapter 10, Section 10.3.1, 10.3.2, 10.4, 10.5,
		Section 11.2.16, 11.2.17, 11.3.2, 11.6, 11.7, Appendix 1.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3
Jul., 2003	SH(NA)-080037-H	Addition
		Appendix 4, 4.1, 4.2
		Partial correction
		Safety Precautions, Section 2.1, Section 7.2, 7.6, Section 9.3.1, 9.3.2,
		Section 10.3.1, 10.3.2, 10.4, 10.5, Section 11.3.2, 11.7
	1	lananese Manual Version SH-080010-K

Japanese Manual Version SH-080019-K

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

© 1999 MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

#### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-Q Series of General Purpose Programmable Controllers. Please read this manual carefully so that equipment is used to its optimum.

#### CONTENTS

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	A- 1
REVISIONS	A- 6
CONTENTS	A- 7
About Manual	A-18
How to Use This Manuals	A-19
About the Generic Terms and Abbreviations	
Operating Precautions	A-21
1 OVERVIEW	1- 1 to 1- 4
1.1 Features	
2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION FOR SINGLE CPU SYSTEM	2- 1 to 2- 8
<ul><li>2.1 System Configuration</li><li>2.2 Precaution on System Configuration</li><li>2.3 Confirming the Serial Number and Function Version</li></ul>	
3 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	3-1 to 3-2
4 HARDWARE SPECIFICATION OF THE CPU MODULE	4- 1 to 4- 9
<ul> <li>4.1 Performance Specification</li></ul>	

5-1 to 5-11

6-1 to 6-11

5.1 Specification	5-	1
5.1.1 Power supply module specifications	5-	1
5.1.2 Selecting the power supply module	5-	6
5.1.3 Precaution when connecting the uninterruptive power supply	5-	8
5.2 Names of Parts and Settings	5-	9

#### 6 BASE UNIT AND EXTENSION CABLE

5 POWER SUPPLY MODULE

6.1 Base Unit Specification Table	6-	1
6.2 Extension Cable Specification Table	6-	3
6.3 Parts Names of Base Unit	6-	3
6.4 Setting the Extension Base Unit	6-	6
6.5 Guideline for Use of Extension Base Units (Q5□B)	6-	8
· · · ·		

7.1 Memory Card Specifications	
7.2 Battery Specifications (For CPU Module and SRAM Card)	
7.3 Handling the Memory Card	
7.4 The Names of The Parts of The Memory Card	
7.5 Memory Card Loading/Unloading Procedures	
7.6 Installation of Battery (For CPU Module and Memory Card)	
8 EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE	8- 1 to 8-14
8.1 Requirements for Conformance to EMC Directive	8- 1
8.1.1 Standards applicable to the EMC Directive	
8.1.2 Installation instructions for EMC Directive	
8.1.3 Cables	
8.1.4 Power supply module	
8.1.5 When using QA1S6 $\Box$ B type base unit	
8.1.6 Others	
8.2 Requirement to Conform to the Low Voltage Directive	
8.2.1 Standard applied for MELSEC-Q series PLC	
8.2.2 MELSEC-Q series PLC selection	
8.2.3 Power supply	

## 9 LOADING AND INSTALLATION

7 MEMORY CARD AND BATTERY

## 9.1 General Safety Requirements. 9-1 9.2 Calculating Heat Generation by PLC. 9-6 9.3 Module Installation. 9-9 9.3.1 Precaution on installation. 9-9 9.3.2 Instructions for mounting the base unit 9-13

# 9.3.2 Instructions for mounting the base unit9-139.3.3 Installation and removal of module9-169.4 How to Set Stage Numbers for the Extension Base Unit9-209.5 Connection and Disconnection of Extension Cable9-219.6 Wiring9-249.6.1 The precautions on the wiring9-249.6.2 Connecting to the power supply module9-27

#### **10 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION**

10.1 Daily Inspection1	0- 2
10.2 Periodic Inspection	
10.3 Battery Replacement1	0- 4
10.3.1 Battery life1	
10.3.2 Battery replacement procedure1	0- 9
10.4 When Resuming Operation after Storage of PLC without Battery1	0-13
10.5 When Resuming PLC Operation after Storage of PLC with Battery Gone Flat	0-14

#### \_\_\_\_\_

10- 1 to 10- 14

9-1 to 9-27

7-1 to 7-7

#### 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

11.1 Troubleshooting Basics	
11.2 Troubleshooting	
11.2.1 Troubleshooting flowchart	
11.2.2 Flowchart for when the "MODE" LED is not turned on	
11.2.3 Flowchart for when the "MODE" LED is flickering	
11.2.4 Flowchart for when the "POWER" LED is turned off	
11.2.5 Flowchart for when the "RUN" LED is turned off	
11.2.6 When the "RUN" LED is flickering	
11.2.7 Flowchart for when the "ERR." LED is on/flickering	
11.2.8 When the "USER" LED is turned on	
11.2.9 When the "BAT." LED is turned on	
11.2.10 Flowchart for when the "BOOT" LED is flickering	
11.2.11 Flowchart for when output module LED is not turned on	11-10
11.2.12 Flowchart for when output load of output module does not turn on	11-11
11.2.13 Flowchart for when unable to read a program	11-12
11.2.14 Flowchart for when unable to write a program	11-13
11.2.15 Flowchart for when it is unable to perform boot operation from memory card	11-15
11.2.16 Flowchart for when UNIT VERIFY ERR. occurs	11-16
11.2.17 Flowchart for when CONTROL BUS ERR. occurs	11-17
11.3 Error Code List	
11.3.1 Procedure for reading error codes	11-18
11.3.2 Error code list	11-19
11.4 Canceling of Errors	11-39
11.5 I/O Module Troubleshooting	
11.5.1 Input circuit troubleshooting	11-40
11.5.2 Output circuit troubleshooting	
11.6 Special Relay List	
11.7 Special Register List	11-66

#### APPENDICES

#### App-1 to App-17

APPENDIX 1 Error Code Return to Origin During General Data Processing	App- 1
APPENDIX 1.1 Error code overall explanation	App- 1
APPENDIX 1.2 Description of the errors of the error codes (4000H to 4FFFH)	App- 2
APPENDIX 2 External Dimensions	Арр- 6
APPENDIX 2.1 CPU module	Арр- 6
APPENDIX 2.2 Power supply module	Арр- 6
APPENDIX 2.3 Main base unit	Арр- 9
APPENDIX 2.4 Slim type main base unit	App-11
APPENDIX 2.5 Extension base unit	App-12
APPENDIX 3 Upgraded Functions of High Performance Model QCPU	App-15
APPENDIX 3.1 Specification comparison	App-15
APPENDIX 3.2 Function comparison	App-15
APPENDIX 3.3 Added functions and the corresponding GX Developer versions	App-16

APPENDIX 4 Transportation Precautions	App-17
APPENDIX 4.1 Controlled models	App-17
APPENDIX 4.2 Transport guidelines	
NDEX	Index- 1 to Index- 2

(Related manual) ......High Performance model QCPU (Q Mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

#### CONTENTS

#### 1 OVERVIEW

- 1.1 Features
- 1.2 Programs
- 1.3 Convenient Programming Devices and Instructions

#### 2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION FOR SINGLE CPU SYSTEM

- 2.1 System Configuration
- 2.2 Precaution on System configuration
- 2.3 Confirming the Serial Number and Function Version

3 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION

#### 4 SEQUENCE PROGRAM CONFIGURATION & EXECUTION CONDITIONS

- 4.1 Sequence Program
  - 4.1.1 Main routine program
  - 4.1.2 Sub-routine programs
  - 4.1.3 Interrupt programs
- 4.2 Program Execute Type
  - 4.2.1 Initial execution type program
  - 4.2.2 Scan execution type program
  - 4.2.3 Low speed execution type program
  - 4.2.4 Stand-by type program
  - 4.2.5 Fixed scan execution type program
- 4.3 Operation processing
  - 4.3.1 Initial processing
  - 4.3.2 I/O refresh (I/O module refresh processing)
  - 4.3.3 Automatic refresh of the intelligent function module
  - 4.3.4 END processing
- 4.4 RUN, STOP, PAUSE Operation Processing
- 4.5 Operation Processing during Momentary Power Failure
- 4.6 Data Clear Processing
- 4.7 I/O Processing and Response Lag
  - 4.7.1 Refresh mode
  - 4.7.2 Direct mode
- 4.8 Numeric Values which Can Be Used in Sequence Programs
  - 4.8.1 BIN (Binary code)
  - 4.8.2 HEX (Hexadecimal)
  - 4.8.3 BCD (Binary Coded Decimal)

- 4.8.4 Real numbers (floating decimal point data)
- 4.9 Character String Data

#### 5 ASSIGNMENT OF I/O NUMBERS

- 5.1 Relationship Between the Number of Stages and Slots of the Extension Base Unit
- 5.2 Installing Extension Base Units and Setting the Number of Stages
- 5.3 Base Unit Assignment (Base Mode)
- 5.4 What are I/O Numbers?
- 5.5 Concept of I/O Number Assignment
  - 5.5.1 I/O numbers of main base unit and extension base units
  - 5.5.2 Remote station I/O number
- 5.6 I/O Assignment by GX Developer
  - 5.6.1 Purpose of I/O assignment by GX Developer
  - 5.6.2 Concept of I/O assignment using GX Developer
- 5.7 Examples of I/O Number Assignment
- 5.8 Checking the I/O Numbers

#### 6 MEMORIES AND FILES HANDLED BY HIGH PERFORMANCE MODEL QCPU

- 6.1 About the High Performance model QCPU's Memory
- 6.2 Program Memory
- 6.3 About the Standard ROM
- 6.4 About the Standard RAM
- 6.5 Memory Card
- 6.6 Writing Data to the Standard ROM or the Flash Card
  - 6.6.1 Writing Data to the standard ROM or to the Flash card using GX Developer
  - 6.6.2 Automatic write to standard ROM
    - (Auto Down load all data from Memory card to standard ROM)
- 6.7 Executing Standard ROM/Memory Card Programs (Boot Run)
- 6.8 Program File Configuration
- 6.9 GX Developer File Operation and File Handling Precautions
  - 6.9.1 File operation
  - 6.9.2 File handling precautions
  - 6.9.3 File capacity
  - 6.9.4 Memory capacity for files

#### 7 FUNCTION

- 7.1 Function List
- 7.2 Constant Scan
- 7.3 Latch Functions
- 7.4 Setting the Output (Y) Status when Changing from/to STOP Status to/from RUN Status
- 7.5 Clock Function

7.6 Remote Operation

- 7.6.1 Remote RUN/STOP
- 7.6.2 Remote PAUSE
- 7.6.3 Remote RESET
- 7.6.4 Remote latch clear
- 7.6.5 Relationship of the remote operation and High Performance model QCPU RUN/STOP switch
- 7.7 Changing the Input Response time of the Q Series Compatible Module (I/O Response Time)
  - 7.7.1 Selecting the response time of the input module
  - 7.7.2 Selecting the response time of the high speed input module
  - 7.7.3 Selecting the response time of the interrupt module
- 7.8 Error-time Output Mode Setting
- 7.9 Hardware Error-time CPU Operation Mode Setting
- 7.10 Setting the Switches of the Intelligent Function Module
- 7.11 Monitoring Function
  - 7.11.1 Monitor condition setting
  - 7.11.2 Monitoring test for local device
  - 7.11.3 Forced ON/OFF of external I/O
- 7.12 Writing in Program during High Performance model QCPU RUN
  - 7.12.1 Writing data in the circuit mode during the RUN status
  - 7.12.2 Writing a batch of files during RUN
- 7.13 Execution Time Measurement
  - 7.13.1 Program monitor list
  - 7.13.2 Interrupt program monitor list
  - 7.13.3 Scan time measurement
- 7.14 Sampling Trace Function
- 7.15 Debug Function with Multiple Users
  - 7.15.1 Multiple-user monitoring function
  - 7.15.2 Multiple-user RUN write function
- 7.16 Watch dog timer (WDT)
- 7.17 Self-Diagnosis Function
  - 7.17.1 Interrupt due to error occurrence
  - 7.17.2 LED display when error occurs
  - 7.17.3 Cancel error
- 7.18 Failure History
- 7.19 System Protect
  - 7.19.1 Password registration
  - 7.19.2 Remote password
- 7.20 Monitoring High Performance model QCPU System Status from GX Developer (System Monitor) 7.21 LED Display
  - 7.21.1 LED display
  - 7.21.2 Priority setting
- 7.22 High Speed Interrupt Function
- 7.23 Module Service Interval Time Reading

#### 8 COMMUNICATION WITH INTELLIGENT FUNCTION MODULE/SPECIAL FUNCTION MODULE

- 8.1 Communication Between High Performance model QCPU and Q-series Intelligent Function Modules
  - 8.1.1 Initial setting and automatic refresh setting using GX Configurator
  - 8.1.2 Communication using device initial value
  - 8.1.3 Communication using FROM/TO instruction
  - 8.1.4 Communication using the intelligent function module device
  - 8.1.5 Communication using the instructions dedicated for intelligent function modules
- 8.2 Request from Intelligent Function Module to High Performance model QCPU
  - 8.2.1 Interrupt from the intelligent function module
- 8.3 Communication Between High Performance model QCPU and AnS-Series Special Function Modules
  - 8.3.1 Communication using device initial value
  - 8.3.2 Communication using FROM/TO instruction
  - 8.3.3 Communication using the intelligent function module device
  - 8.3.4 Effects of quicker access to the special function module and countermeasures against them

#### 9 PARAMETER LIST

#### 10 DEVICES

10.1 Device List 10.2 Internal User Devices 10.2.1 Inputs (X) 10.2.2 Outputs (Y) 10.2.3 Internal relays (M) 10.2.4 Latch relays (L) 10.2.5 Anunciators (F) 10.2.6 Edge relay (V) 10.2.7 Link relays (B) 10.2.8 Link special relays (SB) 10.2.9 Step relays (S) 10.2.10 Timers (T) 10.2.11 Counters (C) 10.2.12 Data registers (D) 10.2.13 Link registers (W) 10.2.14 Link special registers (SW) 10.3 Internal System Devices 10.3.1 Function devices (FX, FY, FD) 10.3.2 Special relays (SM) 10.3.3 Special registers (SD) 10.4 Link Direct Devices (J[]\[])

- 10.5 Intelligent Function Module Devices (U[]\G[])
- 10.6 Index Registers (Z)
  - 10.6.1 Switching between scan execution type programs and low speed execution type programs
  - 10.6.2 Switching between scan/low speed execution programs and interrupt/fixed scan execution type programs
- 10.7 File Registers (R)
  - 10.7.1 File register capacity
  - 10.7.2 Differences in memory card access method by memory card type
  - 10.7.3 Registering the file registers
  - 10.7.4 File register designation method
  - 10.7.5 Precautions in using file registers
- 10.8 Nesting (N)
- 10.9 Pointers
  - 10.9.1 Local pointers
  - 10.9.2 Common pointers
- 10.10 Interrupt Pointers (I)
- 10.11 Other Devices
  - 10.11.1 SFC block device (BL)
  - 10.11.2 SFC transition device (TR)
  - 10.11.3 Network No. designation device (J)
  - 10.11.4 I/O No. designation device (U)
  - 10.11.5 Macro instruction argument device (VD)
- 10.12 Constants
  - 10.12.1 Decimal constants (K)
  - 10.12.2 Hexadecimal constants (H)
  - 10.12.3 Real numbers (E)
  - 10.12.4 Character string ("")
- 10.13 Convenient Uses for Devices
  - 10.13.1 Global devices & local devices
  - 10.13.2 Device initial values

#### 11 HIGH PERFORMANCE MODEL QCPU PROCESSING TIME

- 11.1 Reading High Performance model QCPU's Scan Time
- 11.2 Factors Responsible for Extended Scan Time
- Factors Responsible for Shortened Scan Time

#### 12 PROCEDURE FOR WRITING PROGRAMS TO HIGH PERFORMANCE MODEL QCPU

- 12.1 Writing Procedure for 1 Program
  - 12.1.1 Items to consider when creating one program
  - 12.1.2 Procedure for writing programs to the High Performance model QCPU
  - 12.2 Procedure for Multiple Programs
  - 12.2.1 Items to consider when creating multiple programs
  - 12.2.2 Procedure for writing programs to the High Performance model QCPU

#### 13 OUTLINE OF MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEMS

- 13.1 Features
- 13.2 Outline of Multiple CPU Systems
- 13.3 Differences with Single CPU Systems

#### 14 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION OF MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEMS

- 14.1 System Configuration
- 14.2 Precautions During Multiple CPU System Configuration
  - 14.2.1 Function versions of High Performance model QCPU , motion CPUs and PC CPU module that can be sued, and their mounting positions
  - 14.2.2 Precautions when using Q series corresponding I/O modules and intelligent function modules
  - 14.2.3 Limitations when mounting AnS series corresponding I/O modules and special function modules
  - 14.2.4 Modules that have mounting restrictions
  - 14.2.5 Usable GX Developers and GX Configurators
  - 14.2.6 Parameters that enable the use of multiple CPU systems
  - 14.2.7 Resetting the multiple CPU system
  - 14.2.8 Processing when High Performance model QCPU stop errors occur
  - 14.2.9 Reducing the time required for multiple CPU system processing

#### 15 ALLOCATING MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEM I/O NUMBERS

- 15.1 Concept behind Allocating I/O Numbers
  - 15.1.1 I/O modules and intelligent function module I/O numbers
  - 15.1.2 I/O number of High Performance model QCPU, Motion CPU and PC CPU module
- 15.2 Setting of Control CPUs with GX Developer

16 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEM'S QCPUS AND MOTION CPUs

- 16.1 Automatic Refresh of Common CPU Memory
- 16.2 Communication with Multiple CPU Dedicated Instructions and Intelligent Function Module Devices
- 16.3 Interactive Communications between The High Performance model QCPU and Motion CPU
  - 16.3.1 Control instructions from the High Performance model QCPU to the Motion CPU
  - 16.3.2 Reading and writing device data
- 16.4 Common CPU Memory

## 17 COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEM'S I/O MODULES AND INTELLIGENT FUNCTION MODULES

- 17.1 Range of Control PLC Communications
- 17.2 Range of Non-control PLC Communications

#### 18 PROCESSING TIME FOR MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEM HIGH PERFORMANCE MODEL QCPUs

- 18.1 Concept behind QCPU Scanning Time
- 18.2 Factor to Prolong the Scan Time

#### 19 STARTING UP THE MULTIPLE CPU SYSTEM

- 19.1 Flow-chart for Starting Up the Multiple CPU System
- 19.2 Setting Up the Multiple CPU System Parameters (Multiple PLC Settings, Control PLC Settings)
  - 19.2.1 System configuration
  - 19.2.2 Creating new systems
  - 19.2.3 Using existing preset multiple CPU settings and I/O allocations

#### APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 Special Relay List

APPENDIX 2 Special Register List

APPENDIX 3 List of Interrupt Pointer Nos. and Interrupt Factors

APPENDIX 4 Enhancement of the High Performance Model QCPU Functions

APPENDIX 4.1 Specification Comparison

APPENDIX 4.2 Function Comparison

APPENDIX 4.3 Usability of Added Functions Depending on GX Developer Version

**APPENDIX 5 Transportation Precautions** 

APPENDIX 5.1 Controlled models

APPENDIX 5.2 Transport guidelines

INDEX

#### About Manuals

The following manuals are related to this product.

Referring to this list, please request the necessary manuals.

#### **Related Manuals**

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
High Performance model QCPU (Q Mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)         This manual explains the functions, programming methods, devices and so on necessary to create programs with the High Performance model QCPU.         (sold separately)	SH-080038 (13JL98)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (Common Instructions)         This manual describes how to use the sequence instructions, basic instructions and application         instructions.       (sold separately)	SH-080039 (13JF58)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)         This manual describes the dedicated instructions used to exercise PID control.       (sold separately)	SH-080040 (13JF59)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC)         This manual explains the system configuration, performance specifications, functions, programming, debugging, error codes and others of MELSAP3.         (sold separately)	SH-080041 (13JF60)
QCPU (Q Mode) Programming Manual (MELSAP-L)         This manual describes the programming methods, specifications, functions, and so on that are         necessary to create the MELSAP-L type SFC programs.         (sold separately)	SH-080076 (13JF61)
QCPU (Q Mode) Programming Manual (Structured Text)         This manual describes the structured text language programming methods.       (sold separately)	SH-080366E (13JF68)

#### How to Use This Manual

This manual is prepared for users to understand the hardware specifications of those modules such as the CPU modules, power supply modules, and base units, maintenance and inspections of the system, and troubleshooting required when you use MELSEC-Q series PLCs.

The manual is classified roughly into three sections as shown below.

1) Chapters 1 and 2	Describe the outline of the CPU module and the system configuration. The basics of the system configuration of CPU module are described.
2) Chapters 3 to 7	Describe the general specifications indicating the operating environments of the CPU module, power supply module, and base units, and the performance specifications of these modules.
3) Chapters 8 to 10	Describe the overall maintenance such as the installation of the CPU module, daily inspections, and troubleshooting.

#### REMARK

This manual does not explain the functions of the CPU module.

- For these functions, refer to the manual shown below.
- High Performance model QCPU (Q Mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

#### About the Generic Terms and Abbreviations

This manual uses the following general names and abbreviations in the descriptions of the High Performance model QCPU unless otherwise specified.

Generic Term/Abbreviation	Description
High Performance model QCPU	General name for Q02CPU, Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU, and Q25HCPU modules.
Q Series	Abbreviation for Mitsubishi MELSEC-Q Series Programmable Logic Controller.
AnS Series	Abbreviation for small types of Mitsubishi MELSEC-A Series Programmable Logic Controller.
GX Developer	General name for GX Developer Version 4 or later.
Q3 <b>□</b> B	General name for Q33B, Q35B, Q38B and Q312B type main base unit with High Performance model QCPU and Q Series power supply module, I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
Q3⊟SB	General name for Q32SB, Q33SB and Q35SB slim type main base unit with High Performance model QCPU and slim type power supply module, I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
Q5⊟B	General name for Q52B and Q55B type extension base unit with Q Series I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
Q6⊟B	General name for Q63B, Q65B, Q68B and Q612B type extension base unit with Q Series power supply module, I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
QA1S6 <u>□</u> B	General name for QA1S65B and QA1S68B type extension base unit with AnS Series power supply module, I/O module and special function module attachable.
Main base unit	General name for Q33B, Q35B, Q38B and Q312B type main base unit with High Performance model QCPU and Q Series power supply module, I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
Slim type main base unit	General name for Q32SB, Q33SB and Q35SB slim type main base unit with High Performance model QCPU and slim type power supply module, I/O module and intelligent function module attachable.
Extension base unit	General name for Q5□B, Q6□B and QA1S6□B.
Base unit	General name for main base units, slim type main base unit and extension base units.
Extension cable	General name for QC05B, QC06B, QC12B, QC30B, QC50B and QC100B type extension cable.
Memory card	General name for SRAM card, Flash card and ATA card.
Power supply module	General name for Q61P-A1, Q61P-A2, Q62P, Q63P, Q64P, A1S61PN, A1S62P and A1S63P types power supply module.
Slim type power supply module	General name for Q61SP slim type power supply module
Battery	General name for battery for Q6BAT and Q7BAT type CPU module and Q2MEM-BAT type SRAM card.
SRAM card	Abbreviation for Q2MEM-1MBS and Q2MEM-2MBS type SRAM card.
Flash card	General name for Q2MEM-2MBF and Q2MEM-4MBF types Flash card.
ATA card	General name for Q2MEM-8MBA, Q2MEM-16MBA and Q2MEM-32MBA types ATA card.

#### Precautions for using the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) for the first time

(1) When using the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) for the first time, the user memories must be formatted using GX Developer. Refer to "6 ABOUT MEMORIES AND FILES HANDLED BY HIGH PERFORMANCE MODEL QCPU (Q MODE)" in the High Performance Model QCPU (Q Mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals). When using GX Developer for formatting, refer to the GX Developer manual.

#### Precautions for the battery

- (1) Operation after storing PLC without battery When starting the PLC operation after being stored with the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) battery removed, the user memories must be formatted using GX Developer. (Refer to Section 10.4.)
- (2) When battery has gone flat during storage of PLC When the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) battery has gone flat during storage of the PLC, the user memories must be formatted using GX Developer. (Refer to Section 10.5.)

## MEMO

#### **1 OVERVIEW**

This Manual describes the hardware specifications and handling methods of the High Performance model QCPU.

The Manual also describes those items related to the specifications of the power supply module, main base unit, extension base unit, extension cable, memory card and battery.

Functions are added when the High Performance model QCPU is updated. The added functions can be discriminated by the function version/serial number of the CPU module.

Table 1.1 gives the added functions and the corresponding GX Developer versions. When using the added function, confirm the function version/serial number and the GX Developer version.

Table 1.1 List of Functions Added to High Performance Model QCPU and Function Versions/Serial Numbers

	Update Details of	f High Performance Model QCPU	Corresponding
Function version	Serial No.	Added functions	GX Developer
A	"02092" or later	<ul> <li>Automatic write to standard ROM</li> <li>Enforced ON/OFF for external I/O</li> <li>Remote password setting</li> <li>Increased standard RAM capacity of Q12HCPU, Q25HCPU</li> <li>Compatibility with MELSECNET/H remote I/O network</li> <li>Interrupt module (QI60) compatibility</li> </ul>	Version 6 or later
		<ul> <li>Compatibility with the multiple CPU system</li> </ul>	Version 6 or later
	"03051" or later	<ul> <li>Installation of PC CPU module into the multiple CPU system</li> </ul>	Version 7 or later
В	"04012" or later	<ul> <li>High speed interrupt function</li> <li>Compatibility with index modification for module designation of dedicated instruction</li> <li>Selection of refresh item for COM instruction</li> <li>Extended life battery of SRAM card</li> <li>Compatibility with 2Mbyte SRAM card</li> <li>Increased standard RAM capacity of Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU</li> </ul>	Version 7.10L or later
	"04122" or later	<ul> <li>SFC program online batch change</li> <li>File memory capacity change</li> </ul>	Version 8 or later
	"05032" or later	<ul> <li>CC-Link remote network additional mode</li> <li>Incomplete derivative PID operation function</li> <li>Floating-point comparison instruction speedup</li> </ul>	Version 8.03D or later

#### POINT

- For the details of the added functions in Table 1.1, refer to the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals).
- (2) Refer to Section 2.3 for the serial No. and function version of the High Performance model QCPU.
- (3) Refer to Appendix 3.3 for details of compatible GX Developer in Table 1.1.

#### 1.1 Features

High Performance model QCPU has the following new features:

(1) Controllable multiple I/O points All High Performance model QCPUs support 4096 points (X/Y0 to FFF) as the number of actual I/O points capable of getting access to the I/O module installed on the base unit. They also support 8192 points max. (X/YO to 1FFF) as the number of I/O

devices which can be used in the remote I/O stations such as MELSECNET/H remote I/O NET, CC-Link data link and MELSECNET/MINI-S3 data link.

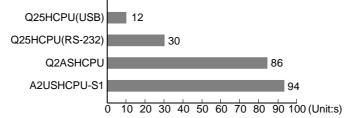
- (2) Lineup according to program capacity The optimum CPU module for the program capacity to be used can be selected. Q02CPU, Q02HCPU : 28k step Q06HCPU : 60k step Q12HCPU : 124k step Q25HCPU : 252k step
- (3) Realised high speed processing Depending on the type of the sequencer, high speed processing has been realized.(Example: when LD instruction is used) Q02CPU : 0.079μs Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU, Q25HCPU : 0.034μs

The newly developed base unit high-speed system bus has achieved faster access to an intelligent function module and link refresh with a network module. Access to the intelligent function module  $:20 \mu s /word$  (approx. 7 times)\*1 MELSECNET/H link refresh processing :4.6ms/8k word (approx. 4.3 times)\*1 \*1: Where Q02HCPU is compared with Q2ASHCPU-S1.

(4) Increase in debugging efficiency through high speed communication with GX Developer

In the High Performance model QCPU, a time required for writing/reading of a program or monitoring has been reduced through the high speed communication at a speed of 115.2kbps max. by the RS-232, and a communication time efficiency at the time of debugging has been increased. In the Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU, and Q25HCPU, a high speed communication at a speed of 12Mbps is allowed through the USB.

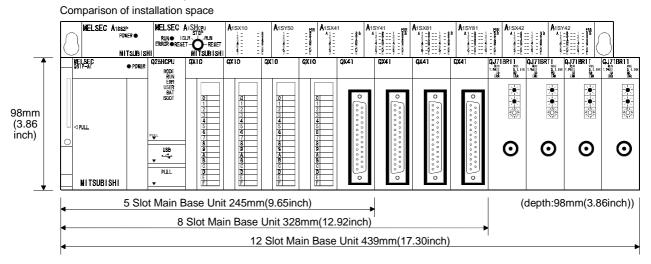
26k step program transfer time



(5) AnS series I/O module or special function module are available. For Q series, if an appropriate module is not available, the AnS series I/O module or special function module can also be used for the High Performance model QCPU through the use of the QA1S65B/QA1S68B extension base unit.

#### (6) Saved space by a reduction in size

The installation space for Q series has been reduced by approx. 60 % of the space for AnS series.



- (7) Connection of up to seven extension base units.
  - (a) The High Performance model QCPU can connect to seven extension base units (eight base units including the main) and accept up to 64 modules.
  - (b) The overall distance of the extension cables is up to 13.2m to ensure high degree of extension base unit arrangement.

#### (8) Memory extension by memory card

The High Performance model QCPU is provided with a memory card installation connector to which a memory card of 32 Mbyte max. can be connected (32 Mbyte is available when a ATA card is used).

When a memory card of large capacity is installed, a large capacity of file can be controlled, comments to all data devices can be set up, and the programs in the past can be stored in the memory as they are in the form of the corrected histories.

If a memory card is not installed, a program can be stored onto the standard ROM built in the CPU module, and file registers can be handled by the standard RAM.

#### REMARK

• The number of file registers that can be handled changes depending on the function version/serial number of the CPU module used.

	CPU Module Type	Number of File Registers
Q02CPU		32k points
Q02HCPU	First 5 digits of serial number are "04011" or earlier	32k points
Q06HCPU	First 5 digits of serial number are "04012" or later	64k points
Q12HCPU	First 5 digits of serial number are "02091" or earlier	32k points
Q25HCPU	First 5 digits of serial number are "02092" or later	128k points

Refer to Section 2.3 to confirm the function version and serial number of the High Performance model QCPU.

- (9) Data can be written automatically to standard ROM You need not use GX Developer to write parameters/programs on a memory card to the standard ROM of the High Performance model QCPU. When the standard ROM is used to perform ROM operation, you can load a memory card into the High Performance model QCPU and write parameters/programs on the memory card to the standard ROM. Hence, you need not carry GX Developer (personal computer) to rewrite the parameters/programs.
- (10) External I/O can be turned ON/OFF forcibly If the High Performance model QCPU is in the RUN mode, you can operate GX Developer to turn external inputs/outputs ON/OFF forcibly, independently of the program execution status. You need not put the High Performance model QCPU in the STOP mode to perform wiring/operation tests by forced ON/OFF of outputs.
- (11) Remote password can be set When access to an Ethernet module or serial communication module is made externally, whether access to the High Performance model QCPU can be made or not can be selected with a remote password.
- (12) Remote I/O network of MELSECNET/H can be configured You can load the remote master station of the MELSECNET/H to configure an MELSECNET/H remote I/O system.

#### REMARK

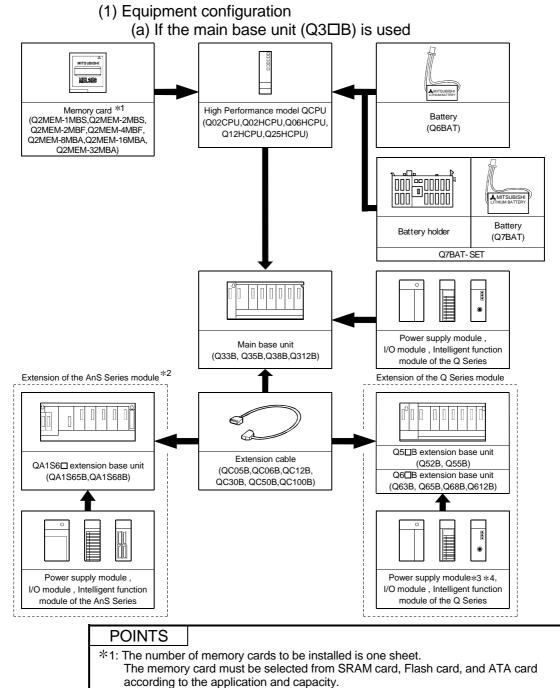
- Features (9) to (12) are functions added to the High Performance model QCPU whose serial number is "02092" or later in its upper 5 digits.
- The remote password facility can be executed when the Ethernet module or serial communication module of function version B and GX Developer Version 6 or later are used.
- In addition to the remote password, there are the following protection facilities for the High Performance model QCPU.
  - (a) Protection of the whole CPU module by making system protection settings of the High Performance model QCPU
  - (b) Protection of the memory card by setting the write protect switch of the memory card
  - (c) File-by-file protection using password
- The MELSECNET/H remote I/O network facility can be executed when the MELSECNET/H network module of function version B and GX Developer (Version 6 or later) are used.

#### 2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION FOR SINGLE CPU SYSTEM

This section describes the system configuration of the High Performance model QCPU, cautions on use of the system, and configured equipment.

#### 2.1 System Configuration

The outline of the equipment configuration, configuration with peripheral devices, and system configuration in the High Performance model QCPU system is described below.



With commercial memory cards, the Operation is not assured.

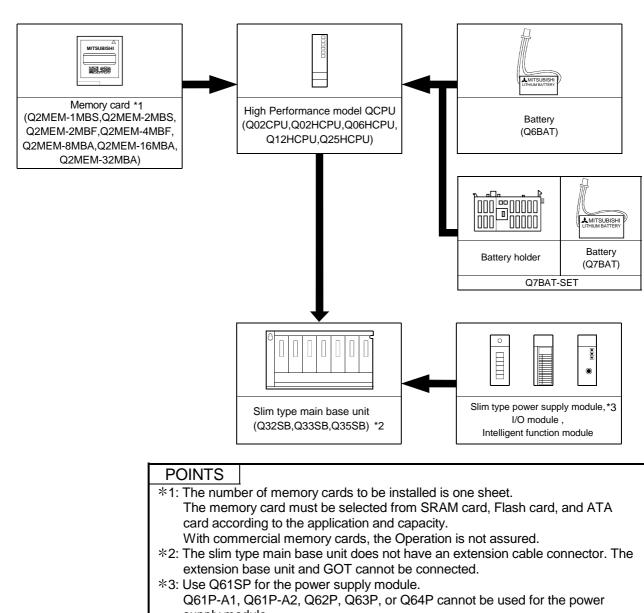
module, and special function module of the AnS series.

Q61SP cannot be used for the power supply module.

\*2: QA1S65B and QA1S68B extension base units are used for the power supply module, I/O

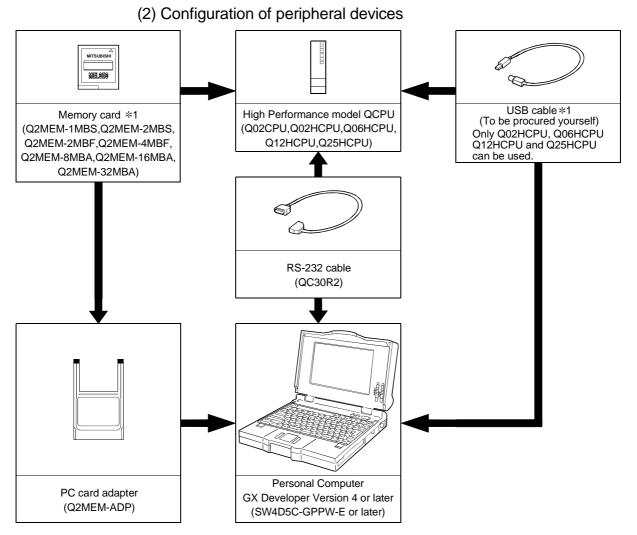
\*3: The Q series power supply module is not required for the Q5 B type extension base unit.

\*4: Use Q61P-A1, Q61P-A2, Q62P, Q63P, or Q64P for the power supply module.

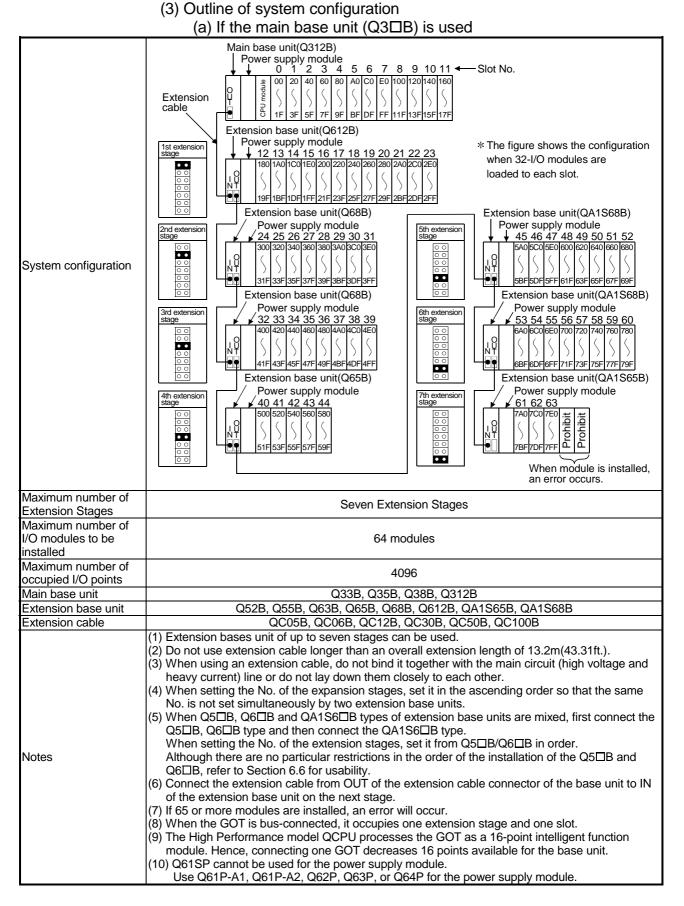


(b) If the slim type main base unit (Q3□SB) is used

supply module.



\*1: For how to write data to the memory card and the details of the USB cable, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.



	(b) If the slim type main base unit (Q3DSB) is used
System configuration	Slim type main base unit (Q35SB) 0 1 2 3 4 ← Slot No.
Maximum number of Extension Stages	No extension allowed
Maximum number of I/O modules to be installed	5 modules
Maximum number of occupied I/O points	4096
Main base unit	Q32SB, Q33SB, Q35SB
Extension base unit	Cannot be connected.
Extension cable	Cannot be connected.
Notes	<ol> <li>Q61P-A1, Q61P-A2, Q62P, Q63P, or Q64P cannot be used for the power supply module. Use Q61SP for the power supply module.</li> <li>The slim type main base unit does not have an extension cable connector. The extension base unit and GOT cannot be connected.</li> </ol>

#### (b) If the slim type main base unit (Q3□SB) is used

#### 2.2 Precaution on System Configuration

This section describes hardware and software packages compatible with QCPU.

#### (1) Hardware

(a) The number of modules to be installed and functions are limited depending on the type of the modules.

Applicable Module	Туре	Limit of number of modules to be installed
Q Series MELSECNET/H network module	• QJ71LP21 • QJ71BR11 • QJ71LP21-25 • QJ71LP21G • QJ71LP21GE	Up to 4 in total of inter-PLC network and remote I/O network modules
Q series Ethernet interface module	• QJ71E71 • QJ71E71-B2 • QJ71E71-100	Up to 4 units
Q series CC-Link system master local module	• QJ61BT11 • QJ61BT11N	No limit *1
MELSECNET/MINI-S3 data link module	• A1SJ71PT32-S3 • A1SJ71T32-S3	No limit (setting of automatic refresh function not allowed)
AnS series special function module shown on the right	• A1SD51S • A1SD21-S1 • A1SJ71J92-S3 (When GET/PUT service is used)	Total of 6 units
Interrupt module	• A1SI61 • QI60	One unit only

\*1: A maximum of 4 modules if the network parameters for CC-Link are set and controlled by the GX Developer. There is no restriction in the number of modules when the parameters are set by the special-purpose instructions for the CC-Link. For details on the CC-Link System Master Local Unit that can set parameters with the special-purpose instructions, refer to the user's manual for the CC-Link Master Local module.

- (b) When the AnS series special-function modules shown below are used, a limitation is given to an accessible device range.
  - A1SJ71J92-S3 type JEMANET interface module
  - A1SD51S type intelligent communication

Device	Accessible device range
Input (X), Output (Y)	X/Y0 to 7FF
Internal relay (M), Latch relay (L)	M0 to 8191
Link relay (B)	B0 to FFF
Timer (T)	T0 to 2047
Counter (C)	C0 to 1023
Data register (D)	D0 to 6143
Link register (W)	W0 to FFF
Annunciator (F)	F0 to 2047

(c) A graphic operation terminal can be used only for the GOT900 series (Basic OS matching Q mode and communication driver must be installed). The GOT800 series, A77GOT, and A64GOT cannot be used.

Module Name	Туре
MELSECNET/10 network	A1SJ71LP21, A1SJ71BR11, A1SJ71QLP21,
module	A1SJ71QLP21S, A1SJ71QLP21GE, A1SJ71QBR11
MELSECNET (II), /B data link module	A1SJ71AP21, A1SJ71AR21, A1SJ71AT21B
Ethernet interface module	A1SJ71QE71-B2-S3(-B5-S3), A1SJ71E71-B2-S3(-B5-S3)
Serial communication module, computer link module	A1SJ71QC24(N), A1SJ71UC24-R2(-R4/-PRF)
CC-Link master-local module	A1SJ61QBT11, A1SJ61BT11
Modem interface module	A1SJ71CMO-S3
ME-NET interface module	A1SJ71ME81

(d) The modules shown below cannot be used.

(e) A dedicated instruction for the next module which was present in the QnA/A series program instruction cannot be used for the High Performance model QCPU.

Re-writing using FROM/TO instruction is required.

Module Name	Туре
High speed counter module	A1SD61, A1SD62, A1SD62D(-S1), A1SD62E
MELSECNET/MINI-S3	A1SJ71PT32-S3, A1SJ71T32-S3
Positioning module	A1SD75P1-S3(P2-S3/P3-S3)
ID module	A1SJ71ID1-R4, A1SJ71ID2-R4

- (f) Some system configurations and functions are restricted when writing the parameter of the "High speed interrupt fixed scan interval" setting. Refer to the following manual for the restrictions when the parameter of the "High speed interrupt fixed scan interval" setting has been written.
  - High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual

(Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) Note that the above restrictions do not apply to the High Performance model QCPU of serial number "04011" or earlier since it ignores the "High speed interrupt fixed scan interval" setting.

#### (2) Software package

GX Developer that can use the functions added to the High Performance model QCPU changes depending on the function version/serial number of the CPU module.

Function Version	Serial Number	GX Developer
А	_	Version 4 (SW4D5C-GPPW-E) or later
	Functions added to "02092"	
В	—	Version 6 (SW6D5C-GPPW-E) or later
—	Functions added to "03052"	Version 7 (SW7D5C-GPPW-E) or later
_	Functions added to "04012"	Version 7.10L (SW7D5C-GPPW-E) or later
	Functions added to "04122"	Version 8 (SW8D5C-GPPW) or later
	Functions added to "05032"	Version 8.03D (SW8D5C-GPPW) or later

Refer to Section 2.3 to confirm the function version and serial number of the High Performance model QCPU.

#### 2.3 Confirming the Serial Number and Function Version

The CPU module serial No. can be confirmed on the rated plate and GX Developer's system monitor.

Confirming the serial No. on the rated plate
 The serial No. and function version can be confirmed on the rating plate.

MELSEC-Q	
MITSUBISHI	
SERIAL_05032_0000000000	Function version
CUL US LISTED	
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC MADE IN JAPAN	

(2) Confirming the serial No. on the system monitor (list of product information)

The CPU module serial No. and function version can be confirmed with the list of product information on the GX Developer (Version 6 or later) system monitor. Serial Nos. and function versions of the intelligent function module and CPU module can also be confirmed.

Slot	Туре	Series	Model name	Points	I/O No.	Control	Serial No	Ver 🔺
PLC 219	PLC	Q	QO2HCPU	-	-	-	021120000000000	В
0-0	Intelli.	Q	QJ71LP21-25	32pt	0000	-	020810000000000	В
0-1	-	-	None	-	-	-	-	-
)-2	-	-	None	-	-	-	-	-
0-3	-	-	None	-	-	-	-	-
0-4	-	-	None	-	-	-	-	-
								_
								•

#### **3 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specifications						
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 55°C						
Storage ambient temperature	-25 to 75°C *3						
Operating ambient humidity	5 to 95%RH *4, non-condensing						
Storage ambient humidity	5 to 95%RH *4, non-condensing						
Vibration resistance			Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep count	
	Conforming to JIS B 3502, IEC 61131-2	Under intermittent vibration Under continuous	10 to 57Hz		0.075mm (0.003inch)	10 times each in X, Y, Z directions (for 80 min.)	
			57 to 150Hz	9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>			
			10 to 57Hz		0.035mm (0.001inch)		
		vibration	57 to 150Hz	4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>			
Shock resistance	Conforming to JIS B 3502, IEC 61131-2 (147 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times in each of 3 directions X, Y, Z)						
Operating ambience	No corrosive gases						
Operating altitude	2000m (6562ft.) max.						
Installation location	Inside control panel						
Overvoltage category *1	II max.						
Pollution level *2		2 max.					

Performance specification of PLC is as follows:

- \*1 : This indicates the section of the power supply to which the equipment is assumed to be connected between the public electrical power distribution network and the machinery within premises. Category II applies to equipment for which electrical power is supplied from fixed facilities. The surge voltage withstand level for up to the rated voltage of 300 V is 2500 V.
- \*2 : This index indicates the degree to which conductive material is generated in terms of the environment in which the equipment is used.
   Pollution level 2 is when only non-conductive pollution occurs. A temporary conductivity caused by condensing must be expected occasionally.

\*3 : The storage ambient temperature is -20 to 75°C if the system includes the AnS series modules.

- \*4 : The operating ambient humidity and storage ambient humidity are 10 to 90%RH if the system includes the AnS series modules.
- \*5 : Do not use or store the PLC under pressure higher than the atmospheric pressure of altitude 0m. Doing so can cause a malfunction.

When using the PLC under pressure, please contact your sales representative.

# MEMO

# **4 HARDWARE SPECIFICATION OF THE CPU MODULE**

#### 4.1 Performance Specification

#### The table below shows the performance specifications of the CPU module. **Performance Specifications**

					Model				
	Item		Q02CPU	Q02HCPU	Q06HCPU	Q12HCPU	Q25HCPU	Remark	
Control method									
I/O control mode			·	Direct I/O is possible by direct I/O specification (DX□, DY□)					
Programming lang (Sequence control	-	d language)		ay symbol lan ELSAP3 (SFC Str					
Processing speed		LD X0	0.079 µ s		0.03	4µs			
(Sequence instruc	tion)	MOV D0 D1	0.237 µs		0.10	2µs			
Total number of in	structions		(excludin	g intelligent fu	381 nction module	e dedicated ins	structions)		
Constant scan (Function for settin settings)	g the sca	n timer to fixed	0.5 to	2000 ms (cor	nfigurable in in	crements of 0	0.5 ms)	Set parameter values to specify	
Program * 2 capacity	Program (Drive 0)	memory	28k	step	60k step	124k step	252k step		
	Program (Drive 0)	memory	112 kbyte		240 kbyte	496 kbyte	1008 kbyte		
	Memory (Drive 1)	card (RAM)	Cap	pacity of loadin	For memory capacity,				
Memory	Memory (Drive 2)	card (ROM)	(Flash	Installed card: 4 Mbyte	refer to Section 7.1.				
capacity	Standard (Drive 3)	RAM	64kbyte	128kb	yte *5	256kb	yte *3		
	Standard (Drive 4)	ROM	112	kbyte	240 kbyte	496 kbyte	1008 kbyte		
	CPU sha *4	red memory	8 kbyte						
	Program	memory	2	28	60	124	252 *1		
	Memory	card (RAM)							
	Memory	Flash card			—				
Maximum number of stored files	card (ROM)	ATA card	512						
	Standard	RAM	2				Only one file register and one local device		
Standard ROM			2	28	60	124	252		
Standard ROM number of writings				Ma	ax. 100000 tim	nes			
Number of I/O device points				Number of devices usable on program					
Number of occupied I/O points			4096 points (X/Y0 to FFF)					Number of points accesible to actual I/O modules	

\*1:124 is the maximum number of programs that can be executed on High Performance model QCPU.

\* 1.124 is the maximum number of programs that can be executed on high Performance model QCPU.
 \* 2: The maximum number of sequence steps that can be executed for one program by the High Performance model QCPU with the parameters stored in another drive is calculated with the following expression. (Program size) - (File header size (default: 34 steps)) Refer to the High Performance model QCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) for details on the program

size and file.

\*3: The memory capacity of the Q12HCPU or Q25HCPU whose first five digits of serial No. are "02091" or earlier is 64K bytes. (Refer to Section 2.3 for the way to confirm the serial No.)
 \*4: The CPU shared memory is not latched. The CPU shared memory is cleared when the power is turned on to the PLC or when the CPU

module is reset.

\*5:The memory capacity of the Q02HCPU or Q06HCPU whose first five digits of serial No. are "04011" or earlier is 64K bytes. (Refer to Section 2.3 for the way to confirm the serial No.)

Performance Specifications (c	continued)
-------------------------------	------------

		Model
	Item	Q02CPU Q02HCPU Q06HCPU Q12HCPU Q25HCPU Remark
Internal re	elay [M]	Default 8192 points (M0 to 8191)
Latch rela	ay [L]	Default 8192 points (L0 to 8191)
Link relay	/ [B]	Default 8192points (B0 to 1FFF)
Timer [T]	]	Default 2048 points (T0 to 2047) (for low / high speed timer) Select between low / high speed timer by instructions. The measurement unit of the low / high speed timer is set with parameters. (Low speed timer : 1 to 1000ms, 1ms/unit, default 100ms) (High speed timer : 0.1 to 100ms, 0.1ms/unit, default 10ms)
Retentive	e timer [ST]	Default 0 point (ST0 to 511) (for low / high speed retentive timer)         Switchover between the low / high speed retentive timer is set by instructions.         The measurement unit of the low /high speed retentive timer is set with parameters.         (Low speed retentive timer : 1 to 1000ms, 1ms/unit, default 100ms)         (High speed retentive timer : 0.1 to 100ms, 0.1ms/unit, default 10ms)
Counter [	[C]	Normal counter default 1024 points (C0 to 1023)     Interrupt counter maximum 256 points
		(default 0 point, set with parameters) Default 12288 points (D0 to 12287)
Data regis		Default 8192 points (W0 to 1FFF)
Link regis		Default 2048 points (F0 to 2047)
Annuncia		Default 2048 points (V0 to 2047)
<u>به</u> Edge rela	ay [V]	When a standard RAM is used:
File regist	[R] ter [ZR]	<ul> <li>When a Standard RAM is used: The number of points (R0 to 32767)</li> <li>When a SRAM card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1041408 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1041408 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1041408 points can be used by block conversion in increments of 32768 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1041408 points can be used by block conversion in increments of 32768 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1041408 points can be used by block conversion in increments of 32768 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (2Mbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1042432 points can be used by block conversion in increments of 32768 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (AMbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1042432 points can be used by block conversion in increments of 32768 points (R0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a Flash card (AMbyte) is used: The number of points of up to 1042432 points (ZR0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a StaMa card (IMbyte) is used: 32768 points (ZR0 to 32767).</li> <li>When a SRAM card (IMbyte) is used: 3517120 points (ZR0 to 517119) , No block conversion necessary.</li> <li>When a SRAM card (2Mbyte) is used: 1041408 points (ZR0 to 1041407), No block conversion necessary.</li> <li>When a Flash card (4Mbyte) is used: 1041408 points (ZR0 to 1041407), No block conversion necessary.</li> <li>When a Flash card (4Mbyte) is used: 1041408 points (ZR0 to 1041407), No block conversion necessary.</li> <li>When a Flash card (4Mbyte) is used: 1042432 points (ZR0 to 1042431), No block conversion necessary.</li> </ul>

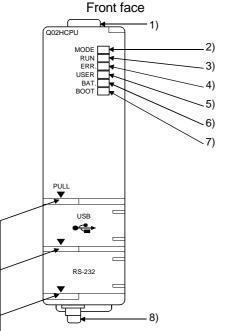
Performance Specifications	(continued)

	ltem			Damark						
			Q02CPU	Q02CPU Q02HCPU Q06HCPU Q12HCPU Q25HCPU				Remark		
	Link special relay [SB]									
	Link special register [SW]		2048	points (SW0 to	o 7FF)		-			
	Step relay [S] *6		8192	points (S0 to 8	3191)					
	Index register [Z]			16	points (Z0 to 2	15)				
ints	Pointer [P]		4096 points (		et parameter va		usable range			
Number of device points					ointer / shared			-		
evic					5 points (10 to 2	,		The number of device		
of d	Interrupt pointer [ I ]				ne system inter			points is fixed.		
Jber					eters.(0.5 to 10					
Nun			Default		129:40ms 13		: 10ms	-		
	Special relay [SM]				points (SM0 to			-		
	Special register [SD]			2048	points (SD0 to	2047)		-		
	Function input [FX]				oints (FX0 to F	,		-		
	Function output [FY]			16 p	oints (FY0 to F	) *7		-		
	Function register[FD]			5 points (FD0 to 4)						
			Device having							
l ink	direct device		MELSECNET							
<u> </u>			Specified form							
<u> </u>										
Intel	ligent function module device		Device having							
			function modu							
Late	h (power failure compensatior	) range								
Lato		i) rungo	(Latch	Set parameter values						
Rom	ote RUN/PAUSE contact		RUN and PAL	RUN and PAUSE contacts can be set from among X0 to 1FFF,						
Ken			respectively.							
			Year, month,	day, hour, min	ute, second, da	ay of the week				
		(leap year aut	omatic distinct	ion)						
Cloc	k function	Accuracy -3.1	8 to +5.25s (T	YP. +2.12s) /d	at 0°C					
			Accuracy -3.9	3 to +5.25s(TY	′P. +1.90s)/d a	t 25°C				
			Accuracy -14.							
Allowable momentary power failure period			Varie	es according to	the type of po	wer supply mo	dule.			
5VDC internal current consumption			0.60A	0.64A	0.64A	0.64A	0.64A			
			98mm (3.86inch)							
Exte	rnal dimensions	W	27.4mm (1.08inch)							
	D									
Weię	ght		0.20kg	0.20kg	0.20kg	0.20kg	0.20kg			

\*6: The step relays are devices for the SFC function.

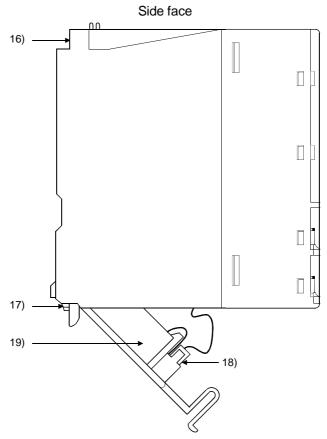
\*7: In a program, only FX0 to FX4 and FY0 to FY4 can be used.

# 4.2 Part Names and Settings



With front cover open MODE RUN ERR USER BAT. BOOT 9) \_13) 3 4 5 10) -STOP RUN 14) \_ 15) 11) \*1 12)

When opening the front cover, put your finger here.



This section explains the part names and settings of the module.

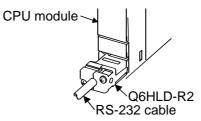
\*1: Not provided for Q02CPU.

No.	Name	Application
1)	Module fixing hook	Hook used to fix the module to the base unit. (Single-motion installation)
		Indicates the mode of the CPU module.
2)		ON (green) : Q mode
2)	"Mode" LED	ON (orange) : A mode
		Flicker (green) : Enforced ON/OFF for external I/O registered
		Indicates the operating status of the CPU module.
		ON : During operation with the RUN/STOP switch set to "RUN"
		OFF : During a stop with the RUN/STOP switch set to "STOP"
		Flicker : When parameter/program is written at STOP and RUN/STOP switch is
		changed from "STOP" to "RUN".
		To turn ON the RUN LED after writing the program, carry out the following
		steps.
		• Set the RUN/STOP switch from "RUN" $\rightarrow$ "STOP" $\rightarrow$ "RUN".
3)	"RUN" LED	<ul> <li>Reset with the RESET/L.CLR switch.</li> </ul>
		Restart the PLC power.
		To turn ON the RUN LED after writing the parameters, carry out the following
		steps.
		Reset with the RESET/L.CLR switch.
		Restart the PLC power.
		(If the RUN/STOP switch is set from "RUN" $\rightarrow$ "STOP" $\rightarrow$ "RUN" after
		changing the parameters, the parameters related to the intelligent function module, such as the network parameters, will not be reflected.)
		ON : Detection of self-diagnosis error which will not stop operation, except battery
		error.
		When operation continued at error detection is set in the parameter setting.
4)	"ERR." LED	OFF : Normal
.,		Flicker : Detection of error whose occurrence stops operation.
		When automatic write to standard ROM is completed normally. ("BOOT" LED
		also flickers.)
1		ON : Error detected by CHK instruction or annunciator ON
5)	"USER" LED	OFF : Normal
		Flicker : Execution of latch clear
		ON : Occurrence of battery error due to reduction in battery voltages of CPU module
6)	"BAT." LED	or memory card.
		OFF : Normal
		ON : Start of boot operation
7)	"BOOT" LED	OFF : Non-execution of boot operation
()		Flicker : When automatic write to standard ROM is completed normally. ("ERR." LED
		also flickers.)
8)	Module loading lever	Used to load the module to the base unit.

No.	Name	Application						
9)	Memory card EJECT button	Used to eject the memory card from the CPU module.						
10)	Memory card loading connector	Connector used to load the memory card to the CPU module.						
11)	USB connector *1	Connector for connection with USB-compatible peripheral device. (Connector type B) Can be connected by USB-dedicated cable. Not available for Q02CPU.						
12)	RS-232 connector *1	Connector for RS-232 connection Can be connected by RS-232 connection cable (QC30R2).						
13)	DIP switches	Used to set the items for operation of the CPU module. For system protection and parameter-valid drive functions, refer to the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals). SW1 : Used to set system protection. Batch-inhibits write and control directives to the CPU module. (Shipped in OFF position) OFF : No protection ON : Protection SW2, SW3: Used to specify parameter-valid drive. (Both SW2 and SW3 are shipped in OFF position) SW2 SW3 Parameter Drive OFF OFF Program memory (Drive 0) ON OFF SRAM card (Drive 1) OFF ON Flash card/ATA card (Drive 2) ON ON Standard ROM (Drive 4) Note: Parameters cannot be stored in standard RAM (Drive 3). SW4 : Must not be used. Normally OFF. (Shipped in OFF position)						
14)	RUN/STOP switch	SW5 : Must not be used. Normally OFF. (Shipped in OFF position)         RUN : Executes sequence program operation.         STOP : Stops sequence program operation.						
15)	RESET/L.CLR switch	<ul> <li>RESET : Used to perform hardware reset, operation fault rest, operation initialization, etc.</li> <li>If this switch is left in the RESET position, the whole system will be reset and the system will not operate properly.</li> <li>After performing reset, always return this switch to the neutral position.</li> <li>L.CLR : Used to turn "OFF" or "zero" all data in the parameter-set latch area.</li> <li>Used to clear the sampling trace and status latch registration.</li> </ul>						
16)	Module fixing screw hole	Hole for the screw used to fix to the base unit. (M3 $\times$ 12 screw)						
1 1	Module fixing latch	Hook used to fix to the base unit. ( $MS \times 12$ screw)						
	Battery connector pin	For connection of battery lead wires. (When shipped from the factory, the lead wires are disconnected from the connector to prevent the battery from consuming.)						
19)	Battery	Backup battery for use of program memory, standard RAM and power failure compensation function.						

\*1 : When normally connecting a cable to the USB connector or RS-232 connector, clamp the cable to prevent it from coming off due to the dangling, moving or carelessly pulling of the cable.

Q6HLD-R2 type RS-232 Connector Disconnection Prevention Holder is available as a clamp for RS-232 connector.



#### 4.3 Switch Operation After Writing in Program

(a)

This section explains the switch operation to be performed after a program is written using GX Developer.

- (1) When program was written with CPU module in "STOP" status \*1
  - To set to RUN status with device memory data cleared
  - Move the RESET/L.CLR switch to the RESET position once and return it to the original center position.
  - Set the RUN/STOP switch to the RUN position.
  - The CPU module is placed in the RUN status (RUN LED: Turns on).
  - (b) To set to RUN status with device memory data not cleared (held)
    - Set the RUN/STOP switch to the RUN position.
      - The RUN LED flickers.
      - Set the RUN/STOP switch to the STOP position.
      - Set the RUN/STOP switch to the RUN position again.
      - The CPU module is placed in the RUN status (RUN LED: Turns on).
- (2) When a program is written while CPU module is running (online change) \*2

The RUN/STOP switch and RESET/L.CLR switch of the CPU module need not be operated.

At this time, the device memory data are not cleared.

#### POINT

- (1) Before writing a program to the CPU module, perform the following operation.
  - Set the system protect setting switch SW1 of the CPU module to OFF (not protected).
  - Cancel the registered password on GX Developer.
  - (For details, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual.)
- (2) \*1: When a program was written to the program memory during boot operation, also write the program to the boot source memory.If the program is not written to the boot source memory, the old program will be executed at the next boot operation.
- (3) \*2: When online change is performed in the ladder mode, the program changed online is written to the program memory.
   When performing boot operation, also write the program to the boot source memory after online change. If the program is not written to the boot source memory, the old program will be executed at the next boot operation.
   (For details of boot operation, refer to the High Performance Model QCPU (Q Mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)).
- (4) When the CPU module is placed in the STOP status by the remote STOP operation of GX Developer, it is put in the RUN status by the remote RUN operation of GX Developer after program write. In that case, the RUN/STOP switch and RESET/L.CLR switch of the CPU module need not be operated.

#### 4.4 Latch Clear Operation

To perform latch clear, operate the RESET/L.CLR switch in the following procedure. 1) RUN/STOP switch : STOP
2) RESET/L.CLR switch : Move the switch to L.CLR several times until the USER LED flickers. "USER" LED: Flicker Ready for latch clear.
<ul> <li>3) RESET/L.CLR switch : Move the switch to L.CLR once more.</li> <li>"USER" LED: OFF Latch clear complete.</li> </ul>
POINTS
(1) The ineffective range for latch clear can be set for each device by the device
setting parameter.
(2) In addition to the way of using the RESET/L.CLR switch for latch clear, remote
latch clear may be performed from GX Developer.
For details of the remote latch clear operation using GX Developer, refer to the
High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function

4.5 Executing Automatic Write to Standard ROM.

- (1) Order of execution for automatic write to standard ROM Automatic write to the standard ROM is carried out with the following procedures.
  - (a) Operation with GX Developer (setting automatic write to standard ROM)
    - Check the "Auto Download all Data from Memory card to Standard ROM" item in the PLC parameter boot file setting. Set the parameter and program to be booted at the "Boot file setting" section.

(Set the "Transfer from" to "Standard ROM".)

Explanation, Program Fundamentals).

Qn(H) Parameter								X	]	
Boot option	ogram		-	RAS Device	Program Boot file (015K step)	SFI	C 1/O assignme	ent		Check "Auto Download all Data from Memory card to Standard ROM ".
Boot file setting	wnloa	d all Data fro Type Parameter	m Mı	emory card to St. Data name PARAM	andard ROM <b>*</b> Transfer from Standard ROM	•	Transfer to Program memory		$\left  \right $	<ul> <li>Set the "Transfer from" to "Standard ROM".</li> </ul>
MAIN1	5	Sequence Sequence		MAIN MAIN1	Standard ROM Standard ROM		Program memory Program memory			
Acknowledge XY	assigr	ment Mult	▼ iple F	Insert PLC settings	Delete Default Check	• 	End Can	▼ icel		

2) Store the set parameters and programs to be booted in the memory card.

- (b) Operations with CPU module (automatic write to standard ROM)
  - 1) Switch OFF the power supply to the PLC.
  - 2) Mount the memory card that contains the parameters and programs to be booted onto the CPU module.
  - 3) Set the parameter's valid drive in the mounted memory card with the CPU module's dip switches.
    - When a SRAM card is mounted: SW2 : ON, SW3 : OFF
    - $\bullet$  When a Flash card/ATA card is mounted: SW2 : OFF, SW3 : ON
  - 4) Switch on the power supply to the PLC.
  - 5) "BOOT" LED will flicker when automatic write to standard ROM has been completed, and the CPU module will assume a suspension error status.
  - 6) Switch OFF the power supply to the PLC.
  - 7) Remove the memory card, and then set the parameter's valid drive in the standard ROM with the CPU module's dip switches.
    - Standard ROM: SW2 : ON, SW3 : ON
- (c) The parameters and programs will be booted from the standard ROM to the program memory when the PLC is switched on to enable actual operations.

# **5 POWER SUPPLY MODULE**

## 5.1 Specification

## 5.1.1 Power supply module specifications

This section gives the specifications of the power supply modules.

Item		Performance Specifications           Q61P-A1         Q61P-A2         Q62P         Q63P								
		Q61P-A1	Q63P							
	ng position	Power supply module loading slot								
Applicable	base unit	Q3□B, Q6□B								
Input powe	er supply	100 to 120VAC +10% -15%	200 to 240VAC +10% -15%	100 to 240VAC +10% -15%	24VDC +30% -35%					
		(85 to 132VAC)	(170 to 264VAC)	(85 to 264VAC)	(15.6 to 31.2VDC)					
Input frequ		14/:41	50/60Hz ±5% nin 5% (refer to section 5	1.2						
	ge distortion factor	VVItr								
	apparent power		105VA		4514/					
Max. input					45W					
Inrush curr			20A within 8ms		100A within 1ms					
Rated outp		6	A	3A	6A					
current	24VDC			0.6A						
	utput voltage			24VDC ±10%						
Overcurrer		6.6A c	or more	3.3A or more	6.6A or more					
protection >				0.66A or more						
Overvoltag			5.5 to	6.5V						
protection >	*2 24VDC				T					
Efficiency		70% o	or more	65% or more	70% or more Within 10ms					
	momentary power failure		Within 20ms							
period * 3			(at 24VDC input)							
Dielectric v	vithstand voltage	Across inputs/LG and o 2830VAC rms/3 cycles	500VAC across primary and 5VDC							
		Across inputs and output	10MΩ or more by							
Insulation r	resistance	LG/FG, across outputs a resistance tester	insulation resistance tester							
Noise dura	bility	<ul> <li>By noise simulator of 1 to 60Hz noise frequence</li> <li>Noise voltage IEC6100</li> </ul>	By noise simulator of 500Vp-p noise voltag 1 $\mu$ s noise width and 25 to 60Hz noise frequency							
Operation i	indication		LED indication (lit at 5VDC output)							
Fuse		Built-in (Unchangeable by user)								
	Application	ERR contact (contact switched off (opened: normally closed contact) at an error stop of CPU module), for CPU module operating status output								
	Rated switching voltage, current	24VDC, 0.5A								
Contact	Minimum switching load									
Response time		5VDC, 1mA OFF to ON: 10ms max. ON to OFF: 12ms max.								
section	Life	Mechanical : More than 20 million times Electrical : More than 100 thousand times at rated switching voltage, current								
	Surge suppressor									
	Fuse									
Terminal s		No M3.5 × 7								
Applicable wire size		0.75 to 2mm <sup>2</sup>								
	solderless terminal	RAV1.25 to 3.5, RAV2 to 3.5								
		66 to 89N•cm								
Applicable tightening torque		98mm (3.86inch)								
External	10/									
dimensions	s D	55.2mm (2.33inch) 90mm (3.55inch)								
Woight		0.0			0.2264					
Weight		0.31kg 0.39kg 0.33kg								

ltem		Performance Specifications						
		Q64P						
Base loadi	ing position	Power supply module loading slot						
Applicable	base unit	Q3□B, Q6□B						
Input powe	er supply	100 to 120VAC/200 to 240VAC +10% -15%						
		(85V to 132VAC/170 to 264VAC)						
Input frequ	iency	50/60Hz ±5%						
Input volta	ge distortion factor	Within 5% (refer to section 5.1.3)						
Max. input	apparent power	160VA						
Inrush curi	rent	20A within 8ms						
Rated outp	out 5VDC	8.5A						
current	24VDC							
Overcurrer	nt 5VDC	9.9A or more						
protection*	*1 24VDC							
Overvoltac		5.5 to 6.5V						
protection*								
Efficiency		70% or more						
	momentary power failure							
period*3	momoniary power railare	Within 20ms						
	withstand voltage	Across inputs/LG and outputs/FG						
Dicicculte	withstand voltage	2830VAC rms/3 cycles (2000 m (6562 ft.))						
Insulation	resistance	Across inputs and outputs (LG and FG separated), across inputs and LG/FG, across outputs and FG/LG $10M\Omega$ or more by insulation resistance tester						
Noise dura	ability	• By noise simulator of 1500Vp-p noise voltage, 1 μ s noise width and 25 to 60Hz noise frequency						
Oneration	indiantian	Noise voltage IEC61000-4-4, 2kV						
Operation	Indication	LED indication (lit at 5VDC output)						
Fuse	Application	Built-in (Unchangeable by user)           ERR contact (contact switched off (opened: normally closed contact) at an error stop of CP module), for CPU module operating status output						
	Rated switching voltage, current	24VDC, 0.5A						
Contact	Minimum switching load	5VDC, 1mA						
output	Response time	OFF to ON: 10ms max. ON to OFF: 12ms max.						
section	Life	Mechanical : More than 20 million times Electrical : More than 100 thousand times at rated switching voltage, current						
	Surge suppressor	No						
	Fuse	No						
		M3.5 screw						
Terminal screw size		0.75 to 2mm <sup>2</sup>						
Applicable wire size								
Applicable solderless terminal Applicable tightening torque		RAV1.25 to 3.5, RAV2 to 3.5						
лирисаріе		66 to 89N•cm						
External	H	98mm (3.86inch)						
dimension	s W	55.2mm (2.33inch)						
	D	115mm (4.53inch)						
Weight		0.40kg						

Item		Performance Specifications Q61SP			
Base loading position		Slim type power supply module loading slot			
Applicable base unit		Q3□SB			
Input powe	er supply	100 to 240VAC -15%			
mparpone		(85 to 264VAC)			
Input frequ	iencv	50/60Hz ±5%			
	ge distortion factor	Within 5% (refer to section 4.3.1)			
	apparent power	40VA			
Inrush curi		20A within 8ms			
Rated outp	out 5VDC	2A			
current	24VDC				
Overcurrer	nt 5VDC	2.2A or more			
protection*	1 24VDC				
Overvoltag	je 5VDC	5.5 to 6.5V			
protection*	2 24VDC				
Efficiency		70% or more			
Allowable period*3	momentary power failure	Within 20ms (AC100VAC or more)			
Dielectric withstand voltage		Across inputs/LG and outputs/FG 2830VAC rms/3 cycles (2000 m (6562 ft.))			
Insulation	resistance	Across inputs and outputs (LG and FG separated), across inputs and LG/FG, across outputs and FG/LG 10MΩ or more by insulation resistance tester			
Noise dura	ability	<ul> <li>By noise simulator of 1500Vp-p noise voltage, 1 μs noise width and 25 to 60Hz noise frequency</li> <li>Noise voltage IEC61000-4-4, 2kV</li> </ul>			
Operation	indication	LED indication (lit at 5VDC output)			
Fuse		Built-in (Unchangeable by user)			
	Application	ERR contact (contact switched off (opened: normally closed contact) at an error stop of CF module), for CPU module operating status output			
	Rated switching voltage, current	24VDC, 0.5A			
Contact	Minimum switching load	5VDC, 1mA			
output	Response time	OFF to ON: 10ms max. ON to OFF: 12ms max.			
section	Life	Mechanical : More than 20 million times Electrical : More than 100 thousand times at rated switching voltage, current			
	Surge suppressor	No			
	Fuse	No			
Terminal screw size		M3.5 screw			
Applicable wire size		0.75 to 2mm <sup>2</sup>			
Applicable solderless terminal		RAV1.25 to 3.5, RAV2 to 3.5			
Applicable tightening torque		66 to 89N•cm			
Н		98mm (3.86inch)			
External	W	27.4mm (1.08inch)			
dimension	s D	104mm (4.09inch)			
Weight		0.18kg			

literes			Performance Specifications				
Item		A1S61PN	A1S62PN	A1S63P			
Base loading position		Power supply module loading slot					
Applicable base u			QA1S65B, QA1S68B				
		100 to 240VA	C +10%	24VDC +30% -35%			
Input power supp	ly	(85 to 26		-35% (15.6 to 31.2VDC)			
Input frequency		50/60H	/				
Input voltage dist	ortion factor		Within 5%				
Max. input appare	ent power	105	VΑ				
Max. input power			_	41W			
Inrush current		20A with	nin 8ms	81A within 1ms			
Rated output	5VDC	5A	3A	5A			
current	24VDC		0.6A				
Overcurrent	5VDC	5.5A or more	3.3A or more	5.5A or more			
protection * 1	24VDC		0.66A or more				
Overvoltage	5VDC		5.5 to 6.5V				
protection * 2	24VDC						
Efficiency		65% or more					
Allowable momer	ntary power failure	Within 20ms		Within 10ms			
period * 3				(at 24VDC input)			
Dielectric withstar	nd voltage	Across inputs/LG and outputs/FG		500VAC across primary and			
	la voltage	2830VAC rms/3 cycles (2000 m (6562 ft.))		5VDC			
		Across inputs and outputs (LG and FG separated), across inputs		5M $\Omega$ or more by insulation			
Insulation resista	nce	and LG/FG, across outputs and FG/LG 10M $\!\Omega$ or more by insulation resistance tester		resistance tester			
		• By noise simulator of 1500Vp-p noise voltage, 1 $\mu$ s noise width		By noise simulator of 500Vp-p			
Noise durability		and 25 to 60Hz noise frequency	/	noise voltage, 1 $\mu$ s noise width and 25 to 60Hz noise			
		• Noise voltage IEC61000-4-4, 24	κV	frequency			
Operation indicati	on	1	_ED indication (lit at 5VDC output				
Fuse		<b>_</b>	Built-in (Unchangeable by user)	/			
Contact output se	ection	No					
Terminal screw s		M3.5 × 7					
Applicable wire size		0.75 to 2mm <sup>2</sup>					
Applicable solderless terminal		RAV1.25 to 3.5, RAV2 to 3.5					
Applicable tightening torque		66 to 89N•cm					
	H		130mm (5.12inch)				
External	W		55mm (2.17inch)				
dimensions	D						
Weight		0.6	93.6mm (3.69inch) 60kg	0.50kg			

Power Supply Module Specifications (Continued)

## POINTS

*1	: Overcurrent p	protection
----	-----------------	------------

The overcurrent protection device shuts off the 5 V, 24 VDC circuit and stops the system if the current flowing in the circuit exceeds the specified value. The LED of the power supply module is unlit or lit dimly upon a voltage drop. If this device is activated, switch the input power supply off and eliminate the cause such as insufficient current capacity or short. Then, a few minutes later, switch it on to restart the system.

The initial start for the system takes place when the current value becomes normal.

\*2: Overvoltage protection

The overvoltage protection device shuts off the 5 VDC circuit and stops the system if a voltage of 5.5 VDC is applied to the circuit. When this device is activated, the power supply module LED is switched OFF. If this happens, switch the input power OFF, then a few minutes later ON. This causes the initial start for the system to take place. The power supply module must be changed if the system is not booted and the LED remains OFF.

- \*3 : Allowable momentary power failure period
  - (1) For AC input power supply
    - An instantaneous power failure lasting less than 20ms will cause AC down to be detected, but operation will continue.
    - An instantaneous power failure lasting in excess of 20ms may cause the operation to continue or initial start to take place depending on the power supply load.

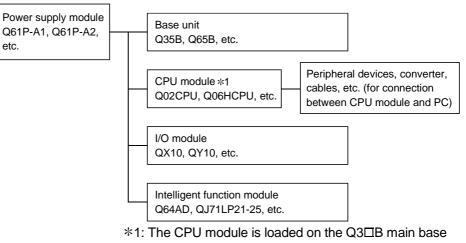
However, if only the AC input module (QX10, etc.) is connected to the AC line, which is connected to the power supply, detection of the AC down for the power supply module may be delayed by the capacitor in the AC input module (QX10, etc.). Thus, connect a load of approx. 30mA per AC input module (QX10, etc.) to the AC line.

- (2) For DC input power supply
  - An instantaneous power failure lasting less than 10ms (\*4) will cause 24VDC down to be detected, but operation will continue.
  - An instantaneous power failure lasting in excess of 10ms (\*4) may cause the operation to continue or initial start to take place depending on the power supply load.
    - (\*4: This is for a 24VDC input. This is 10ms or less for 24VDC or less.)

#### 5.1.2 Selecting the power supply module

The power supply module is selected according to the total of current consumption of the base units, I/O modules, intelligent function module, special function module, and peripheral devices supplied by its power supply module. For the internal current consumption of 5 VDC of the base unit, refer to Chapter 6. For the internal current consumption of 5 VDC of the I/O modules, intelligent function module, special function module, and peripheral devices, refer to the Manuals of their respective modules. For the devices obtained by a user, see the manual for the respective device.

(1) When the base unit is of  $Q3\Box B$  or  $Q6\Box B$ :



unit.

(a) Selection of power supply module for use of Q52B or Q55B extension base unit

Using the Q52B or Q55B supplies 5VDC power from the power supply module of the main base unit through the extension cable.

Therefore, note the following when using the Q52B or Q55B.

1) The power supply module to be loaded on the main base unit should be selected to cover also the 5VDC used on the Q52B or Q55B.

For example, either of the following power supply modules must be mounted on the main base unit, when the current consumption on the main base unit is 3A and that on the Q52B or Q55B is 1A.

5VDC Rated output current	Туре		
6A	Q61P-A1, Q61P-A2, Q63P		
8.5A	Q64P		

2) Since 5VDC is supplied to the Q52B or Q55B through the extension cable, a voltage drop occurs at the extension cable.You must select the power supply module and extension cable length to

ensure that the "IN" connector voltage of the Q52B or Q55B is 4.75VDC or more.

For details of a voltage drop, refer to Section 6.6.

(b) Ideas for reducing voltage drops

The following methods are effective to reduce voltage drops at the extension cables.

1) Changing the module loading positions

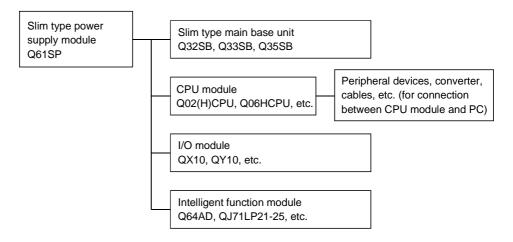
Load large current consumption modules on the main base unit.

Load small current consumption modules on the extension base unit.

 Using short extension cables
 The shorter the extension cable is, the smaller the resistance and voltage drops are.

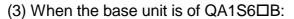
Use the shortest possible extension cables.

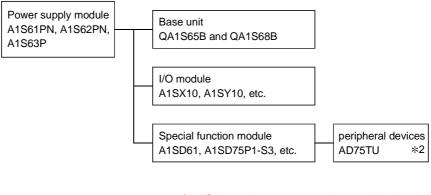
(2) When the base unit is of Q3 B:



To use the slim type main base unit and slim type power supply module, pay attention to the capacity of the 5VDC power supply.

5VDC Rated output current	Туре
2.0A	Q61SP





<sup>\*2:</sup> Select the power supply module also in consideration of the current consumption of the peripheral devices connected to the special function module.
For example, when the AD75TU is connected to the A1SD75P1-S3, the current consumption of the AD75TU must also be taken into account.

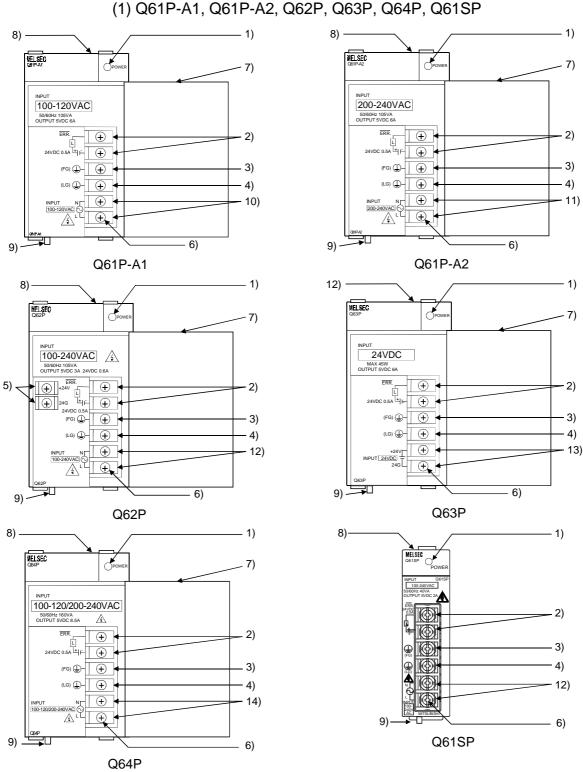
#### 5.1.3 Precaution when connecting the uninterruptive power supply

Be sure of the following terms when connecting the High Performance model QCPU system to the uninterruptive power supply (abbreviated as UPS hereafter):

Use a UPS which employs the constant inverter power supply method with 5 % or less voltage fluctuation.

Do not use a UPS with the constant commercial power supply method.

## 5.2 Names of Parts and Settings



The names of the parts of each power supply module are described below.

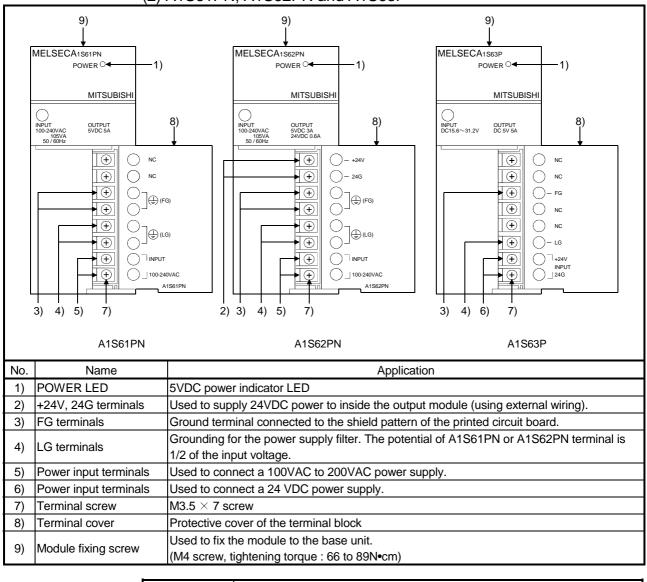
No.	Name	Application
1)	POWER LED	5VDC power indicator LED
		1) Turned ON when the whole system operates normally.
		2) Turned OFF (opened) when a stop error occurs in the CPU module.
2)	ERR terminals	3) In a multiple CPU system configuration, turned OFF when a stop error occurs in
		any of the CPU modules.
		Normally off when loaded in an extension base unit.
3)	FG terminal	Ground terminal connected to the shield pattern of the printed circuit board.
4)	LG terminal	Grounding for the power supply filter. The potential of Q61P-A1, Q61P-A2, Q62P,
4)		Q64P and Q61SP terminal is 1/2 of the input voltage
5)	+24V, 24G terminals	Used to supply 24VDC power to inside the output module (using external wiring).
6)	Terminal screw	M3.5 × 7 screw
7)	Terminal cover	Protective cover of the terminal block
0)	Modulo fiving corow hole	Used to fix the module to the base unit. M3 × 12 screw (user-prepared)
8)	Module fixing screw hole	(Tightening torque : 36 to 48N•cm)
9)	Module loading lever	Used to load the module into the base unit.
10)	Power input terminals	Used to connect a 100VAC power supply.
11)	Power input terminals	Used to connect a 200VAC power supply.
12)	Power input terminals	Used to connect a 100VAC to 200VAC power supply.
13)	Power input terminals	Used to connect a 24VAC power supply.
14)	Power input terminals	Used to connect a 100VAC/200VAC power supply.

P	OINTS						
(1)	(1) The Q61P-A1 is dedicated for inputting a voltage of 100 VAC.						
_	Do not inpu	ut a vo	oltage of 200 VAC into it or troub	ble may occur on the Q61P-A1.			
	Power		Supply pov	wer voltage			
	module ty	/pe	100VAC	200VAC			
	Q61P-A1		Operates normally.	Power supply module causes trouble.			
	Q61P-A2		Power supply module does not cause trouble. CPU module cannot be operated.	Operates normally.			

(2) Q64P automatically switches the input range 100/200VAC.

Therefore, it is not compatible with the intermediate voltage (133 to 169VAC). The CPU module may not work normally if the above intermediate voltage is applied.

(3) Ensure that the earth terminals LG and FG are grounded.



#### (2) A1S61PN, A1S62PN and A1S63P

POINTS

(1) Do not wire to those terminals for which NC is stamped on the terminal block.
(2) Ensure that the earth terminals LG and FG are grounded.

# 6 BASE UNIT AND EXTENSION CABLE

This section describes the specifications of the extension cables for the base units (main, slim type and extension base unit) used in the PLC system and the specification standards of the extension base unit.

#### 6.1 Base Unit Specification Table

(1) Main base unit specifications
-----------------------------------

Type Item		Q33B	Q33B Q35B Q38B		Q312B	
Number of I/O modules		3	3 5		12	
Possibility of ext	ension		Exten	dable		
Applicable modu	ule		Q series	modules		
5 VDC internal of consumption	current	0.105A	0.110A	0.114A	0.121A	
Mounting hole s	ize	M4 screw hole or $\phi$ 4.5 hole (for M4 screw)				
	н	98mm (3.86inch)				
External dimensions	W	189mm (7.44inch)	245mm (9.65inch)	328mm (12.92inch)	439mm (17.30inch)	
aintenere	D	44.1mm (1.74inch)				
Weight		0.21kg	0.25 kg	0.35 kg	0.45 kg	
Attachment		Mounting screw M4×14 4 pieces (DIN rail mounting adapter to be sold separately)				
DIN rail mounting Adapter type		Q6DIN3	Q6DIN2	Q6DIN1		

## (2) Slim type main base unit specifications

Item	Туре	Q32SB	Q33SB	Q35SB		
Number of I/O modules installed		2	3	5		
Possibility of ex	tension	C	annot connect extension module	S.		
Applicable mod	ule		Q series modules			
5 VDC internal current consumption		0.086A	0.086A	0.091A		
Mounting hole s	size	M4 screw hole or $\phi$ 4.5 hole (for M4 screw)				
	Н		98mm (3.86inch)			
External dimensions	W	114mm (4.49inch)	114mm (4.49inch) 142mm (5.59inch)			
	D	18.5mm (0.73inch)				
Weight		0.12kg	0.15 kg	0.21 kg		
Attachment		Mounting screw M4 $\times$ 12 4 pieces (DIN rail mounting adapter to be sold separately)				
DIN rail mounting Adapter type			Q6DIN3			

# (3) Extension base unit specifications (Type not requiring power supply module)

Type Item		Q52B	Q55B	
Number of I/O modules installed		2	5	
Possibility of ext	tension	Exten	dable	
Applicable mode	ule	Q series	modules	
5 VDC internal current consumption		0.080A	0.100A	
Mounting hole s	ize	M4 screw hole or $\phi$ 4.5 hole (for M4 screw)		
	Н	98mm (3	.86inch)	
External dimensions	W	106mm (4.17inch)	189mm (7.44inch)	
aimensions	D	44.1mm (	1.74inch)	
Weight		0.14kg	0.23kg	
Attachment		Mounting screw M4 $ imes$ 14 4 pieces (DIN rail mounting adapter to be sold separately)		
DIN rail mountin Adapter type	ıg	Q6D	IN3	

(4) Extension base unit specifications (Power supply loaded type)

Item	Туре	Q63B	Q65B	Q68B	Q612B	QA1S65B	QA1S68B	
Number of I/O modules installed		3	5	8	12	5	8	
Possibility of extension			Extendable					
Applicable mo	dule		Q series	modules		AnS serie	s modules	
5 VDC internation	current	0.105A	0.110A	0.114A	0.121A	0.117A	0.118A	
Mounting hole	Mounting hole size		M4 screw hole or $\phi$ 4.5 hole (for M4 screw)				M5 screw hole or $\phi$ 5.5 hole (for M5 screw)	
	Н		98mm (3	130mm (	5.12inch)			
External dimensions	W	189mm (7.44inch)	245mm (9.65inch)	328mm (12.92inch)	439mm (17.30inch)	315mm (12.41inch)	420mm (16.55inch)	
	D		44.1mm (1.74inch)				51.2mm (2.02inch)	
Weight		0.23kg	0.25 kg	0.35 kg	0.45 kg	0.75 kg	1.00 kg	
Attachment			Mounting screw M4 $\times$ 14 , 4 pieces (DIN rail mounting adapter sold separately)			Mounting screw M5×25 4 pieces		
DIN rail mounting Adapter type		Q6DIN3	Q6DIN2	Q6E	••			

#### 6.2 Extension Cable Specification Table

The list below shows the specifications of the extension cables which can be used for the High Performance model QCPU system.

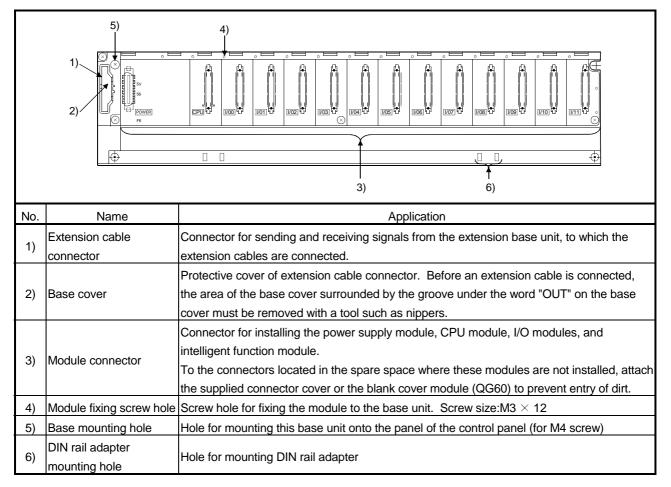
Type Item	QC05B	QC06B	QC12B	QC30B	QC50B	QC100B
Cable length	0.45m (1.48ft.)	0.6m (1.97ft.)	1.2m (3.93ft.)	3.0m (9.84ft.)	5.0m (16.39ft.)	10.0m (32.79ft.)
Application	Connection acro	ss the main base	e unit and extens	ion base unit or a	across the extens	sion base units.
Weight	0.15 kg	0.16 kg	0.22 kg	0.40 kg	0.60 kg	1.11 kg

POINT When the extension cables are used in combination, limit the overall distance of the combined cable to 13.2 m(43.28 ft.).

#### 6.3 Parts Names of Base Unit

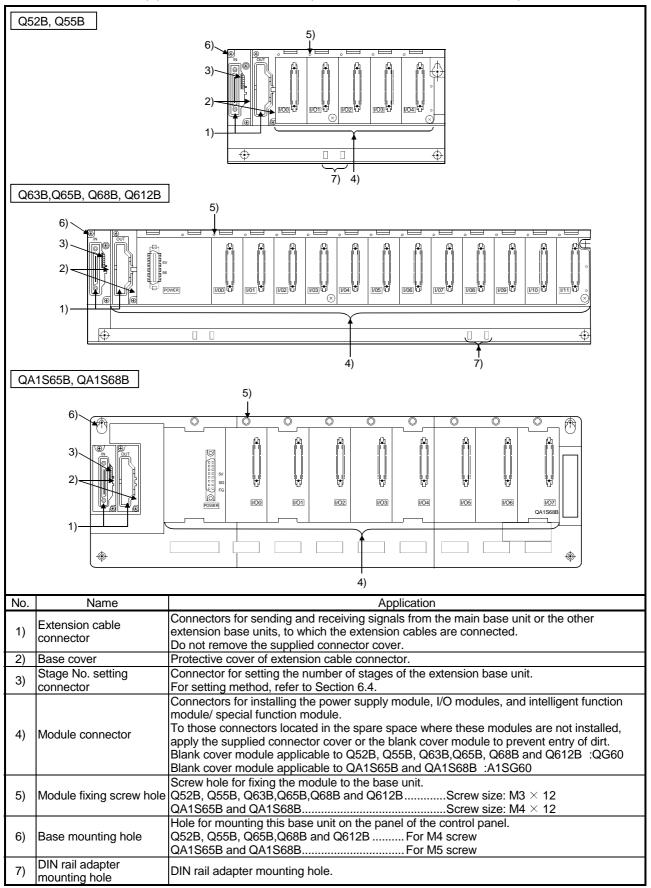
The names of the parts of the base unit are described below.

(1) Main base unit(Q33B, Q35B, Q38B, Q312B)



No.	Name	Application
1)	Module connector	Connector for installing the power supply module, CPU module, I/O modules, and intelligent function module. To the connectors located in the spare space where these modules are not installed, attach the supplied connector cover or the blank cover module (QG60) to prevent entry of dirt.
2)	Module fixing screw hole	Screw hole for fixing the module to the base unit. Screw size:M3 $ imes$ 12
3)	Base mounting hole	Hole for mounting this base unit onto the panel of the control panel (for M4 screw)
4)	DIN rail adapter mounting hole	Hole for mounting DIN rail adapter

# (2) Slim type main base unit(Q32SB, Q33SB, Q35SB)

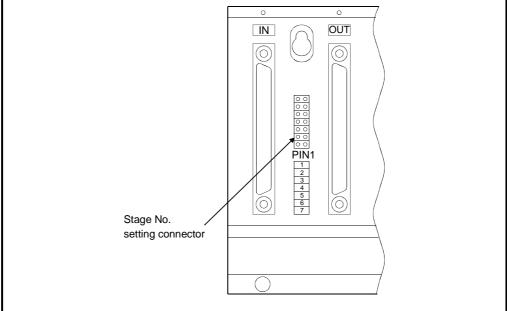




MELSEC-Q

## 6.4 Setting the Extension Base Unit

The number of stages setting method of each extension base unit to be used when extension base units are installed is described below.



#### Setting of Stage Number for Extension Base Units

		Ν	umber Sett	ing for Exte	nsion Stage	es	
	1st stage	2nd stage	3rd stage	4th stage	5th stage	6th stage	7th stage
Setting of stage			00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		00000	000000
No. setting	00	00	00			00	00000
connector	0000	00000	00	00	00	• •	00

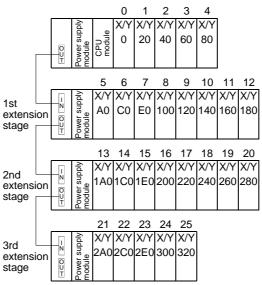
## POINTS

To set the stages No. setting connector, set a number from 1 to 7 according to the number of extension stages.

Do not set the same stage number at two or more positions or do not fail to set a number. A miss-input or miss-output may occur.

# REMARK

The I/O numbers are automatically allocated in the system loading status.

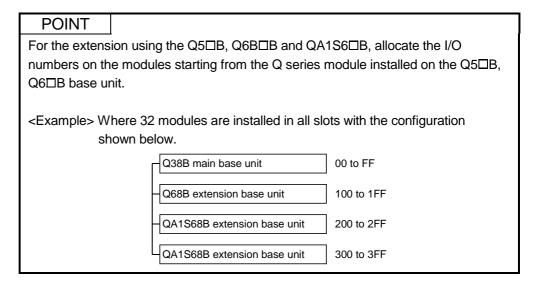


\* In this system, 32-point modules are loaded on slots 0 to 25.

For the I/O number setting method using GX Developer, refer to the Operating Manual of GX Developer.

For details of I/O number allocation, refer to the following manual.

• High Performance Model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)



## 6.5 Guideline for Use of Extension Base Units (Q5□B)

Since the Q5□B is supplied with 5VDC from the power supply module on the main base unit, a voltage drop occurs at extension cables.

Improper I/O may be provided if the specified voltage (4.75VDC or higher) is not supplied to the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B.

When using the Q5 $\square$ B, make sure that the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B is supplied with 4.75VDC or higher.

And it is recommend to connect it with the shortest possible extension cable right after connecting the main base unit, so as to minimize the effects of voltage drop.

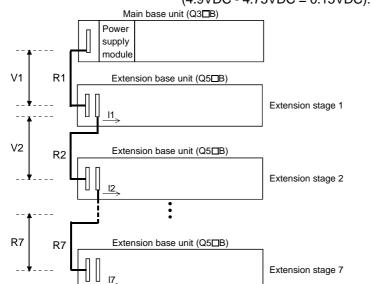
(1) When only the Q5□B is connected to the extension base unit(a) Selection condition

4.75VDC or higher should be supplied to the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B in the final extension stage.

(b) How to calculate voltage to "IN" connector

The 5VDC output voltage of the power supply module on the main base unit is set to at least 4.90VDC.

Therefore, the Q5 $\square$ B can be used if the voltage drop is 0.15VDC or lower (4.9VDC - 4.75VDC = 0.15VDC).



Extension Cable Type	Extension Cable Conductor Resistance (Ω)
QC05B	0.044
QC06B	0.051
QC12B	0.082
QC30B	0.172
QC50B	0.273
QC100B	0.530

Symbol	Description
V1	Voltage drop at the extension cable between the main base unit and extension base unit
Vn	Voltage drop at the extension cable between the extension base unit (extension stage n-1) and extension base unit (extension stage n)
R1	Cable resistance between the main base unit and extension base unit
Rn	Cable resistance between the extension base unit (extension stage n-1) and extension base unit (extension stage n)
11 to 17	5VDC current consumption among extension stage 1 to 7 *1

\*1: Sum total of current consumed by Q5□B and currents consumed by the I/O, intelligent function modules loaded on the Q5□B.

The symbols including "I" (I1 to I7) vary with the modules loaded on the extension base unit. For details of the symbol, refer to the user's manuals of the module used.

Q5⊡B		Voltag	e Drop at Extension	on Cable on Corre	esponding Extens	ion Unit		Sum Total of Voltage
Loading Position	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	Drops to "IN" Connector of Q5□B (V)
Extension stage 1	R1 • I1					-		V=V1
Extension stage 2	R1(I1+I2)	R2 • I2						V=V1+V2
Extension stage 3	R1(I1+I2+I3)	R2(I2+I3)	R3 • I3					V=V1+V2+V3
Extension stage 4	R1(I1+I2+I3+I4)	R2(I2+I3+I4)	R3(I3+I4)	R4 • I4				V=V1+V2+V3+V4
Extension stage 5	R1(I1+I2+I3+I4 +I5)	R2(I2+I3+I4+I5)	R3(I3+I4+I5)	R4(l4+l5)	R5 • I5			V=V1+V2+V3+V4+V5
Extension stage 6	R1(I1+I2+I3+I4 +I5+I6)	R2(I2+I3+I4+I5 +I6)	R3(I3+I4+I5+I6)	R4(l4+l5+l6)	R5(I5+I6)	R6 • I6		V=V1+V2+V3+V4+V5+ V6
Extension stage 7	R1(I1+I2+I3+I4 +I5+I6+I7)	R2(l2+l3+l4+l5 +l6+l7)	R3(l3+l4+l5+l6 +l7)	R4(I4+I5+I6+I7)	R5(I5+I6+I7)	R6(I6+I7)	R7 • I7	V=V1+V2+V3+V4+V5+ V6+V7

List for Calculating Voltage Drops Occurring at Extension Cables in System Consisting of Extensions 1 to 7

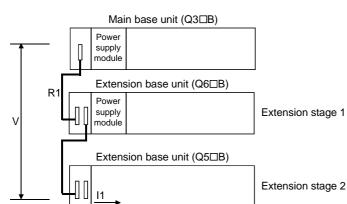
The voltage supplied to "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B in the final extension reaches 4.75 VDC or higher on the condition that the sum total of voltage drop to "IN" connector of Q5 $\square$ B (V) is 0.15V or lower.

- (2) When the Q6 B is connected between the Q3 B and the Q5 B(a) Selection condition
  - 4.75VDC or higher should be supplied to the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B in the final extension.
  - (b) How to calculate voltage to "IN" connector

The 5VDC output voltage of the power supply module on the main base unit is set to at least 4.90VDC.

Therefore, the Q5 $\square$ B can be used if the voltage drop is 0.15VDC or lower (4.9VDC - 4.75VDC = 0.15VDC).

[When the Q5DB is connected to Extension stage 2.]



Extension Cable Type	Extension Cable Conductor Resistance (Ω)
QC05B	0.044
QC06B	0.051
QC12B	0.082
QC30B	0.172
QC50B	0.273
QC100B	0.530

Symbol	Description
V	Voltage drop at the extension cable between the main base unit and extension base unit (Q5 $\square$ B)
In	5VDC current consumption when the Q5 $\square$ B is used as Extension n+1, n = 1 to 6, n: Extension No. of Q6 $\square$ B connected (Sum total of current consumed by Q5 $\square$ B and currents consumed by the I/O, intelligent function modules loaded on the Q5 $\square$ B.)
Rn	Extension cable resistance between the main base unit or the extension base unit (Q6 $\square$ B) and the extension base unit (Q6 $\square$ B)
Rn+1	Extension cable resistance between the extension base unit (Q6 $\Box$ B) and extension base unit (Q5 $\Box$ B)

Position of exte	nsion base unit	Voltage drop caused by extension cable from the main base unit to the
Q6□B	Q5□B	Q5 B IN connector (V)
Extension stage 1	Extension stage 2	V=(R1+R2)I1
Extension stage 1, Extension stage 2	Extension stage 3	V=(R1+R2+R3)I1
Extension stage 1 to 3	Extension stage 4	V=(R1+R2+R3+R4)I1
Extension stage 1 to 4	Extension stage 5	V=(R1+R2+R3+R4+R5)I1
Extension stage 1 to 5	Extension stage 6	V=(R1+R2+R3+R4+R5+R6)I1
Extension stage 1 to 6	Extension stage 7	V=(R1+R2+R3+R4+R5+R6+R7)I1

List for Calculating Voltage Drops Occurring at Extension Cables when connecting Q6DB between Q3DB and Q5DB

The voltage supplied to the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B reaches 4.75 VDC or higher on the condition that the voltage drop (V) at the extension cable between the main base unit and Q5 $\square$ B is 0.15 VDC or lower.

#### (3) When the GOT is bus-connected

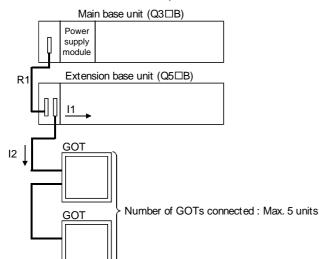
(a) Selection condition

4.75VDC or higher should be supplied to the "IN" connector of the Q5 $\square$ B.

(b) How to calculate voltage to "IN" connector

The 5VDC output voltage of the power supply module on the main base unit is set to at least 4.90VDC.

Therefore, the Q5 $\square$ B can be used if the voltage drop is 0.15VDC or lower (4.9VDC - 4.75VDC = 0.15VDC).



Extension Cable Type	Extension Cable Conductor Resistance (Ω)
QC05B	0.044
QC06B	0.051
QC12B	0.082
QC30B	0.172
QC50B	0.273
QC100B	0.530

Symbol	Description
V	Voltage drop at the extension cable between the main base unit and extension base unit (Q5□B)
In	5VDC current consumption when the Q5 $\square$ B is used as Extension n+1, n = 1 to 5, n: Extension No. of the Q6 $\square$ B connected (Sum total of current consumed by Q5 $\square$ B and currents consumed by I/O, intelligent function modules loaded on the Q5 $\square$ B)
Im	5VDC current consumption of the GOT (current consumption per GOT is 254mA) • Im = $254 \times c$ (c: Number of GOTs connected (c: 1 to 5))
Rn	Extension cable resistance between the main base unit or the extension base unit (Q6 $\square$ B) and extension base unit (Q6 $\square$ B)
Rn+1	Extension cable resistance between the extension base unit (Q6DB) and extension base unit (Q5DB)

## POINT

When connecting GOT by extension cable that is 13.2 m (43.31ft) or longer, the bus extension connector box A9GT-QCNB is required.

Since the A9GT-QCNB is supplied with 5VDC from the power supply module loaded on the main base unit, 29mA must be added to "Im" as the current consumption of the A9GT-QCNB.

For details of the GOT-bus connection, refer to the GOT-A900 Series User's Manual (Connection).

# 7 MEMORY CARD AND BATTERY

This section describes the specifications and handling of the memory card and battery which can be used on the High Performance model QCPU.

The memory card is necessary for sampling tracing.

The memory card is also used to handle file registers of more than the number of points that can be stored in the standard RAM. (Refer to Section 4.1)

#### 7.1 Memory Card Specifications

The specifications of the memory card which can be used on the High Performance model QCPU adheres to the PCMCIA small PC card.

On the High Performance model QCPU, only one memory card can be installed.

(1) SRAM card
---------------

Item	Туре	Q2MEM-1MBS	Q2MEM-2MBS
Memory capacity after format		1011.5 kbyte	2034 kbyte
Storable number of files		256	288
Number of insertions and extractions		5000 times	
	Н	45mm (1	.77inch)
External dimensions	W	42.8mm (1.69inch)	
	D	3.3mm (0.13inch)	
Weight		15g	

#### (2) Flash card

Item	Туре	Q2MEM-2MBF	Q2MEM-4MBF	
Memory capacity		2035 kbyte	4079 kbyte	
Storable number of files		288		
Number of insertions and extractions		5000 times		
Number of writings		100000 times		
	Н	45mm (1	.77inch)	
External dimensions	W	42.8mm (1.69inch)		
	D	3.3mm (0.13inch)		
Weight		15g		

#### (3) ATA card

Item	Туре	Q2MEM-8MBA	Q2MEM-16MBA	Q2MEM-32MBA
Memory capacity after format		7940 kbyte	15932 kbyte	31854 kbyte
Storable number of files		512		
Number of insertions and extractions		5000 times		
Number of writings		1000000 times		
	Н		45mm (1.77inch)	
External dimensions	W		42.8mm (1.69inch)	
	D	3.3mm (0.13inch)		
Weight		15g		

## 7.2 Battery Specifications (For CPU Module and SRAM Card)

(1) For CPU module

Type Item	Q6BAT	Q7BAT	
Classification	Manganese dioxide lithium primary battery		
Initial voltage	3.0V		
Nominal current	1800mAh	5000mAh	
Storage life	Actually 5 years (room temperature)		
Total power failure time	Refer to Section 10.3.1.		
Application	Power failure backup for program memory, standard RAM and latch devices		

## (2) For SRAM card

Type Item	Q2MEM-BAT	
Classification	Graphite fluoride primary battery	
Initial voltage	3.0V	
Nominal current	48mAh	
Storage life	Actually 5 years (room temperature)	
Total power failure time	Refer to Section 10.3.1.	
Application	Power failure backup for SRAM card	

# REMARK

Refer to Section 10.3.1 for the battery life.

## 7.3 Handling the Memory Card

(1) Formatting of memory card
 Any SRAM or ATA card must have been formatted to use on the High
 Performance model QCPU.
 Since the SRAM or ATA card purchased is not yet formatted, format it using GX
 Developer before use.
 (The Flash card need not be formatted.)
 For the formatting procedure, refer to the Operating Manual of the GX Developer.

## POINTS

Do not format ATA card using other than GX Developer. (If it is formatted using format function of Windows<sup>®</sup>, the ATA card may not be usable with set in a CPU module.)

#### (2) Installation of SRAM card battery

A power interrupt hold-on battery is furnished with the SRAM card you purchased.

Before using the SRAM card, install the battery.

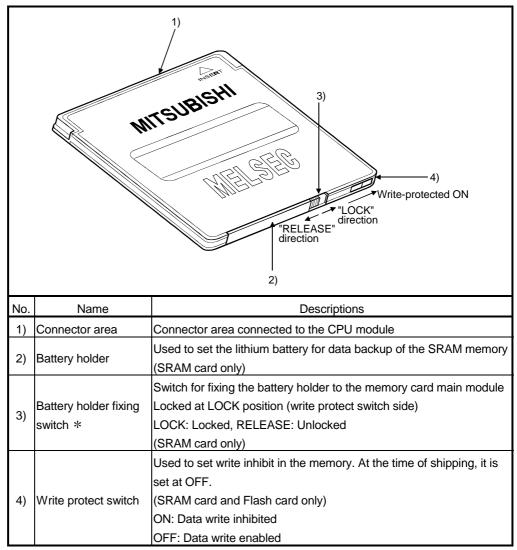
#### POINTS

Even if the battery is installed on the CPU module, if a battery is not installed on the SRAM card, the memory of the SRAM card will not be backed up. Ensure to install the battery on the SRAM card.

Also, if the battery is installed on the SRAM card but the CPU module has no battery, the program memory, standard RAM and latch devices of the CPU module are not backed up. Similarly ensure to install the battery on the CPU module.

(3) Kind of file which can be stored on memory card Please refer to the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) of section 6.1 for the kind of the file which can be stored on each memory card.

## 7.4 The Names of The Parts of The Memory Card



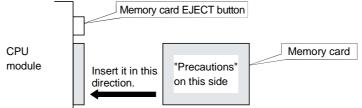
The names of the parts of the memory card are described below.

\*: The battery holder fixing switch is returned automatically from RELEASE to LOCK when the battery holder is disconnected.

### 7.5 Memory Card Loading/Unloading Procedures

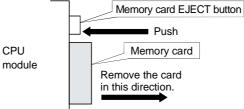
(1) To install the memory card

Install the memory card into the CPU module, while paying attention to the orientation of the memory card. Insert the memory card securely into the connector until the height of the memory card reaches that of the memory card EJECT button.



### (2) To remove the memory card

To remove the memory card from the CPU module, press the memory card EJECT button to push out the card.



- (3) To extract the memory card while the power is turned on Before removing the memory card, make sure that the special relays "SM604", "SM605" are OFF.
  - When "SM604" is ON, the memory card cannot be removed since the CPU module is using the memory card.
  - When "SM605" is ON, turn it OFF. When "SM604" and "SM605" are OFF, remove the memory card in the following procedure.
  - 1) Turn on the special relay "SM609" using the sequence program or by the device test of GX Developer etc.
  - 2) By monitoring GX Developer etc., check that the special relays "SM600" is turned off.
  - 3) Extract the memory card.

* SM600 (Memory card usable flag)	: The system is turned on when memory card is ready for use by user.
SM604 (memory card use flag)	: The system is turned on when the CPU
SM605 (memory card detach inhibit flag)	module uses a memory card. : This is turned on by the user to disable
	the memory card from being detached.

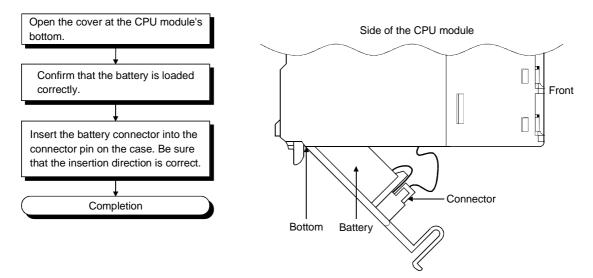
- (4) To install the memory card while the power is turned on
  - 1) Install the memory card.\
  - By monitoring GX Developer etc., check that the special relays "SM600" is turned on.

POINTS
Install and remove the memory card while the power is turned on, paying
attention to the following.
(1) If the procedures specified above are not followed, the data stored in the
memory card may be destroyed.
When the CPU module operation at the time of occurrence of a parameter error
is set to STOP, the CPU module operation is stopped by the occurrence of
"ICM.OPE.ERROR."
(2) When the memory card is installed, its mount processing is performed again.
As a result, the scanning time is increased by several 10 ms max.

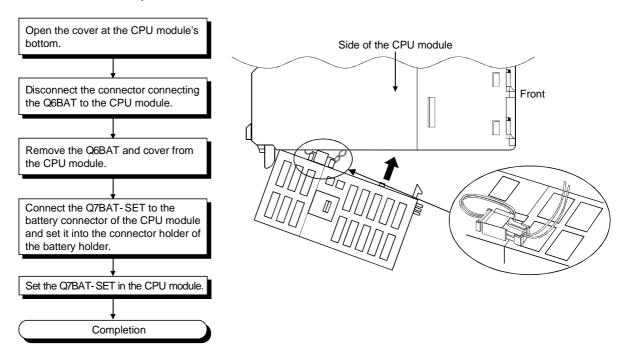
# 7.6 Installation of Battery (for CPU Module and Memory Card)

 Q6BAT battery installation procedure The battery for the CPU module is shipped with its connector disconnected. Connect the connector as follows.

Refer to Section 10.3 for the service life of the battery and how to replace the battery.

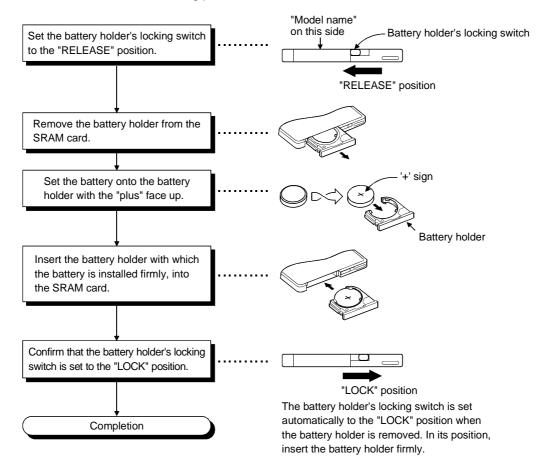


(2) Q7BAT-SET battery setting method When changing the battery for the CPU module from the Q6BAT battery to the Q7BAT battery, set the battery and connect its connector in the following procedure.



# (3) SRAM card battery installation procedure

The battery for the SRAM card is shipped separately from the battery holder. Before installing the SRAM card into the CPU module, set the battery holder in the following procedure.



# 8 EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE

For the products sold in European countries, the conformance to the EMC Directive, which is one of the European Directive, has been a legal obligation since 1996. Also, conformance to the Low Voltage Directive, another European Directive, has been a legal obligation since 1997.

Manufacturers who recognize their products must conform to the EMC and Low Voltage Directive required to declare that their products conform to these Directives and put a "CE mark" on their products.

# 8.1 Requirements for Conformance to EMC Directive

The EMC Directive specifies that products placed on the market must "be so constructed that they do not cause excessive electromagnetic interference (emissions) and are not unduly affected by electromagnetic interference (immunity)". The applicable products are requested to meet these requirements. The sections 8.1.1 through 8.1.6 summarize the precautions on conformance to the EMC Directive of the machinery constructed using the MELSEC-Q series PLCs. The details of these precautions has been prepared based on the control requirements and the applicable standards control. However, we will not assure that the overall machinery manufactured according to these details conforms to the above-mentioned directives. The method of conformance to the EMC Directive and the judgment on whether or not the machinery conforms to the EMC Directive must be determined

# 8.1.1 Standards applicable to the EMC Directive

Specification	Test item	Test details	Standard value
EN50081-2 : 1995	EN55011 Radiated noise * 2	Electromagnetic emissions from the product are measured.	30 M-230 MHz QP : 30 dB μ V/m (30 m in measurement range) *1 230 M-1000 MHz QP : 37 dB μ V/m (30 m in measurement range)
1993	EN55011 Electromagnetic emissions fr Conducted noise measured.		150 k-500 kHz QP : 79 dB, Mean : 66 dB * 1 500 k-30 MHz QP : 73 dB, Mean : 60 dB
EN61000-4-2 Electrostatic immunity * 2 EN61000-4-4 Fast transient burst noise * 2	Immunity test in which static electricity is applied to the cabinet of the equipment.	15 k V Aerial discharge	
	Immunity test in which burst noise is applied to the power line and signal lines.	Power line : 2 kV Digital I/O (24 V or higher) : 1 kV (Digital I/O (24 V or less)) > 250 V (Analog I/O, signal lines) > 250 V	
1996	IRadiated field AM	Immunity test in which field is irradiated to the product.	10 V/m, 26-1000 MHz, 80%AM modulation@1 kHz
	EN61000-4-12 Damped oscillatory wave immunity	Immunity test in which a damped oscillatory wave is superimposed on the power line.	Power line : 1 kV Digital I/O (24 V or higher) : 1 kV

The standards applicable to the EMC Directive are listed below.

finally by the manufacturer of the machinery.

(\*1) QP : Quasi-peak value, Mean : Average value

(\*2) The PLC is an open type device (device installed to another device) and must be installed in a conductive control panel.

The tests for the corresponding items were performed while the PLC was installed inside a control panel.

8

### 8.1.2 Installation instructions for EMC Directive

The PLC is open equipment and must be installed within a control cabinet for use. This not only ensures safety but also ensures effective shielding of PLC-generated electromagnetic noise.

#### (1) Control cabinet

(a) Use a conductive control cabinet.

- (b) When attaching the control cabinet's top plate or base plate, mask painting and weld so that good surface contact can be made between the cabinet and plate.
- (c) To ensure good electrical contact with the control cabinet, mask the paint on the installation bolts of the inner plate in the control cabinet so that contact between surfaces can be ensured over the widest possible area.
- (d) Earth the control cabinet with a thick wire so that a low impedance connection to ground can be ensured even at high frequencies.
- (e) Holes made in the control cabinet must be 10 cm (3.94 inch) diameter or less. If the holes are 10 cm (3.94 inch) or larger, radio frequency noise may be emitted.

In addition, because radio waves leak through a clearance between the control panel door and the main unit, reduce the clearance as much as practicable.

The leakage of radio waves can be suppressed by the direct application of an EMI gasket on the paint surface.

Our tests have been carried out on a panel having the damping characteristics of 37 dB max. and 30 dB mean (measured by 3 m method with 30 to 300 MHz).

#### (2) Connection of power and earth wires

Earthing and power supply wires for the PLC system must be connected as described below.

- (a) Provide an earthing point near the power supply module. Earth the power supply's LG and FG terminals (LG : Line Ground, FG : Frame Ground) with the thickest and shortest wire possible. (The wire length must be 30 cm (11.81 inch) or shorter.) The LG and FG terminals function is to pass the noise generated in the PLC system to the ground, so an impedance that is as low as possible must be ensured. As the wires are used to relieve the noise, the wire itself carries a large noise content and thus short wiring means that the wire is prevented from acting as an antenna.
- (b) The earth wire led from the earthing point must be twisted with the power supply wires. By twisting with the earthing wire, noise flowing from the power supply wires can be relieved to the earthing. However, if a filter is installed on the power supply wires, the wires and the earthing wire may not need to be twisted.

### 8.1.3 Cables

The cables extracted from the control panel contain a high frequency noise component. On the outside of the control panel, therefore, they serve as antennas to emit noise. To prevent noise emission, use shielded cable for the cables which are connected to the I/O modules and intelligent function modules and may be extracted to the outside of the control panel.

The use of a shielded cable also increases noise resistance. The signal lines connected to the PLC I/O modules and intelligent function modules use shielded cables to assure noise resistance under the conditions where the shield is earthed. If a shielded cable is not used or not earthed correctly, the noise resistance will not meet the specified requirements.

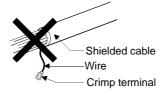
When the shield of a shielded cable is earthed to the cabinet body, please ensure that the shield contact with the body is over a large surface area. If the cabinet body is painted it will be necessary to remove paint from the contact area. All fastenings must be metallic and the shield and earthing contact must be made over the largest available surface area. If the contact surfaces are too uneven for optimal contact to be made either use washers to correct for surface inconsistencies or use an abrasive to level the surfaces. The following diagrams show examples of how to provide good surface contact of shield earthing by use of a cable clamp.

#### (1) Earthing of shielded of shield cable

- (a) Earth the shield of the shielded cable as near the module as possible taking care so that the earthed cables are not induced electromagnetically by the cable to be earthed.
- (b) Take an appropriate measures so that the shield section of the shielded cable from which the outer cover was partly removed for exposure is earthed to the control panel on an increased contact surface. A clamp may also be used as shown in the figure below. In this case, however, apply a cover to the painted inner wall surface of the control panel which comes in contact with the clamp.

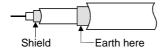


Note) The method of earthing by soldering a wire onto the shield section of the shielded cable as shown below is not recommended. The high frequency impedance will increase and the shield will be ineffective.



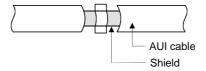
### (2) MELSECNET/H module

Always use a double-shielded coaxial cable (MITSUBISHI CABLE INDUSTRIES, LTD.: 5C-2V-CCY) for the coaxial cables MELSECNET/H module. Radiated noise in the range of 30MHz or higher can be suppressed by use of the double-shielded coaxial cables. Earth the double-shielded coaxial cable by connecting its outer shield to the ground.



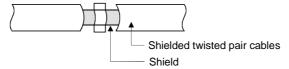
Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield.

- (3) Ethernet module, FL-net module, Web server module Precautions for using AUI cables, twisted pair cables and coaxial cables are described below.
  - (a) Always earth the AUI cables connected to the 10BASE5 connectors. Because the AUI cable is of the shielded type, strip part of the outer cover and earth the exposed shield section to the ground on the widest contact surface as shown below.



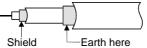
Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield.

(b) Use shielded twisted pair cables as the twisted pair cables connected to the 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX connectors. For the shielded twisted pair cables, strip part of the outer cover and earth the exposed shield section to the ground on the widest contact surface as shown below.

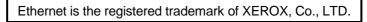


Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield.

(c) Always use double-shielded coaxial cables as the coaxial cables connected to the 10BASE2 connectors. Earth the double-shielded coaxial cable by connecting its outer shield to the ground.

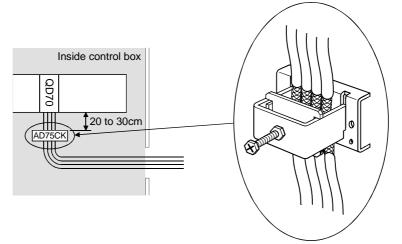


Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield.



(4) Positioning module, channel-isolated pulse input module Use shielded cables for the external wiring, and ground the shields of the external wiring cables to the control box with the AD75CK cable clamp (Mitsubishi Electric make).

(Ground the shields 20 to 30cm away from the module.)

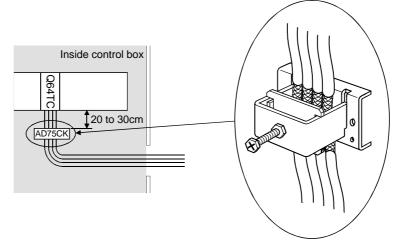


The AD75CK allows up to four cables to be grounded if the outside diameter of the shielded cable is about 7mm.

(5) Temperature control module

Use shielded cables for the external wiring, and ground the shields of the external wiring cables to the control box with the AD75CK cable clamp (Mitsubishi Electric make).

(Ground the shields 20 to 30cm away from the module.)



The AD75CK allows up to four cables to be grounded if the outside diameter of the shielded cable is about 7mm.

Required Number of AD75CKs		Number of Used Channels			
		1	2	3	4
	0	1	1	2	2
	1	1	2	2	3
Number of used CT channels	2	1	2	2	3
	3	1	2	3	3
	4	2	2	3	3
	5	2	3	3	4
	6	2	3	3	4
	7	3	3	4	4
	8	3	3	4	4

The required number of AD75CKs is indicated below. (When cables of 7mm outside diameter are used for all wiring.)

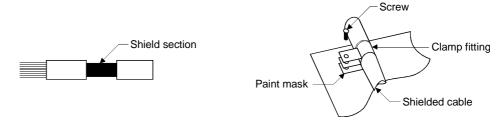
(6) I/O signal cables and other communication cables For the I/O signal cables and other communication cables (RS-232, RS-422, CC-Link, etc.), always ground the shields of the shield cables as in (1) if they are pulled out of the control box

### 8.1.4 Power supply module

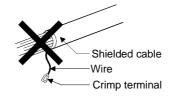
Always ground the LG and FG terminals after short-circuiting them.

### 8.1.5 When using QA1S6 B type base unit

- (1) Cable
  - (a) Earthing of shielded cable
    - Earth the shield of the shielded cable as near the unit as possible taking care so that the earthed cables are not induced electromagnetically by the cable to be earthed.
    - Take appropriate measures so the shield that was partly removed for exposure is earthed to the control panel over a large contact surface area. A clamp may also be used as shown in the figure below. In this case, however, apply a cover to the painted inner wall surface of the control panel which comes in contact with the clamp.



Note) The method of earthing by soldering a wire onto the shield section of the shielded cable as shown below is not recommended. The high frequency impedance will increase and the shield will be ineffective.

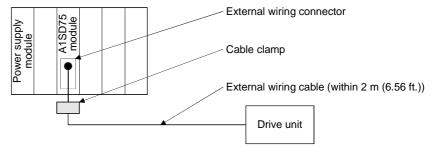


### (b) Positioning modules

Precautions to be followed when the machinery conforming to the EMC Directive is configured using the A1SD75P1-S3/A1SD75P2-S3/A1SD75P3-S3 (hereafter referred to as the A1SD75) are described below.

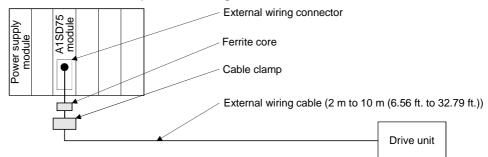
1) When wiring with a 2 m (6.56 ft.) or less cable

- Ground the shield section of the external wiring cable with the cable clamp. (Ground the shield at the closest location to the A1SD75 external wiring connector.)
- Wire the external wiring cable to the drive unit and external device with the shortest practicable length of cable.



• Install the drive unit in the same panel.

- 2) When wiring with cable that exceeds 2 m (6.56 ft.), but is 10 m (32.79 ft.) or less
  - Ground the shield section of the external wiring cable with the cable clamp. (Ground the shield at the closest location to the A1SD75 external wiring connector.)
  - Install a ferrite core.
  - Wire the external wiring cable to the drive unit and external device with the shortest practicable length of cable.



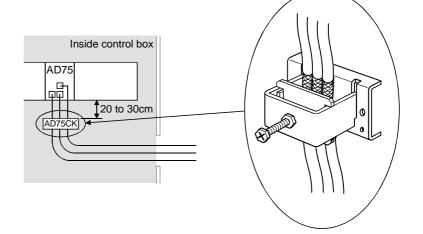
- 3) Ferrite core and cable clamp types and required quantities
  - Cable clamp
    - Type: AD75CK (Mitsubishi Electric)
  - Ferrite core

Type : ZCAT3035-1330 (TDK ferrite core)

Required quantity

Cable length	Prepared part	Required Qty			
Cable length i repared part		1 axis	2 axes	3 axes	
Within 2 m (6.56 ft.)	AD75CK	1	1	1	
2 m (6.56 ft.) to 10m	AD75CK	1	1	1	
(32.79ft.)	ZCAT3035-1330	1	2	3	

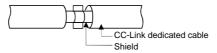
4) Cable clamp mounting position



### (c) CC-Link module

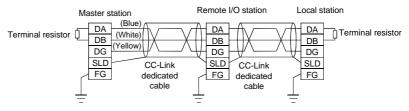
1) Be sure to ground the cable shield that is connected to the CC-Link module close to the exit of control panel or to any of the CC-Link stations within 30 cm (11.81 inch) from the module or stations.

The CC-Link dedicated cable is a shielded cable. As shown in the illustration below, remove a portion of the outer covering and ground as large a surface area of the exposed shield part as possible.



- 2) Always use the specified CC-Link dedicated cable.
- 3) Do not use a ferrite core for the CC-Link module or CC-Link stations.
- 4) The CC-Link module, the CC-Link stations and the FG line inside the control panel should be connected at both the FG terminal and the SLD terminal as shown in the diagram below.





(d) I/O signal lines

For the I/O signal lines, if extracted to the outside of the control panel, also ensure to earth the shield section of these lines and cables in the same manner as in item (1) above.

#### (2) Power supply module

The precautions required for each power supply module are described below. Always observe the items noted as precautions.

Model	Precautions
A1S61P A1S62P	Not usable
A1S63P (*1)	Use the CE marked 24VDC panel power equipment.
A1S61PEU A1S62PEU A1S61PN A1S62PN	Always ground the LG and FG terminals after short-circuiting them.

(\*1) If sufficient filter circuitry is built into the 24VDC external power supply module, the noise generated by A1S63P will be absorbed by that filter circuit, so a line filter may not be required.

Filtering circuitry of version F or later of A1S63P is improved so that a external line filter is not required.

# 8.1.6 Others

(1) Ferrite core

A ferrite core has the effect of reducing radiated noise in the 30MHz to 100MHz band.

It is not required to fit ferrite cores to cables, but it is recommended to fit ferrite cores if shield cables pulled out of the enclosure do not provide sufficient shielding effects.

It should be noted that the ferrite cores should be fitted to the cables in the position immediately before they are pulled out of the enclosure. If the fitting position is improper, the ferrite will not produce any effect.

In the CC-Link system, however, ferrite cores cannot be fitted to cables.

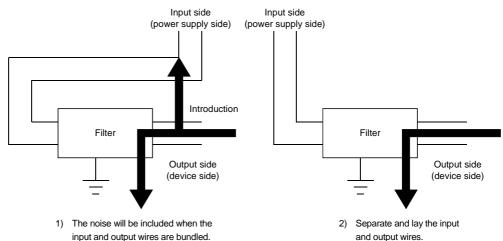
#### (2) Noise filter (power supply line filter)

A noise filter is a component which has an effect on conducted noise. It is not required to fit the noise filter to the power supply line, but fitting it can further suppress noise.

(The noise filter has the effect of reducing conducted noise of 10 MHz or less.)

The precautions required when installing a noise filter are described below.

(a) Do not bundle the wires on the input side and output side of the noise filter. When bundled, the output side noise will be induced into the input side wires from which the noise was filtered.



(b) Earth the noise filter earthing terminal to the control cabinet with the shortest wire possible (approx. 10 cm (3.94 inch)).

Reference			
Noise Filter Model Name	FN343-3/01	FN660-6/06	ZHC2203-11
Manufacturer	SCHAFFNER	SCHAFFNER	TDK
Rated current	3 A	6 A	3 A
Rated voltage		250 V	

# 8.2 Requirement to Conform to the Low Voltage Directive

The Low Voltage Directive requires each device that operates with the power supply ranging from 50 to 1000VAC and 75 to 1500VDC to satisfy the safety requirements. In Sections 8.2.1 to 8.2.6, cautions on installation and wiring of the MELSEC-Q series PLC to conform to the Low Voltage Directive are described.

We have put the maximum effort to develop this material based on the requirements and standards of the regulation that we have collected. However, compatibility of the devices which are fabricated according to the contents of this manual to the above regulation is not guaranteed. Each manufacturer who fabricates such device should make the final judgement about the application method of the Low Voltage Directive and the product compatibility.

# 8.2.1 Standard applied for MELSEC-Q series PLC

The standard applied for MELSEC-Q series PLC is EN61010-1 safety of devices used in measurement rooms, control rooms, or laboratories.

The MELSEC-Q series PLC modules which operate at the rated voltage of 50VAC/75VDC or above are also developed to conform to the above standard. The modules which operate at the rated voltage of less than 50VAC/75VDC are out of the Low Voltage Directive application range.

### 8.2.2 MELSEC-Q series PLC selection

(1) Power supply module

There are dangerous voltages (voltages higher than 42.4V peak) inside the power supply modules of the 100/200VAC rated I/O voltages. Therefore, the CE marked models are enhanced in insulation internally between the primary and secondary.

(2) I/O module

There are dangerous voltages (voltages higher than 42.4V peak) inside the I/O modules of the 100/200VAC rated I/O voltages. Therefore, the CE marked models are enhanced in insulation internally between the primary and secondary. The I/O modules of 24VDC or less rating are out of the Low Voltage Directive application range.

(3) CPU module, memory card, base unit Using 5VDC circuits inside, the above modules are out of the Low Voltage Directive application range.

### (4) Intelligent function modules (special function modules) The intelligent function modules (special function modules) such as the analog, network and positioning modules are 24VDC or less in rated voltage and are therefore out of the Low Voltage Directive application range.

(5) Display device Use the CE marked display device.

### 8.2.3 Power supply

The insulation specification of the power supply module was designed assuming installation category II. Be sure to use the installation category II power supply to the PLC.

The installation category indicates the durability level against surge voltage generated by a thunderbolt. Category I has the lowest durability; category IV has the highest durability.

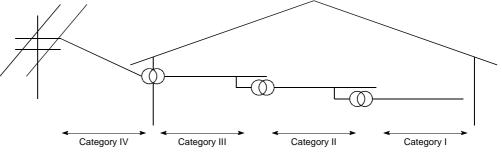


Figure 8.1: Installation Category

Category II indicates a power supply whose voltage has been reduced by two or more levels of isolating transformers from the public power distribution.

### 8.2.4 Control box

Because the PLC is an open device (a device designed to be stored within another module), be sure to use it after storing in the control box.

#### (1) Electrical shock prevention

In order to prevent persons who are not familiar with the electric facility such as the operators from electric shocks, the control box must have the following functions :

- (a) The control box must be equipped with a lock so that only the personnel who has studied about the electric facility and have enough knowledge can open it.
- (b) The control box must have a structure which automatically stops the power supply when the box is opened.

#### (2) Dustproof and waterproof features

The control box also has the dustproof and waterproof functions. Insufficient dustproof and waterproof features lower the insulation withstand voltage, resulting in insulation destruction. The insulation in our PLC is designed to cope with the pollution level 2, so use in an environment with pollustion level 2 or below.

Pollution level 1 :	An environment where the air is dry and conductive
	dust does not exist.
Pollution level 2 :	An environment where conductive dust
	does not usually exist, but occasional temporary
	conductivity occurs due to the accumulated dust. Generally,
	this is the level for inside the control box equivalent to IP54
	in a control room or on the floor of a typical factory.
Pollution level 3 :	An environment where conductive dust exits and conductivity
	may be generated due to the accumulated dust.
	An environment for a typical factory floor.
Pollution level 4 :	Continuous conductivity may occur due to rain, snow,
	etc. An outdoor environment.
shown above the Pl	C can realize the pollution level 2 when stored in a

As shown above, the PLC can realize the pollution level 2 when stored in a control box equivalent to IP54.

### 8.2.5 Grounding

There are the following two different grounding terminals. Use either grounding terminal in an earthed status.

Protective grounding  $(\square)$ : Maintains the safety of the PLC and improves the noise resistance.

Functional grounding  $(\square)$ : Improves the noise resistance.

#### 8.2.6 External wiring

24VDC external power supply

For the MELSEC-Q series PLC 24VDC I/O modules and the intelligent function modules (special function modules) which require external supply power, use a model whose 24VDC circuit is intensively insulated from the hazardous voltage circuit.

#### (2) External devices

When a device with a hazardous voltage circuit is externally connected to the PLC, use a model whose circuit section of the interface to the PLC is intensively insulated from the hazardous voltage circuit.

#### (3) Intensive insulation

Intensive insulation refers to the insulation with the dielectric withstand voltage shown in Table 8.1.

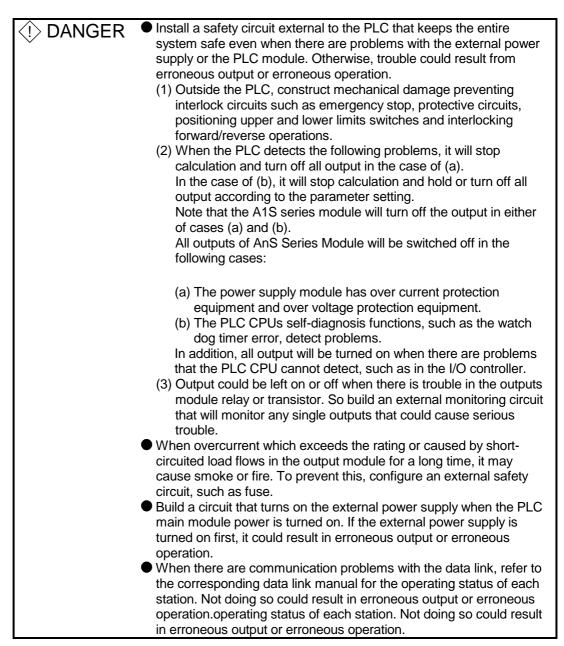
> Table 8.1 : Intensive Insulation Withstand Voltage (Installation Category II, source : IEC664)

Rated voltage of hazardous voltage area	Surge withstand voltage (1.2/50 $\mu$ s)
150VAC or below	2500 V
300VAC or below	4000 V

# 9 LOADING AND INSTALLATION

In order to increase the reliability of the system and exploit the maximum performance of its functions, this section describes the methods and precautions for the mounting and installation of the system.

# 9.1 General Safety Requirements



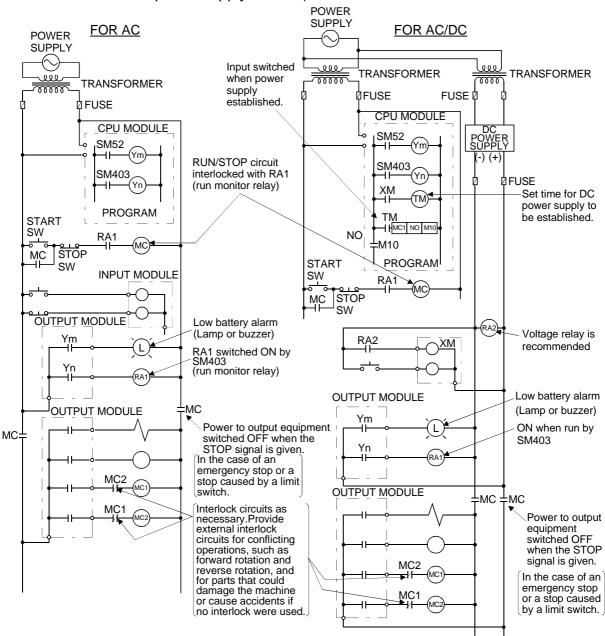
() DANGER	<ul> <li>When connecting a peripheral device to the CPU module or connecting a personal computer or the like to the special function module to exercise control (data change) on the running PLC, configure up an interlock circuit in the sequence program to ensure that the whole system will always operate safely.</li> <li>Also before exercising other control (program change, operating status change (status control)) on the running PLC, read the manual carefully and fully confirm safety.</li> <li>Especially for the above control on the remote PLC from an external device, an immediate action may not be taken for PLC trouble due to a data communication fault.</li> <li>In addition to configuring up the interlock circuit in the sequence program, corrective and other actions to be taken as a system for the occurrence of a data communication fault should be predetermined between the external device and PLC CPU.</li> </ul>
AUTION	<ul> <li>Do not bunch the control wires or communication cables with the main circuit or power wires, or install them close to each other. They should be installed 100 mm (3.94 inch) or more from each other. Not doing so could result in noise that would cause erroneous operation.</li> <li>When controlling items like lamp load, heater or solenoid valve using an output module, large current (approximately ten times greater than that present in normal circumstances) may flow when the output is turned OFF to ON. Take measures such as replacing the module with one having sufficient rated current.</li> </ul>

When the PLC power supply is switched ON-OFF, correct control output may not be performed temporarily due to differences in delay time and starting time between the PLC power supply and the external power supply for the controlled object (especially DC).

For example, if the external power supply for the controlled object is switched on in a DC output module and then the PLC power supply is switched on, the DC output module may provide false output instantaneously at power-on of the PLC. Therefore, it is necessary to make up a circuit that can switch on the PLC power supply first. Also, an abnormal operation may be performed if an external power supply fault or PLC failure takes place.

To prevent any of these abnormal operations from leading to the abnormal operation of the whole system and in a fail-safe viewpoint, areas which can result in machine breakdown and accidents due to abnormal operations (e.g. emergency stop, protective and interlock circuits) should be constructed outside the PLC.

The following page gives examples of system designing in the above viewpoint.



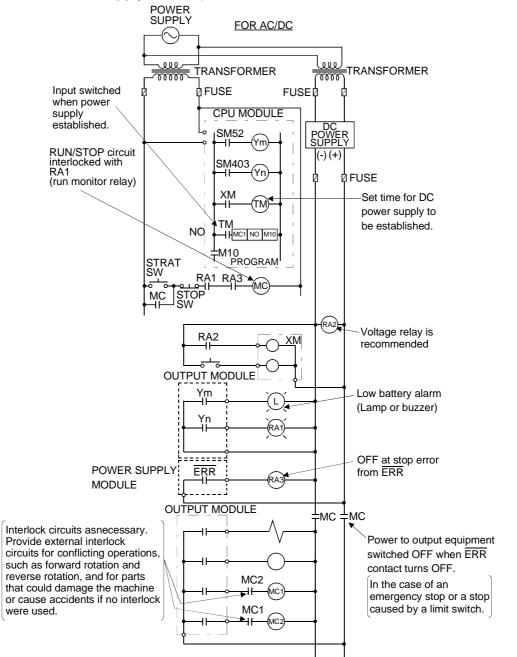
(1) System design circuit example (when not using ERR contact of power supply module)

The power-ON procedure is as follows: For AC

- 1) Switch power ON.
- 2) Set CPU to RUN.
- 3) Turn ON the start switch.
- 4) When the magnetic contactor (MC) comes on, the output equipment is powered and may be driven by the program.

#### For AC/DC

- 1) Switch power ON.
- 2) Set CPU to RUN.
- 3) When DC power is established, RA2 goes ON.
- 4) Timer (TM) times out after the DC power reaches 100%.
   (The TM set value should be the period of time from when RA2 goes ON to the establishment of 100% DC voltage. Set this value to approximately 0.5 seconds.)
- 5) Turn ON the start switch.
- 6) When the magnetic contactor (MC) comes on, the output equipment is powered and may be driven by the program. (If a voltage relay is used at RA2, no timer (TM) is required in the program.)



(2) System design circuit example (when using ERR contact of power supply module)

The power-ON procedure is as follows:

#### For AC/DC

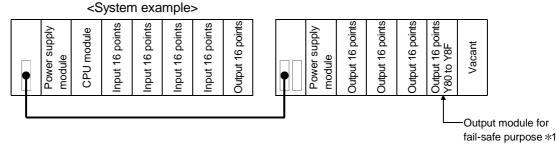
- 1) Switch power ON.
- 2) Set CPU to RUN.
- 3) When DC power is established, RA2 goes ON.
- 4) Timer (TM) times out after the DC power reaches 100%. (The TM set value should be the period of time from when RA2 goes ON to the establishment of 100% DC voltage. Set this value to approximately 0.5s.)
- 5) Turn ON the start switch.
- 6) When the magnetic contactor (MC) comes on, the output equipment is powered and may be driven by the program. (If a voltage relay is used at RA2, no timer (TM) is required in the program.)

# (3) Fail-safe measures against failure of the PLC

Failure of a CPU module or memory can be detected by the self-diagnosis function. However, failure of I/O control area may not be detected by the CPU module.

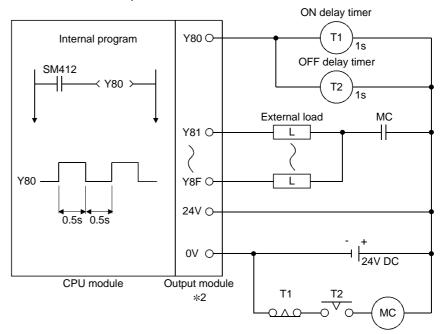
In such cases, all I/O points turn ON or OFF depending on a condition of problem, and normal operating conditions and operating safety cannot sometimes be maintained.

Though Mitsubishi PLCs are manufactured under strict quality control, they may cause failure or abnormal operations due to unspecific reasons. To prevent the abnormal operation of the whole system, machine breakdown, and accidents, fail-safe circuitry against failure of the PLC must be constructed outside the PLC. Examples of a system and its fail-safe circuitry are described below:



\*1: The output module for fail-safe purpose should be loaded in the last slot of the system. (Y80 to Y8F in the above system.)

<Fail-safe circuit example>



\*2: Y80 repeats turning ON and then OFF at 0.5s intervals.

Use a no-contact output module (transistor in the example shown above).

# 9.2 Calculating Heat Generation by PLC

The ambient temperature inside the board storing the PLC must be suppressed to a PLC usable ambient temperature of 55°C.

For the design of radiation from the storing board, it is necessary to know the average power consumption (heating value) of the devices and instruments stored in the board. Here the method of obtaining the average power consumption of the PLC system is described.

From the power consumption, calculate a rise in ambient temperature inside the board.

How to calculate average power consumption

The power consuming parts of the PLC are roughly classified into six blocks as shown below.

Power consumption of power supply module
 The power conversion efficiency of the power supply module is approx. 70 %, i.e., 30 % of the output power is consumed by heating. As a result, 3/7 of the output power becomes the power consumption.
 Therefore the calculation formula is as follows.

Wpw = 
$$\frac{3}{7} \times (15v \times 5)$$
 (W)

I5V: Current consumption of logic 5 VDC circuit of each module

(2) Total power consumption of 5VDC logic section by all modules (including CPU module) The power consumption of the 5 VDC output circuit section of the power supply module is the power consumption of each module (including the current

 $W_{5V} = I_{5V} \times 5$  (W)

consumption of the base unit).

For the power consumption of the motion CPU and PC CPU module, refer to the instruction manuals of the corresponding modules.

(3) A total of 24 VDC average power consumption of the output module (power consumption for simultaneous ON points) The average power of the external 24 VDC power is the total power consumption of each module.

 $W24V = I24V \times 24 \text{ (W)}$ 

(4) Average power consumption due to voltage drop in the output section of the output module

(Power consumption for simultaneous ON points)

Wout = Iout  $\times$  Vdrop  $\times$  Number of outputs  $\times$  Simultaneous ON rate (W)

IOUT : Output current (Current in actual use) (A)

Vdrop : Voltage drop in each output module (V)

(5) Average power consumption of the input section of the input module(Power consumption for simultaneous ON points)

WIN = IIN  $\times$  E  $\times$  Number of input points  $\times$  Simultaneous ON rate (W)

- IIN : Input current (Effective value for AC) (A)
- E : Input voltage (Voltage in actual use) (V)

(6) Power consumption of the power supply section of the intelligent function module

 $Ws = I_{5V} \times 5 + I_{24V} \times 24 + I_{100V} \times 100 (W)$ 

The total of the power consumption values calculated for each block becomes the power consumption of the overall sequencer system.

 $\underline{W = WPW + W5V + W24V + WOUT + WIN + WS(W)}$ 

From this overall power consumption (W), calculate the heating value and a rise in ambient temperature inside the board.

The outline of the calculation formula for a rise in ambient temperature inside the board is shown below.

$$T = \frac{W}{UA} (^{\circ}C)$$

- W : Power consumption of overall sequencer system (value obtained above)  ${\sf W}$
- A : Surface area inside the board
- U : When the ambient temperature inside the board is uniformed by a fan........6 When air inside the board is not circulated.......4

### POINT

When a rise in ambient temperature inside the board exceeds the specified limit, it is recommended that you install a heat exchanger in the board to lower the ambient temperature inside the board.

If a normal ventilating fan is used, dust will be sucked into the PLC together with the external air, and it may affect the performance of the PLC.

### (7) Example of calculation of average power consumption

(a) System configuration

Q61P-A1 Q02HCPU QX40	QX40 QY10	QJ71LP21-25	Vacant	Q35B
----------------------------	--------------	-------------	--------	------

(b) 5 VDC current consumption of each module

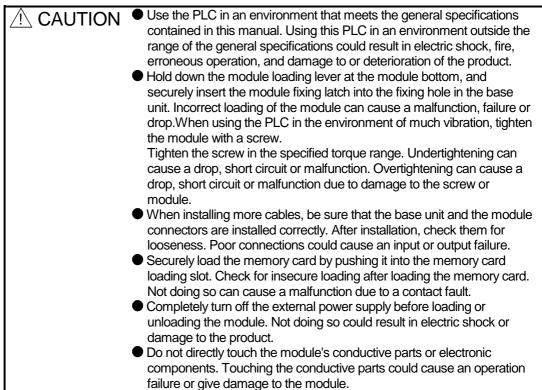
Q02HCPU	: 0.64 (A)
QX40	: 0.05 (A)
QY10	: 0.43 (A)
QJ71LP21-25	: 0.55 (A)
Q35B	: 0.074 (Á)

- (c) Power consumption of power supply module WPW =  $3/7 \times (0.64+0.05+0.05+0.43+0.55+0.074) \times 5) = 3.84$  (W)
- (d) Power consumption of a total of 5 VDC logic section of each module W5∨ = (0.64+0.05+0.05+0.43+0.55+0.074)×5) = 8.97 (W)
- (e) A total of 24 VDC average power consumption of the output module W24V = 0 (W)

- (f) Average power consumption due to voltage drop in the output section of the output module
   WOUT = 0 (W)
- (g) Average power consumption of the input section of the input module WIN = 0.004  $\times$  24  $\times$  32  $\times$  1 = 3.07 (W)
- (h) Power consumption of the power supply section of the intelligent function module
   Ws = 0 (W)
- (i) Power consumption of overall system. W = 3.84 + 8.97 + 0 + 0 + 3.07 + 0 = 15.88 (W)

# 9.3 Module Installation

9.3.1 Precaution on installation



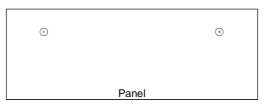
This section gives instructions for handling the CPU, I/O, intelligent function and power supply modules, base units and so on.

- (1) Module enclosure, terminal block connectors and pin connectors are made of resin; do not drop them or subject them to strong impact.
- (2) Do not remove modules' printed circuit boards from the enclosure in order to avoid changes in operation.
- (3) Tighten the module fixing screws and terminal block screws within the tightening torque range specified below.

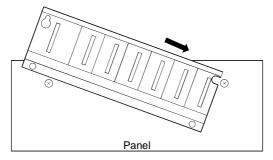
Location of Screw	Tightening Torque Range
Module fixing screw (M3 $ imes$ 12 screw)	36 to 48 N • cm
I/O module terminal block screw (M3 screw)	42 to 58 N • cm
I/O module terminal block fixing screw (M3.5 screw)	66 to 89 N ⋅ cm
Power supply module terminal screw (M3.5 screw)	66 to 89 N • cm

- (4) Be sure to install the power supply module in the Q3□B, Q6□B and QA1S6□B. Even if the power supply module is not installed, when the I/O modules and intelligent function module installed on the base units are of light load type, the modules may be operated. In this case, because a voltage becomes unstable, we cannot guarantee the operation.
- (5) When an extension cable is used, do not bind the cable together with the main circuit (high voltage, heavy current) line or lay them close to each other.

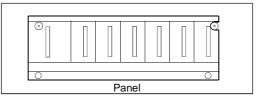
- (6) Install the main base unit (by screwing) in the following procedure.
  - 1) Fit the two base unit top mounting screws into the enclosure.



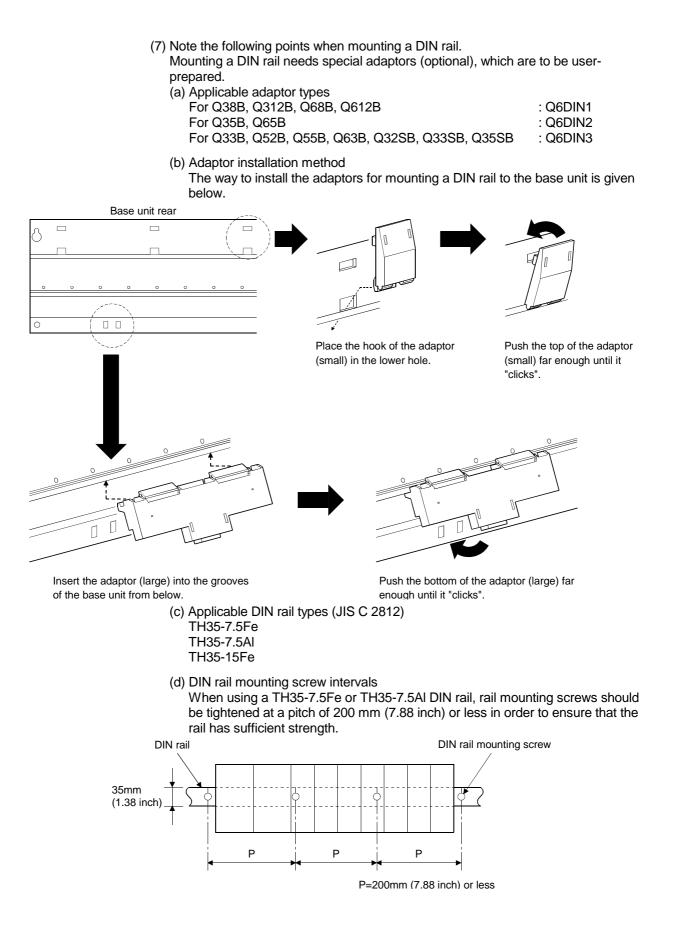
2) Place the right-hand side notch of the base unit onto the right-hand side screw.

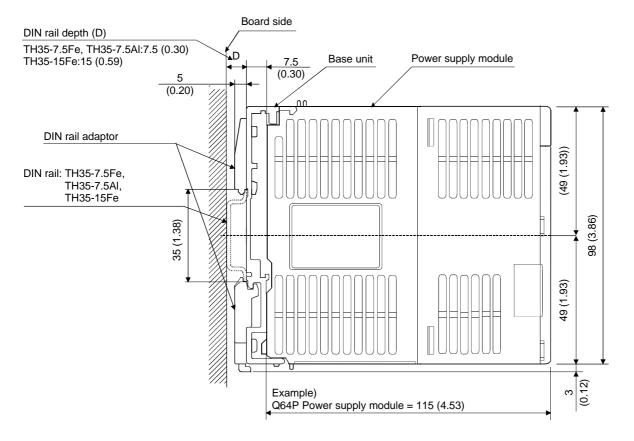


3) Place the left-hand side pear-shaped hole onto the left-hand side screw.



- 4) Fit the mounting screws into the mounting screw holes in the base unit bottom and retighten the four mounting screws.
- Note1 : Install the main base unit to a panel, with no module loaded in the right-end slot.
  - Remove the base unit after unloading the module from the right-end slot.
- Note2 : The mounting screws that included with the slim type main base unit differ from those included with other types of the base unit. When ordering mounting screws for the slim type main base unit, specify "cross recessed head bind screw M4 x 12 (black)."





(e) Side dimensions when DIN rail is attached.

Unit: mm (inch)

MELSEC-Q

# 9.3.2 Instructions for mounting the base unit

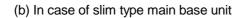
When mounting the PLC to an enclosure or similar, fully consider its operability, maintainability and environmental resistance.

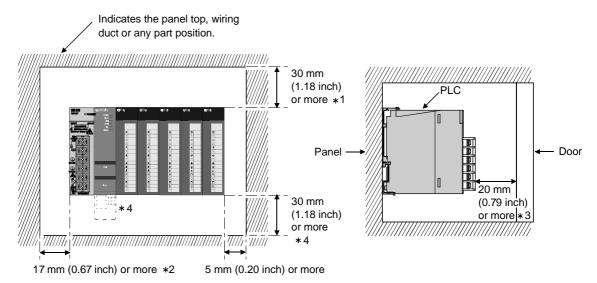
(1) Module mounting position

For enhanced ventilation and ease of module replacement, leave the following clearances between the module top/bottom and structure/parts. (a) In case of main base unit or extension base unit

Indicates the panel top, wiring duct or any part position. 30mm (1.18 inch) PLC or more \* 1 Panel Door 20mm 30mm (0.79 inch) \*4 (1.18 inch) or more \*3 or more 7777 777 111 \* 4 5mm (0.20 inch) or more \*2 5mm (0.20 inch) or more

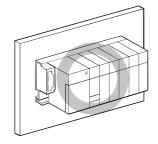
- \*1 : For wiring duct with 50mm (1.97 inch) or less height.40mm (1.58 inch) or more for other cases.
- \*2 : 20mm (0.79 inch) or more when the adjacent module is not removed and the extension cable is connected.
- \*3:80mm (3.15 inch) or more for the connector type.
- \*4: 45mm (1.77 inch) or more when the Q7BAT is mounted.



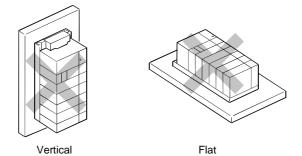


- \*1 : For wiring duct with 50 (1.97 inch) mm or less height.40 mm (1.58 inch) or more for other cases.
- \*2 : The cable of the power supply module of the slim type main base unit protrudes out of the left end of the module. Install the module while reserving 17 mm (0.67 inch) or more wiring space. If the cable sheath is susceptible to damage caused by a structural object or part on the left side of the module, take a protective measure with spiral tube or a similar insulator.
- \*3:80 mm (3.15 inch) mm or more for the connector type.
- \*4 : 45mm (1.77 inch) or more when the Q7BAT is mounted.

- (2) Module mounting orientation
  - (a) Since the PLC generates heat, it should be mounted on a well ventilated location in the orientation shown below.



(b) Do not mount it in either of the orientations shown below.



(3) Installation surface

Mount the base unit on a flat surface. If the mounting surface is not even, this may strain the printed circuit boards and cause malfunctions.

(4) Installation of unit in an area where the other devices are installed Avoid mounting base unit in proximity to vibration sources such as large magnetic contractors and no-fuse circuit breakers; mount these on a separate panel or at a distance.

### (5) Distances from the other devices

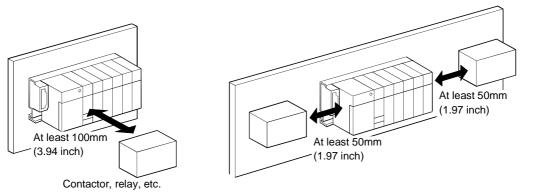
In order to avoid the effects of radiated noise and heat, provide the clearances indicated below between the PLC and devices that generate noise or heat (contactors and relays).

2

Required clearance in front of PLC

at least 100 mm (3.94 inch) at least 50 mm (1.97 inch)

• Required clearance on the right and left of PLC :



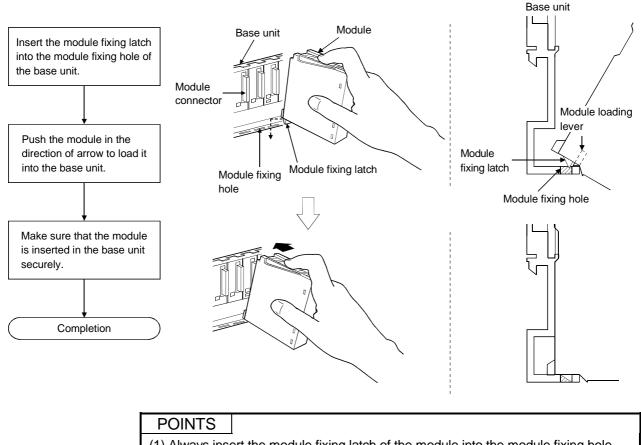
# 9.3.3 Installation and removal of module

This section explains how to install and remove a power supply, CPU, I/O, intelligent function or another module to and from the base unit.

 Installation and removal of the module from Q3□B, ,Q5□B and Q6□B

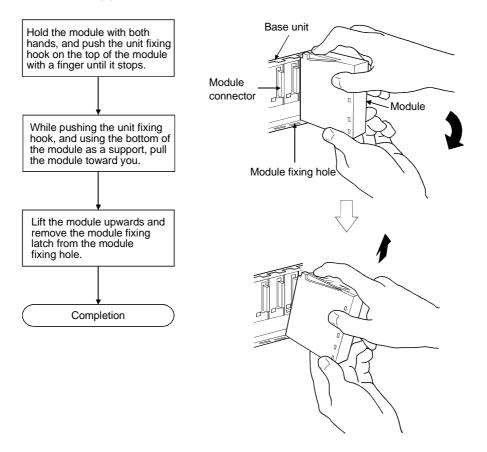
The installation and removal of the module from Q3□B/Q6□B base unit are described below.

(a) Installation of module on Q3□B, Q5□B and Q6□B



- Always insert the module fixing latch of the module into the module fixing hole. Forcing the hook into the hole will damage the module connector and module.
- (2) When using the PLC in a place where there is large vibration or impact, screw the CPU module to the base unit.

Module fixing screw : M3 imes 12 (user-prepared)



### (b) Removal from Q3□B, Q5□B and Q6□B

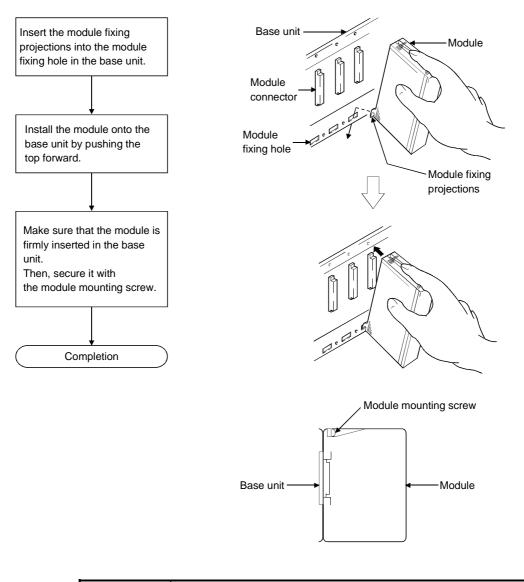
# POINT

When the module fixing screw is used, always remove the module by removing the module fixing screw and then taking the module fixing latch off the module fixing hole of the base unit.

Do not try to remove the module forcibly since this may damage the module.

(2) Installation and removal of the module from QA1S6□B The procedure for installing and removing the module from the QA1S6□B base unit is described below.

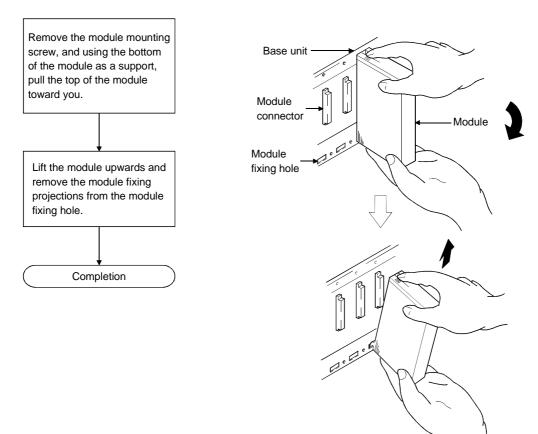
(a) Installation of module on QA1S6□B



# POINT

Make sure to install the module, with the module fixing projection inserted into the module fixing hole, using the module fixing screws.

Do not try to forcibly install the module without inserting the projection into the hole, since this may damage the module connector and the module.



#### (b) Removal from QA1S6□B

# POINT

To remove the module, make sure to remove the module fixing screws, and then disengage the module fixing projection from the module fixing hole. Do not try to remove the module forcibly since this may damage the module fixing projection.

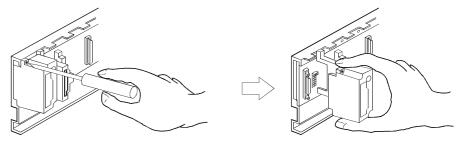
### 9.4 How to Set Stage Numbers for the Extension Base Unit

When using two or more extension base units, their stage numbers must be set with their stage number setting connectors. Extension 1 need not be set since the extension number is factory-set to 1.

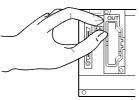
Make this setting in the following procedure.

(1) The stage number setting connector of the extension base unit is located under the IN side base cover. (Refer to Section 6.4 for the setting of the extension number setting connector.)

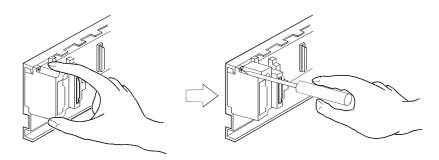
First, loosen the upper and lower screws in the IN side base cover and remove the base cover from the extension base unit.



(2) Insert the connector pin in the required stage number location of the connector (PIN1) existing between the IN and OUT sides of the extension cable connector.



(3) Install the base cover to the extension base unit and tighten the base cover screw. (Tightening torque: 36 to 48N • cm)



### 9.5 Connection and Disconnection of Extension Cable

- (1) Instructions for handling an extension cable
  - Do not stamp an extension cable.
    - An extension cable must be connected to the base unit when the base cover has been installed.

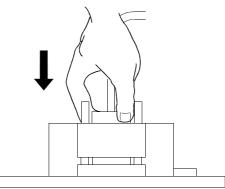
(After you have set the extension number to the extension base unit, reinstall and screw the base cover.)

• When running an extension cable, the minimum bending radius of the cable should be 55mm (2.17 inch) or more.

If it is less than 55mm (2.17 inch), a malfunction may occur due to characteristic deterioration, open cable or the like.

• When connecting or disconnecting an extension cable, do not hold the ferrite cores mounted at both ends of the cable.

Hold the connector part of the cable for connection or disconnection.



Holding the ferrite core may cause the cable to open within the connector. Also, if the ferrite core is shifted, the characteristic will change. When handling the cable, take care not to shift the ferrite core positions.

(2) Connection of extension cable

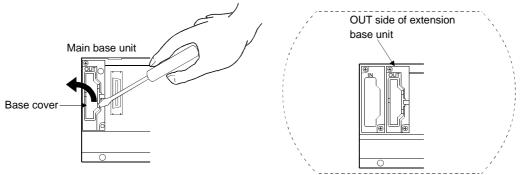
#### POINT

When connecting an extension base unit to the main base unit with an extension cable, always plug the OUT side connector of the main base unit and the IN side connector of the extension base unit with an extension cable. The system will not operate properly if the extension cable is connected in the form of IN to IN, OUT to OUT or IN to OUT.

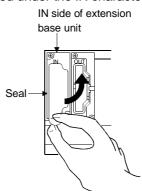
When connecting two or more extension base units, plug the OUT side connector of the first extension base unit and the IN side connector of the second extension base unit with an extension cable.

(a) To connect an extension cable to the main base unit, remove the portion under the OUT characters on the base cover with a tool such as a flat-blade screwdriver (5.5  $\times$  75, 6  $\times$  100).

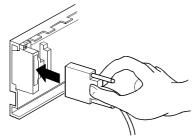
This also applies to a case where an extension cable is connected to the OUT side connector of the extension base unit.



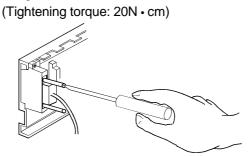
(b) To connect the extension cable to the next extension base unit, remove the seal applied under the IN characters on the base cover.



(c) When plugging the extension cable to any base unit, hold the connector part of the extension cable.



(d) After fitting the extension cable, always tighten the extension cable connector fixing screws.



# (3) Disconnection of extension cable

When unplugging the extension cable, hold and pull the connector part of the extension cable after making sure that the fixing screws have been removed completely.

## 9.6 Wiring

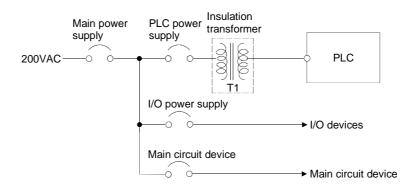
9.6.1 The precautions on the wiring

() DANGER	<ul> <li>Completely turn off the external power supply when installing or placing wiring. Not completely turning off all power could result in electric shock or damage to the product.</li> <li>When turning on the power supply or operating the module after installation or wiring work, be sure that the module's terminal covers are correctly attached. Not attaching the terminal cover could result in electric shock.</li> </ul>
CAUTION	<ul> <li>Be sure to ground the FG terminals and LG terminals to the protective ground conductor. Not doing so could result in electric shock or erroneous operation.</li> <li>When wiring in the PLC, be sure that it is done correctly by checking the product's rated voltage and the terminal layout. Connecting a power supply that is different from the rating or incorrectly wiring the product could result in fire or damage.</li> <li>External connections shall be crimped or pressure welded with the specified tools, or correctly soldered. Imperfect connections could result in short circuit, fires, or erroneous operation.</li> <li>Tighten the terminal screws with the specified torque. If the terminal screws are loose, it could result in short circuits, fire, or erroneous operation.</li> <li>Tightening the terminal screws too far may cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.</li> <li>Be sure there are no foreign substances such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fires, damage, or erroneous operation.</li> <li>The module has an ingress prevention label on its top to prevent foreign matter, such as wire offcuts, from entering the module during wiring.</li> <li>Do not peel this label during wiring.</li> <li>Before starting system operation, be sure to peel this label because of heat dissipation.</li> </ul>

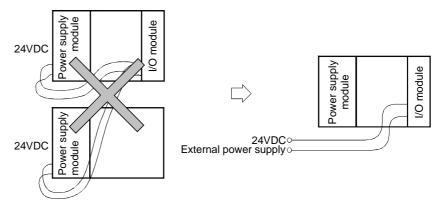
The precautions on the connection of the power cables are described below.

- (1) Power supply wiring
  - (a) Separate the PLC's power supply line from the lines for I/O devices and power devices as shown below.

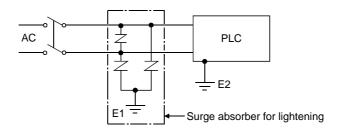
When there is much noise, connect an insulation transformer.



(b) Do not connect the 24VDC outputs of two or more power supply modules in parallel to supply power to one I/O module. Parallel connection will damage the power supply modules.



- (c) 100VAC, 200VAC and 24VDC wires should be twisted as dense as possible. Connect the modules with the shortest distance.
   Also, to reduce the voltage drop to the minimum, use the thickest wires possible (maximum 2mm<sup>2</sup>).
- (d) Do not bundle the 100VAC and 24VDC wires with, or run them close to, the main circuit (high voltage, large current) and I/O signal lines. Reserve a distance of at least 100 mm from adjacent wires.
- (e) As a countermeasure to power surge due to lightening, connect a surge absorber for lightening as shown below.

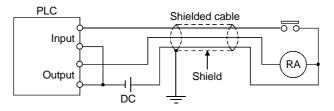


### POINT

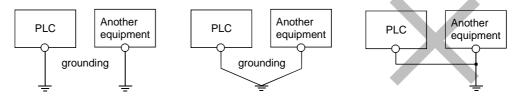
- (1) Separate the ground of the surge absorber for lightening (E1) from that of the PLC (E2).
- (2) Select a surge absorber for lightening whose power supply voltage does no exceed the maximum allowable circuit voltage even at the time of maximum power supply voltage elevation.

#### (2) Wiring of I/O equipment

- (a) Insulation-sleeved crimping terminals cannot be used with the terminal block. It is recommended to cover the wire connections of the crimping terminals with mark or insulation tubes.
- (b) The wires used for connection to the terminal block should be 0.3 to 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> in core and 2.8mm (0.11 inch) max. in outside diameter.
- (c) Run the input and output lines away from each other.
- (d) When the wiring cannot be run away from the main circuit and power lines, use a batch-shielded cable and ground it on the PLC side.In some cases, ground it in the opposite side.



- (e) Where wiring runs through piping, ground the piping without fail.
- (f) Run the 24VDC input line away from the 100VAC and 200VAC lines.
- (g) Wiring of 200m (686.67 ft.) or longer distance will give rise to leakage currents due to the line capacity, resulting in a fault. Refer to Section 11.5 for details.
- (3) Grounding
  - To ground the cable, follow the steps (a) to (c) shown below.
  - (a) Use the dedicated grounding as far as possible.
  - (b) When a dedicated grounding cannot be performed, use (2) Common Grounding shown below.



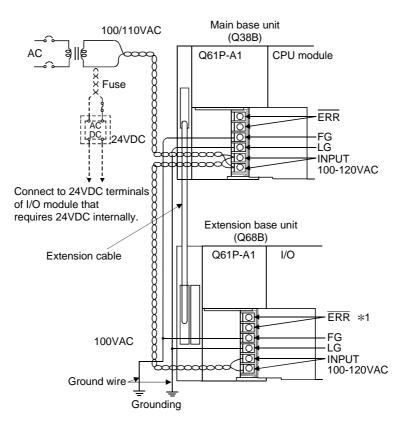
(1) Independent grounding.....Best (2) Common grounding.....Good

(3) Joint grounding.....Not allowed

- (c) For grounding a cable, use the cable of 2 mm<sup>2</sup> or more.
  - Position the ground-contact point as closely to the sequencer as possible, and reduce the length of the grounding cable as much as possible.

### 9.6.2 Connecting to the power supply module

The following diagram shows the wiring example of power lines, grounding lines, etc. to the main and extension base units.



#### POINTS

- (1) Use the thickest possible (max. 2 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)) wires for the 100/200 VAC and 24 VDC power cables. Be sure to twist these wires starting at the connection terminals. To prevent a short-circuit should any screws loosen, use solderless terminals with insulation sleeves.
- (2) When the LG terminals and FG terminals are connected, be sure to ground the wires. Do not connect the LG terminals and FG terminals to anything other than ground. If LG terminals and FG terminals are connected without grounding the wires, the PLC may be susceptible to noise.

In addition, since the LG terminals have potential, the operator may receive an electric shock when touching metal parts.

(3) \*1 An error cannot be output from the ERR terminal of the power supply module loaded on the extension base.
 To output an error, use the ERR terminal of the power supply module loaded on the main base unit.

# **10 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION**

() DANGER	<ul> <li>Do not touch the terminals while power is on. Doing so could cause shock.</li> <li>Correctly connect the battery. Also, do not charge, disassemble, heat, place in fire, short circuit, or solder the battery. Mishandling of a battery can cause overheating or cracks which could result in injury and fires.</li> <li>Turn the power off when cleaning the module or tightening the terminal screws or module mounting screws. Conducting these operations when the power is on could result in electric shock. Loose terminal screws may cause short circuits or malfunctions. Failure to mount the module properly will result in short circuit, malfunction or in the module falling.</li> </ul>
CAUTION	<ul> <li>In order to ensure safe operation, read the manual carefully to acquaint yourself with procedures for program change, forced outputs, RUN, STOP, and PAUSE operations, etc., while operation is in progress.</li> <li>Operation mistakes could cause damage to the equipment and other problems.</li> <li>Never try to disassemble of modify module. It may cause product failure, malfunction, fire or cause injury.</li> <li>When using any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or a PHS phone, keep them away from the controller at least 25 cm (9.85 inch) or it may cause a malfunction.</li> <li>Turn the power off when installing or removing the modules. Trying to install or remove the module while the power is on could damage the module or result in erroneous operation.</li> <li>Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.</li> <li>Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery.</li> <li>Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.</li> </ul>

In order that you can use the PLC in normal and optimal condition at all times, this section describes those items that must be maintained or inspected daily or at regular intervals.

# 10.1 Daily Inspection

### The items that must be inspected daily are listed below.

#### Daily inspection

Item		Inspection Item	Inspection	Judgment Criteria	Remedy											
1	Inst	allation of base unit	Check that fixing screws are not loose and the cover is not dislocated.	The screws and cover must be installed securely.	Further tighten the screws.											
2	2 Installation of I/O module		Check that the module is not dislocated and the unit fixing hook is engaged securely.	The unit fixing hook must be engaged and installed securely.	Securely engaged the unit fixing hook.											
			Check for loose terminal screws.	Screws should not be loose.	Retighten terminal screws											
3	Cor	nnecting conditions	Check distance between Solderless terminals.	The proper clearance should be provided between Solderless terminals	Correct.											
			Check connectors of extension cable.	Connections should no be loose.	Retighten connector mounting screws.											
		Power supply "POWER" LED	Check that the LED is ON.	The LED must be ON. (Abnormal if the LED is OFF.)												
	CPU "RUN" LED													Check that the LED is ON in RUN status.	The LED must be ON. (Abnormal if the LED is OFF.)	
																CPU "ERR." LED
		CPU "BAT." LED				Check that the LED is OFF.	The LED must be OFF. (Abnormal if the LED is ON.)									
4	4 Module indicatio		Check that the LED turns ON and OFF.	The LED must be ON when the input power is turned ON. The LED must be extinguished when the input power is turned OFF. (Abnormal if the LED does not turn ON or turn OFF as indicated above.)	Follow Section 10.2.											
			Check that the LED turns ON and OFF.	The LED turns ON when the output power is turned ON. The LED must be extinguished when the output power is turned OFF. (Abnormal if the LED does not turn ON or turn OFF as indicated above.)												

# 10.2 Periodic Inspection

The items that must be inspected one or two times every 6 months to 1 year are listed below.

When the equipment is moved or modified, or layout of the wiring is changed, also perform this inspection.

Item		Inspection Item	Inspection	Judgment Criteria	Remedy		
	nment	Ambient temperature		0 to 55 °C	When the sequencer is		
1	Ambient humidity		Measure with a thermometer and a hygrometer. Measure corrosive gas.	5 to 95 %RH *1	used in the board, the ambient temperature in the board becomes the		
	Ambient	Atmosphere		Corrosive gas must not be present.	ambient temperature.		
2	Ρον	ver voltage	Measure a voltage across the terminals of 100/200VAC and	85 to 132VAC 170 to 264VAC	Change the power		
			24VDC.	15.6 to 31.2VDC	supply.		
	ation	Looseness, rattling	Move the module to check for looseness and rattling.	The module must be installed fixedly.	Further tighten screws. If the CPU, I/O, or power supply module is loose, fix it with screws.		
3	Adhesion of dirt and foreign matter		_		Check visually.	Dirt and foreign matter must not be present.	Remove and clean.
	ç	Looseness of terminal screws	Try to further tighten screws with a screwdriver.	Screws must not be loose.	Further tighten.		
4	nec	Proximity of solderless terminals to each other	Check visually.	Solderless terminals must be positioned at proper intervals.	Correct.		
	U U	Looseness of connectors	Check visually.	Connectors must not be loose.	Further tighten connector fixing screws.		
5			check on the monitor mode of the GX Developer that SM51 or SM52 is turned OFF.	(Preventive maintenance)	Even if the lowering of a battery capacity is not shown, replace the battery with a new one if a specified service life of the battery is exceeded.		

#### Periodic Inspection

\*1 When AnS Series Module is included in the system, the judgement criteria will be from 10 to 90 % RH.

#### 10.3 Battery Replacement

When the voltage of the program and power interrupt hold-on function backup battery is lowered, the special relays SM51 and SM52 are energized.

Even if these special relays are energized, the contents of the program and power interrupt hold-on function are not erased immediately.

If the energization of these relays is recognized, however, these contents may be deleted unintentionally.

While a total of the power interrupt hold-on time after the SM51 is energized is within a specified time, replace the battery with a new one.

#### POINTS

The SM51 is used to give an alarm when the capacity of the battery is lowered. Even after it is energized, the data is held for a specified time.

For safety, however, replace the battery with a new one as early as possible.

The SM52 is energized when the battery causes a complete discharge error.

Immediately after the relay has been energized, replace the battery with a new one.

Whichever voltage of the battery of the CPU module and SRAM card is lowered, the SM51 and SM52 are energized.

To identify the specific battery of the memory of which voltage is lowered, check the contents of the special resisters SD51 and SD52.

When the voltage of the battery of each memory is lowered, the bit corresponding to each of SD51 and SD52 memories is turned on.

Bit No. of SD51 and SD52	Object
Bit 0	CPU module
Bit 1, 2	SRAM card

### POINTS

The relation between the backups of the memories preformed by the batteries which are installed on the CPU module and SRAM card is described below.

- The items that must be considered are the following two points.
- 1) The battery installed on the CPU module cannot backup the memory of the SRAM card.
- 2) The battery installed on the SRAM card cannot backup the memory of the CPU module.

Power supply Module	Battery of CPU Module	Battery of SRAM Card	Memory of CPU Module	Memory of SRAM Card
Module	IVIOUUIE		IVIOUUIE	SKAW Calu
	Connection	ON	0	<u> </u>
ON	Connocaon	OFF	0	0
	Unconnection	ON	0	0
	Unconnection	OFF	0	0
	Connection	ON	0	0
OFF	Connection	OFF	0	×
UPP	Unconnection	ON	×	0
	Unconnection	OFF	×	×

O: Backup enable X: Backup unable

The standard service life and replacement procedures of the battery is described on the next page.

### (1) Battery (Q6BAT, Q7BAT) lives of CPU modules

The battery lives change depending on the serial No. (first five digits) and type of the CPU module.

(a) The following table indicates the battery lives of the CPU modules.

1) CPU modules whose first five digits of serial No. are "05011" or later

		Battery life					
	Power-on		Q6BAT			Q7BAT	
CPU Module Type	Time Ratio	Guaranteed	Actual	After SM52 ON	Guaranteed	Actual	After SM52 ON
Of O Woodie Type	*1	value	operation value	(Guaranteed	value	operation value	(Guaranteed
		(70°C)	(40°C)	time after alarm	(70°C)	(40°C)	time after alarm
		*2	*3	occurrence)	*2	*3	occurrence)
	0%	30000 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	0%	3.42 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	30%	42857 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	30%	4.89 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
Q02CPU	50%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
Q0201 0	30%	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	70%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	10%	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	100 %	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	0%	2341 hr	6435 hr	120 hr	5000 hr	14000 hr	240 hr
	078	0.26 years	0.73 years	5 days	0.57 years	1.59 years	10 days
	30%	3344 hr	9192 hr	120 hr	7142 hr	20000 hr	240 hr
	30%	0.38 years	1.04 years	5 days	0.81 years	2.28 years	10 days
Q02HCPU	50%	4682 hr	12870 hr	120 hr	10000 hr	28000 hr	240 hr
Q06HCPU	30%	0.53 years	1.46 years	5 days	1.14 years	3.19 years	10 days
	70%	7803 hr	21450 hr	120 hr	16666 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	70%	0.89 years	2.44 years	5 days	1.90 years	5.00 years	10 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	100%	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	0%	1260 hr	4228 hr	48 hr	2900 hr	9700 hr	96 hr
	078	0.14 years	0.48 years	2 days	0.33 years	1.10 years	4 days
	30%	1800 hr	6040 hr	48 hr	4142 hr	13857 hr	96 hr
	30%	0.20 years	0.68 years	2 days	0.47 years	1.58 years	4 days
Q12HCPU	50%	2520 hr	8456 hr	48 hr	5800 hr	19400 hr	96 hr
Q25HCPU	50%	0.28 years	0.96 years	2 days	0.66 years	2.21 years	4 days
	70%	4200 hr	14093 hr	48 hr	9666 hr	32333 hr	96 hr
	1070	0.47 years	1.60 years	2 days	1.10 years	3.69 years	4 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	48 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	96 hr
	100%	5.00 years	5.00 years	2 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	4 days

\*1: The power-on time ratio indicates the ratio of PLC power-on time to one day (24 hours).

(When the total power-on time is 12 hours and the total power-off time is 12 hours, the power-on time ratio is 50%.)

\*2: The guaranteed value is a value at the storage ambient temperature of -25 to 75°C (operating ambient temperature of 0 to 55°C).

\*3: The actual operation value is a value at the storage ambient temperature of 40°C (operating ambient temperature of 25°C).

				Batte	ry life		
	Power-on		Q6BAT			Q7BAT	
CPU Module Type	Time Ratio	Guaranteed	Actual	After SM52 ON	Guaranteed	Actual	After SM52 ON
	*1	value	operation value	(Guaranteed	value	operation value	(Guaranteed
		(70°C)	(40°C)	time after alarm	(70°C)	(40°C)	time after alarm
		*2	*3	occurrence)	*2	*3	occurrence)
	0%	5433 hr	13120 hr	120 hr	13000 hr	31000 hr	240 hr
	0%	0.62 years	1.49 years	5 days	1.48 years	3.53 years	10 days
	200/	7761 hr	18742 hr	120 hr	18571 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	30%	0.88 years	2.13 years	5 days	2.11 years	5.00 years	10 days
Q02CPU	50%	10866 hr	26240 hr	120 hr	26000 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
QUZCFU	50%	1.24 years	2.99 years	5 days	2.96 years	5.00 years	10 days
	70%	18110 hr	43733 hr	120 hr	43333 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	70%	2.06 years	4.99 years	5 days	4.94 years	5.00 years	10 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	100%	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	0%	2341 hr	6435 hr	120 hr	5000 hr	14000 hr	240 hr
		0.26 years	0.73 years	5 days	0.57 years	1.59 years	10 days
	30%	3344 hr	9192 hr	120 hr	7142 hr	20000 hr	240 hr
	30%	0.38 years	1.04 years	5 days	0.81 years	2.28 years	10 days
Q02HCPU	50%	4682 hr	12870 hr	120 hr	10000 hr	28000 hr	240 hr
Q06HCPU	50%	0.53 years	1.46 years	5 days	1.14 years	3.19 years	10 days
	70%	7803 hr	21450 hr	120 hr	16666 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	70%	0.89 years	2.44 years	5 days	1.90 years	5.00 years	10 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	120 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	240 hr
	100 %	5.00 years	5.00 years	5 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	10 days
	0%	1260 hr	4228 hr	48 hr	2900 hr	9700 hr	96 hr
	078	0.14 years	0.48 years	2 days	0.33 years	1.10 years	4 days
	30%	1800 hr	6040 hr	48 hr	4142 hr	13857 hr	96 hr
	30%	0.20 years	0.68 years	2 days	0.47 years	1.58 years	4 days
Q12HCPU	50%	2520 hr	8456 hr	48 hr	5800 hr	19400 hr	96 hr
Q25HCPU	50%	0.28 years	0.96 years	2 days	0.66 years	2.21 years	4 days
	70%	4200 hr	14093 hr	48 hr	9666 hr	32333 hr	96 hr
	10%	0.47 years	1.60 years	2 days	1.10 years	3.69 years	4 days
	100%	43800 hr	43800 hr	48 hr	43800 hr	43800 hr	96 hr
	100 /0	5.00 years	5.00 years	2 days	5.00 years	5.00 years	4 days

2) CPU modules whose first five digits of serial No. are less than "05011"

\*1: The power-on time ratio indicates the ratio of PLC power-on time to one day (24 hours).

(When the total power-on time is 12 hours and the total power-off time is 12 hours, the power-on time ratio is 50%.)

\*2: The guaranteed value is a value at the storage ambient temperature of -25 to 75°C (operating ambient temperature of 0 to 55°C).

\*3: The actual operation value is a value at the storage ambient temperature of 40°C (operating ambient temperature of 25°C).

- (b) When the battery (Q6BAT, Q7BAT) is not connected to the CPU module, its service life is five years.
- (c) When the battery-low special relay SM52 turns on, immediately change the battery.

However, if the alarm has not yet occurred, it is recommended to change the battery periodically according to the operating condition.

# (2) SRAM card battery life

The SRAM card battery life changes depending on the combination of the serial number (first 5 digits) of the CPU module and the manufacturing control number of the memory card.

The SRAM card battery life is indicated below.

	Energization		Battery life				
SRAM card	Time Ratio *1	Guaranteed value (MIN)	Value in actual use (TYP)	After SM52 is energized (Guaranteed time after alarm occurrence)			
Q2MEM-1MBS Manufacturing control number	0%	690hr 0.07years	6336hr 0.72years	8hr			
"□□A" *2	100%	11784hr 1.34years	13872hr 1.58years	8hr			
	0%	2400hr 0.27years	23660hr 2.7years	20hr			
Q2MEM-1MBS	30%	2880hr 0.32years	31540hr 3.6years	20hr			
Manufacturing control number "□□B"	50%	4320hr 0.49years	39420hr 4.5years	20hr			
*2	*2 70%	6480hr 0.73years	43800hr 5.0years	20hr			
	100%	43800hr 5.0years	43800hr 5.0years	50hr			
	0%	2400hr 0.27years	23660hr 2.7years	20hr			
	30%	2880hr 0.32years	31540hr 3.6years	20hr			
Q2MEM-2MBS	50%	4320hr 0.49years	39420hr 4.5years	20hr			
	70%	6480hr 0.73years	43800hr 5.0years	20hr			
	100%	43800hr 5.0years	43800hr 5.0years	50hr			

(a) CPU module whose serial number's first 5 digits are "04012" or later

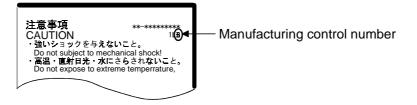
	Enorgization		Battery life	
SRAM card	Energization Time Ratio *1	Guaranteed value (MIN)	Value in actual use (TYP)	After SM52 is energized (Guaranteed time after alarm occurrence)
Q2MEM-1MBS Manufacturing control number	0%	690hr 0.07years	6336hr 0.72years	8hr
"□□A"}*2 "□□B"}*2 Q2MEM-2MBS	100%	11784hr 1.34years	13872hr 1.58years	8hr

(b) CPU module whose serial number's first 5 digits are "04011" or earlier

\*1: The power-on time ratio indicates the ratio of PLC power-on time to one day (24 hours).

(When the total power-on time is 12 hours and the total power-off time is 12 hours, the power-on time ratio is 50%.)

\*2: The manufacturing management number is given on the SRAM card rear label (see below).



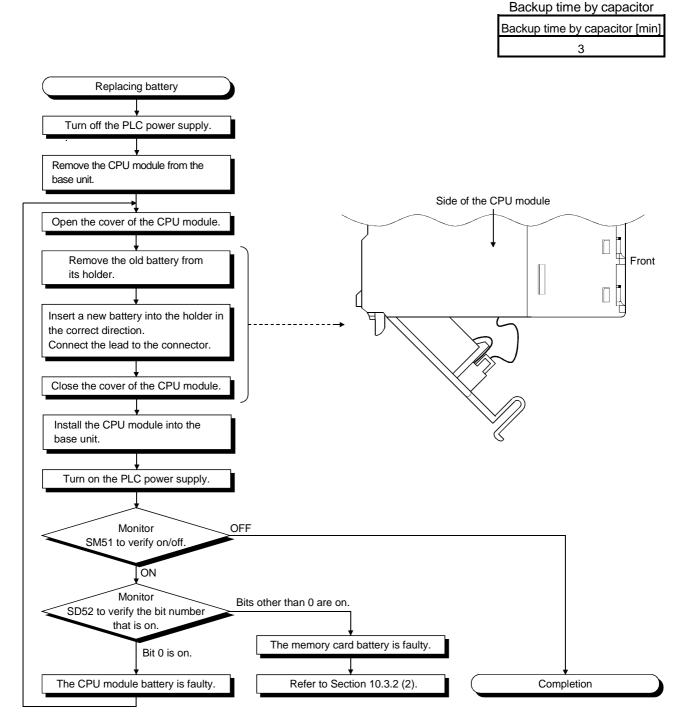
# POINT

Remember that the SRAM card consumes battery power even when the battery is connected to the CPU module and the power is turned ON.

When the battery-low special relay SM52 turns on, immediately change the battery. If an alarm has not yet occurred, it is recommended to replace the battery periodically according to the conditions of use.

(1) CPU module Q6BAT battery replacement procedure

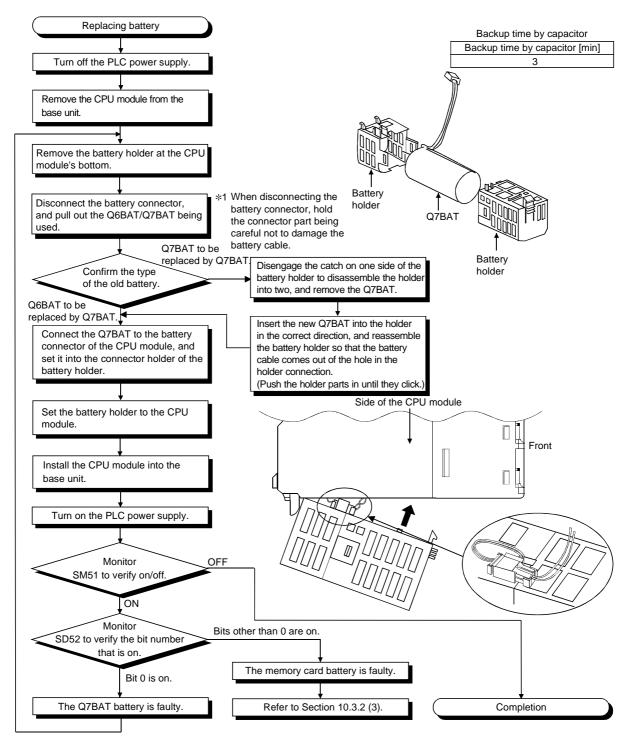
When the CPU module battery has been exhausted, replace the Q6BAT battery with a new one according to the procedure shown below. The PLC power must be on for 10 minutes or longer before dismounting the battery. Even when the battery is dismounted, the memories are backed up by the capacitor for a while. However, if the replacement time exceeds the guaranteed value specified in the table below, the contents stored in the memories may be erased. To prevent this trouble, replace the battery speedily.



(2) CPU module Q7BAT battery replacement procedure

When the Q6BAT/Q7BAT battery of the CPU module has been exhausted, replace the battery in the following procedure. The PLC power must be on for 10 minutes or longer before dismounting the battery. Even when the battery is dismounted, the memories are backed up by the capacitor for a while. However, if the replacement time exceeds the guaranteed

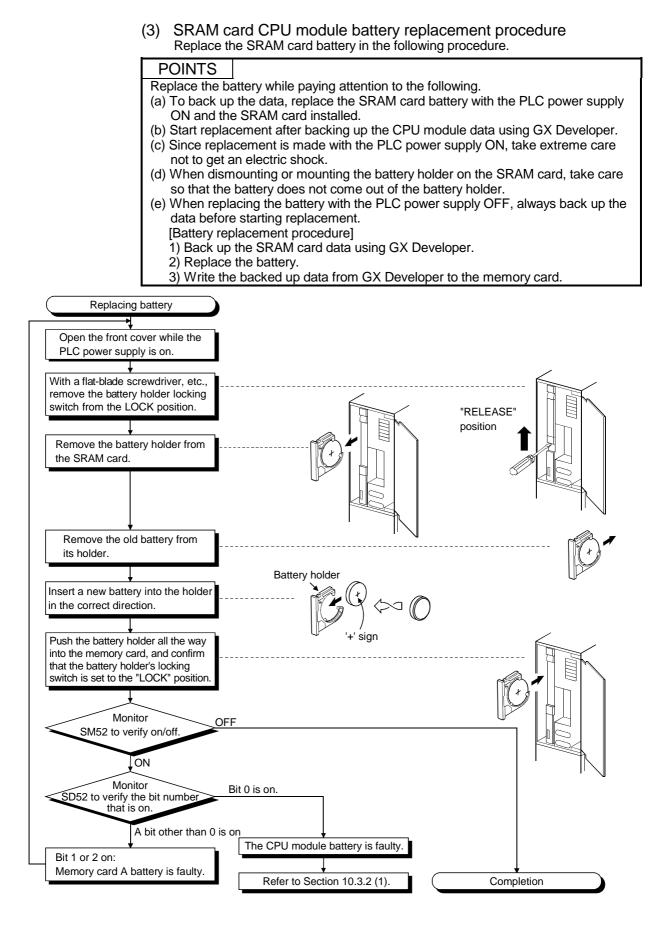
value specified in the table below, the contents stored in the memories may be erased. To prevent this trouble, replace the battery speedily.



## POINT

When the MELSEC-Q series is used as a UL-certified product, the Q7BAT battery must be replaced by service personnel.

The service personnel are defined as experienced technicians who have been sufficiently educated and trained, and are capable of perceiving and avoiding operational hazard.



#### 10.4 When Resuming Operation after Storage of PLC without Battery

When the PLC operation is to be resumed after being stored with the battery removed, the memories in the CPU module and memory card may be corrupted. Hence, before resuming operation, always format the memories using GX Developer. After formatting the memories, write the memory contents backed up prior to storage to each memory.

The following table indicates the relationships between the battery and battery-backed memories.

Memory	Battery	Q6BAT or Q7BAT of QCPU Module	Battery Built in Memory Card
	Program memory	0	×
CPU module	Standard RAM	0	×
	Standard ROM	<ul> <li>Battery back</li> </ul>	kup not needed)
	SRAM card	×	0
Memory card	Flash card	<ul> <li>– (Battery back</li> </ul>	kup not needed)
	ATA card	<ul> <li>– (Battery back</li> </ul>	kup not needed)

 $\bigcirc$ : Battery backed,  $\times$ : Not battery backed

Format the battery-backed memories in the above table using GX Developer before resuming operation.

Refer to the GX Developer manual for the memory formatting operation.

POINTS	
Before storing	the PLC, always back up the contents of each memory.

### 10.5 When Resuming PLC Operation after Storage of PLC with Battery Gone Flat

When the PLC is to be used after being stored for some period of time and the battery has gone flat during storage, the memories in the CPU module and memory card may be corrupted.

Hence, before resuming operation, always format the memories using GX Developer. After formatting the memories, write the memory contents backed up prior to storage to each memory.

The following table indicates the relationships between the battery and battery-backed memories.

Memory	Battery	Q6BAT or Q7BAT of QCPU Module	Battery Built in Memory Card
	Program memory	0	×
CPU module	Standard RAM	0	×
	Standard ROM	<ul> <li>(Battery backup not needed)</li> </ul>	
	SRAM card	×	0
Memory card	Flash card	<ul> <li>(Battery backup not needed)</li> </ul>	
	ATA card	<ul> <li>Battery backup not needed)</li> </ul>	

 $\bigcirc$ : Battery backed,  $\times$ : Not battery backed

Format the battery-backed memories in the above table using GX Developer before resuming operation.

Refer to the GX Developer manual for the memory formatting operation.

POINTS
--------

Before storing the PLC, always back up the contents of each memory.

# **11 TROUBLESHOOTING**

This section describes the various types of trouble that occur when the system is operated, and causes and remedies of these troubles.

#### 11.1 Troubleshooting Basics

In order to increase the reliability of the system, not only highly reliable devices are used but also the speedy startup of the system after the occurrence of trouble becomes an important factor.

To start up the system speedily, the cause of the trouble must be located and eliminated correctly.

The basic three points that must be followed in the troubleshooting are as follows.

- (1) Visual inspection
  - Visually check the following.
  - 1) Movement of sequencer (stopped condition, operating condition)
  - 2) Power supply on/off
  - 3) Status of input/output devices
  - 4) Power supply module, CPU module, I/O module, intelligent function module, installation condition of extension cable
  - 5) Status of wiring (I/O cables, cables)
  - Display status of various types of indicators ("POWER" LED, "RUN" LED, "ERR." LED, I/O LED)
  - Status of setting of various types of set switches (Setting of No. of stages of extension base unit, power interrupt hold-on status)

After confirming items 1) to 7), connect the GX Developer, and check the operating conditions of the PLC and the contents of the program.

(2) Check of trouble

Check to see how the operating condition of the PLC varies while the PLC is operated as follows.

- 1) Set the RUN/STOP switch to STOP.
- 2) Reset the trouble with the RESET/L.CLR switch.
- 3) Turn ON and OFF the power supply.

#### (3) Reduction in area

Estimate the troubled part in accordance with items (1) and (2) above.

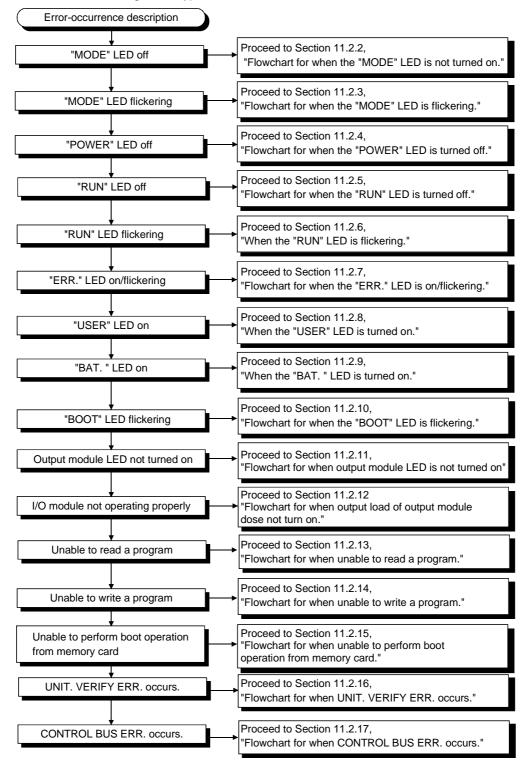
- 1) PLC or external devices
- 2) I/O module or others
- 3) Sequence program

### 11.2 Troubleshooting

The trouble investigating methods, contents of troubles for the error codes, and remedies of the troubles are described below.

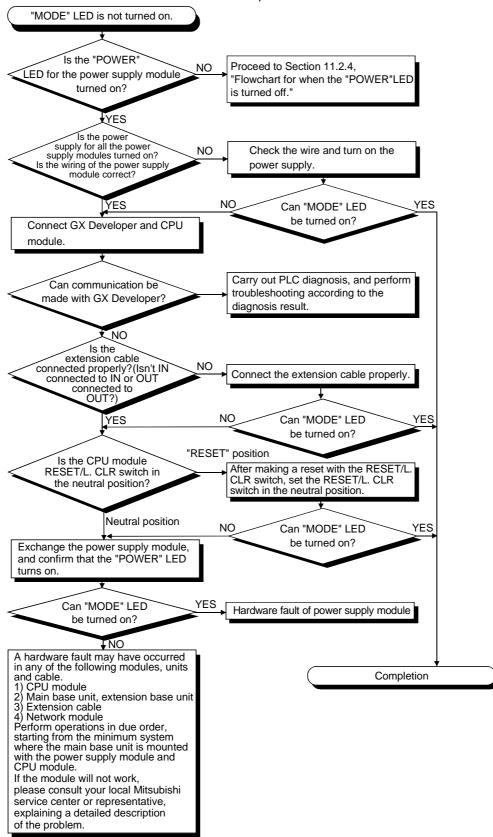
#### 11.2.1 Troubleshooting flowchart

The following shows the contents of the troubles classified into a variety of groups according to the types of events.



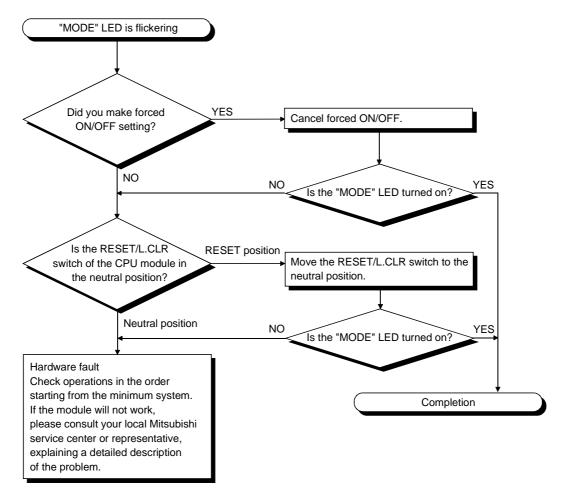
### 11.2.2 Flowchart for when the "MODE" LED is not turned on

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "MODE" LED of the CPU module does not turn on at PLC power-on.



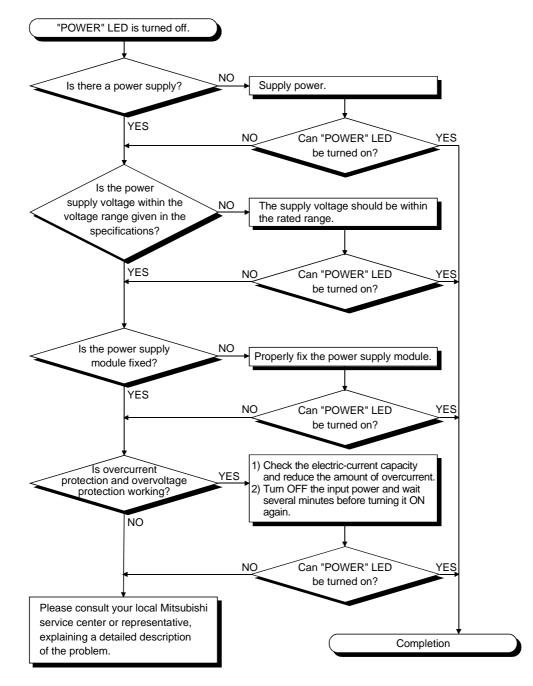
# 11.2.3 Flowchart for when the "MODE" LED is flickering

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "MODE" LED of the CPU module flickers at PLC power-on, at operation start or during operation.



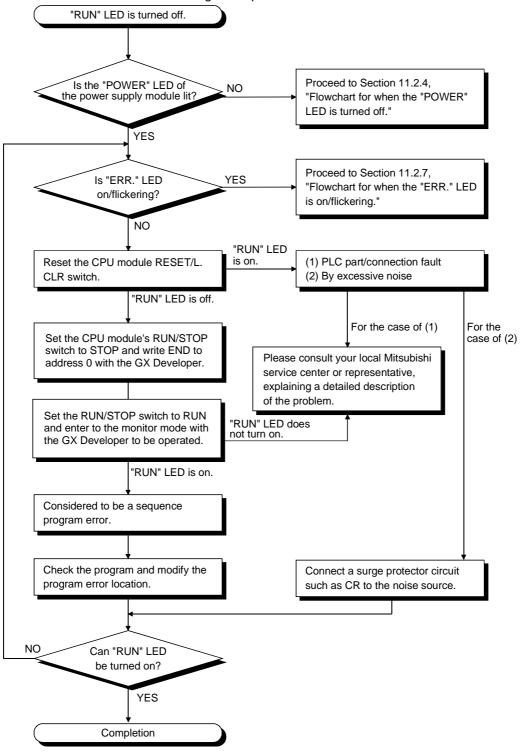
# 11.2.4 Flowchart for when the "POWER" LED is turned off

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "POWER" LED of the power supply module turns off at PLC power-on or during operation.



## 11.2.5 Flowchart for when the "RUN" LED is turned off

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "RUN" LED of the CPU module turns off during PLC operation.



## 11.2.6 When the "RUN" LED is flickering

If the "RUN" LED flickers, follow the steps below.

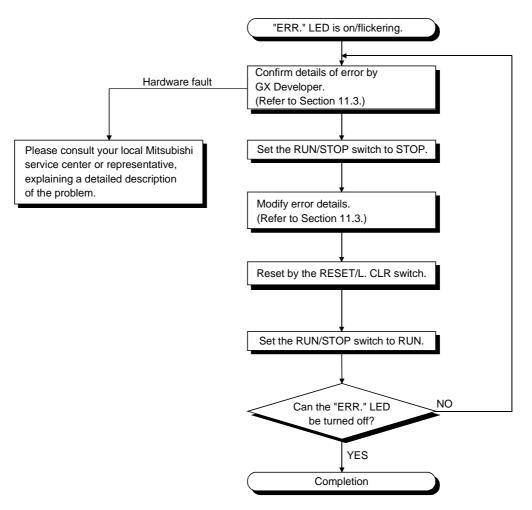
The High Performance model QCPU flickers the "RUN" LED when the RUN/STOP switch is set from STOP to RUN after the programs or parameters are written in the CPU module during the stoppage.

Though this is not the trouble with the CPU module, the operation of the CPU module is stopped.

To bring the CPU module into RUN status, reset the CPU module with the RESET/L.CLR or set the RUN/STOP switch again from STOP to RUN. The "RUN" LED turns on.

### 11.2.7 Flowchart for when the "ERR." LED is on/flickering

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "ERR." LED of the CPU module turns on or flickers at PLC power-on, at operation start or during operation.



## 11.2.8 When the "USER" LED is turned on

If the "USER" LED turns on, follow the steps described below. The "USER" LED turns on when an error is detected by the CHK instruction or the annunciator (F) turns on.

If the "USER" LED is on, monitor the special relays SM62 and SM80 in the monitor mode of GX Developer.

- When M62 has turned ON The annunciator (F) is ON.
- Using SD62 to SD79, check the error cause. • When SM80 has turned ON
- The "USER" LED was on by the execution of the CHK instruction. Using SD80, check the error cause.

Eliminate the error cause after confirming it.

The "USER" LED can be turned off by:

- Making a reset with the RESET/L.CLR switch; or
- Executing the LEDR instruction in the sequence program.

# REMARK

When the RESET/L.CLR switch is tilted to L.CLR several times for latch clear operation, the "USER" LED flickers to indicate that the latch clear processing is under operation.

When the RESET/L.CLR switch is further tilted to L.CLR while the "USER" LED flickers, the "USER" LED turns off and terminates the latch clear processing.

#### 11.2.9 When the "BAT." LED is turned on

If the "BAT." LED turns on, follow the steps described below.

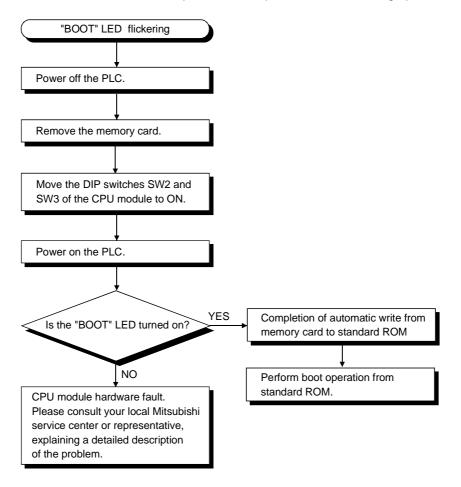
The "BAT." LED turns on when a low battery capacity is detected.

If the "BAT." LED is on, monitor the special relays and special registers in the monitor mode of GX Developer to check which of the CPU module and SRAM card batteries was lowered in capacity. (SM51 to SM52, SD51 to SD52)

After confirmation, replace the battery with a new one, and reset the CPU module with the RESET/L.CLR switch or run the LEDR instruction, and the "BAT. " LED will turns off.

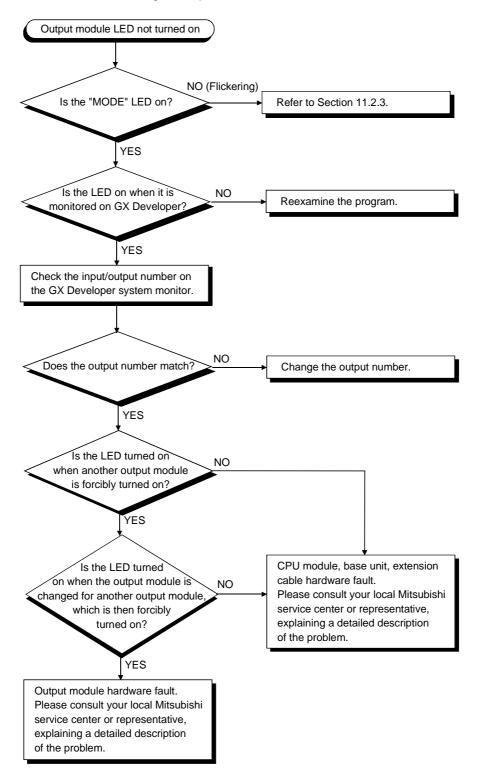
# 11.2.10 Flowchart for when the "BOOT" LED is flickering

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the "BOOT" LED of the CPU module flickers at PLC power-on, at operation start or during operation.



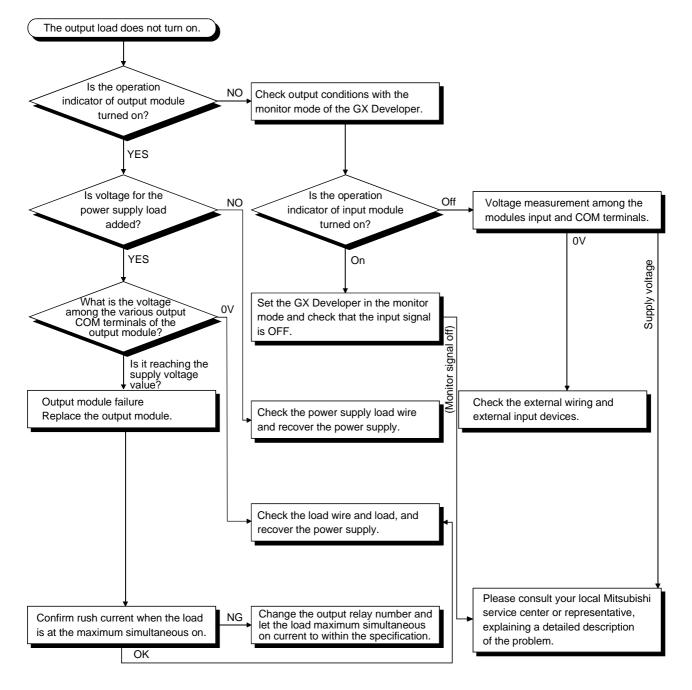
## 11.2.11 Flowchart for when output module LED is not turned on

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the output module LED does not turn on during PLC operation.



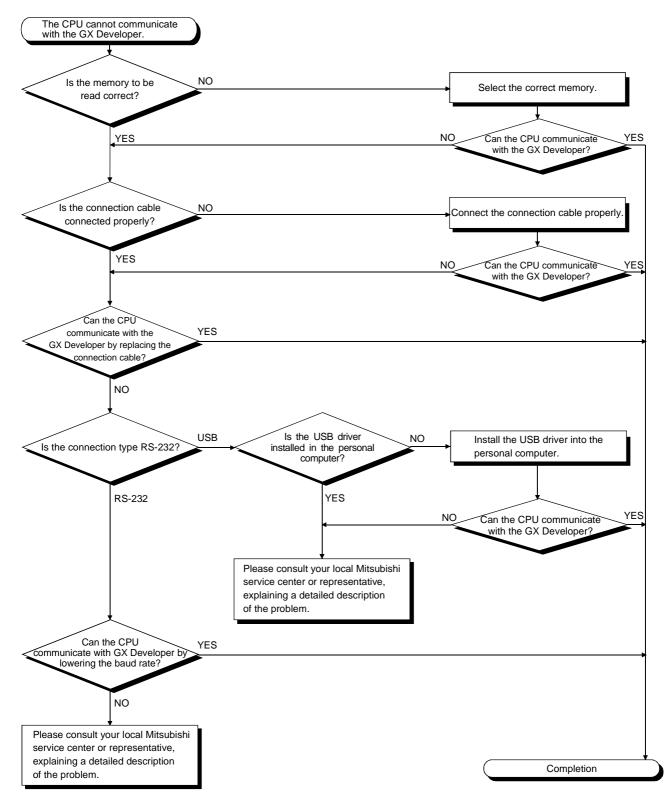
## 11.2.12 Flowchart for when output load of output module does not turn on

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when the output load of the output module does not turn on during PLC operation.



POINT	
For the trouble that the input signal to the input module is not turned off,	
troubleshoot referring to Section 11.5 Examples of I/O Modules Troubleshooting.	

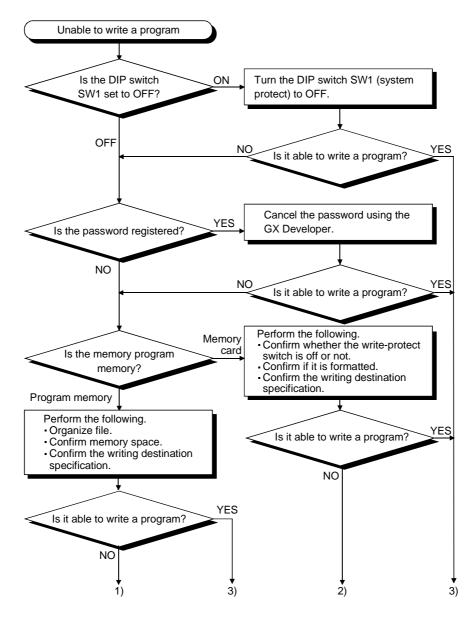
## 11.2.13 Flowchart for when unable to read a program

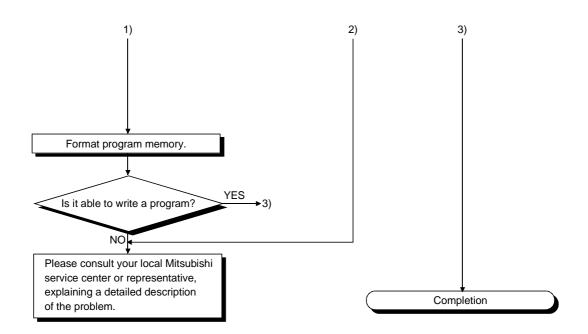


The following shows the flowchart to be followed when communication with GX Developer cannot be made during PLC power-on.

### 11.2.14 Flowchart for when unable to write a program

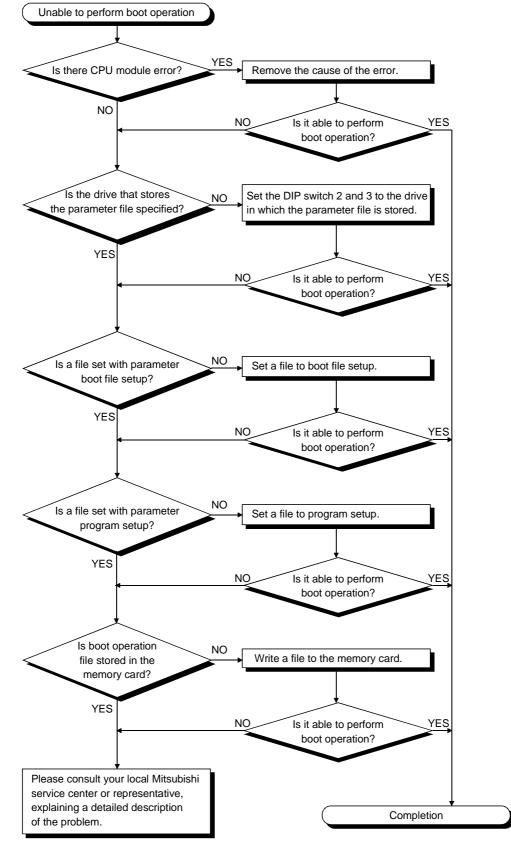
The following shows the flowchart to be followed when programs cannot be written in the CPU module.





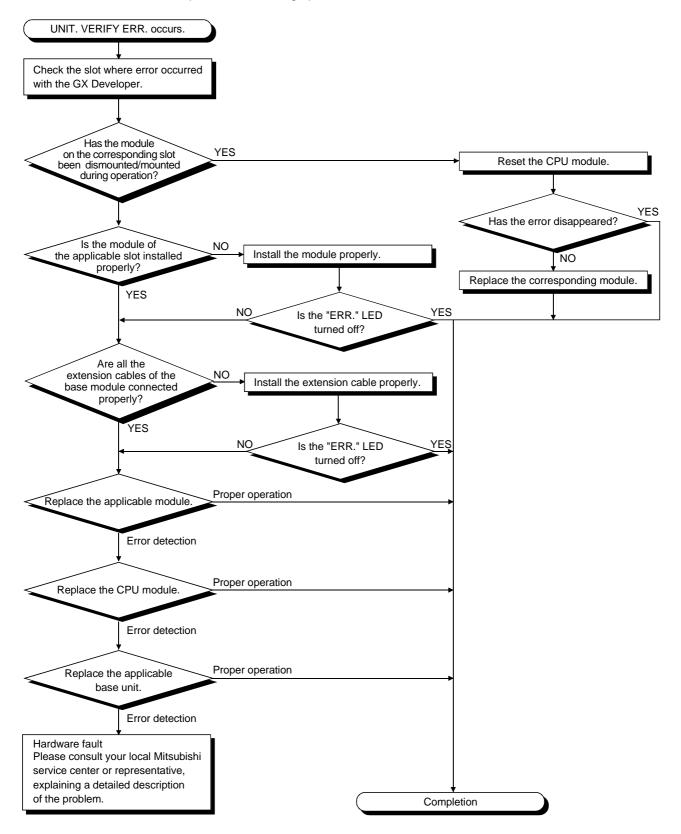
### 11.2.15 Flowchart for when it is unable to perform boot operation from memory card

The following shows the flowchart that must be followed when the boot operation of the CPU module cannot be performed using the memory card.



### 11.2.16 Flowchart for when UNIT VERIFY ERR. occurs

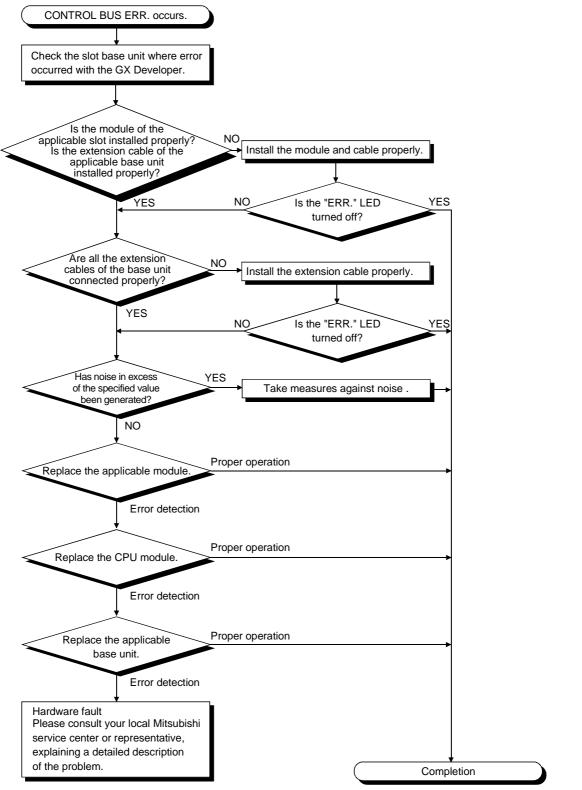
The following shows the flowchart to be followed when UNIT VERIFY ERR. occurs at PLC power-on or during operation.



#### 11.2.17 Flowchart for when CONTROL BUS ERR. occurs

The following shows the flowchart to be followed when CONTROL BUS ERR. occurs at PLC power-on or during operation.

This flow chart can be confirmed only when a specific slot/base unit can be detected by the error code.



### 11.3 Error Code List

If a fault occurs when the PLC power supply is switched on, when the CPU is switched from STOP to RUN or during RUN, the High Performance model QCPU displays an error (on the LED) using the self-diagnostic function and stores the error information into the special relays SM and special registers SD.

# REMARK

For the error code (4000H to 4FFFH) developed upon a request for general data processing from the GX Developer, intelligent function module or network system, refer to Appendix 1.

#### 11.3.1 Procedure for reading error codes

When an error occurs, the error code and error message can be read by the GX Developer Version 4 or later.

The procedure for reading error codes by the GX Developer is as follows.

- 1) Start the GX Developer.
- 2) Connect the CPU module to the personal computer.
- 3) Select [Online] [Read from PLC] Menu by the GX Developer, and also read the project from the High Performance model QCPU.
- 4) Select the [Diagnostics] [Diagnostics PLC] Menu.
- 5) Click the "Error Jump" button in the PLC diagnostics dialog box to display the error code and error message.
- 6) Select the [Help] [PLC error] Menu, and confirm the content of the applicable error code.

For details of the GX Developer operating method, refer to the applicable the GX Developer Operating Manual.

# 11.3.2 Error Code List of High Performance model QCPU/QnACPU

The following information deals with error codes and the meanings, causes, and corrective measures of error messages. "O" in the Corresponding CPU column indicates that the error is applied to all types of CPUs. "Rem" indicates compatibility with the remote I/O module. A CPU type name in the column indicates that the error is applied only to the specific CPU type.

Error Code (SD0) *1		the error is applie Common Information	Individual Information (SD16 to 26) *1	LED	Status	Operating Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing
		Information (SD5 to 15) *1	(SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	CPU	
1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009	MAIN CPU DOWN			Off	Flicker/On	Stop	Always
1010 1011 1012	END NOT EXECUTE			Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed.
1101 1102 1103 1104 1105	RAM ERROR			Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset
1200 1201 1202 1203 1204 1205 1206	OPE. CIRCUIT ERR.			Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset When an END instruction executed. When instruction executed.
1300	FUSE BREAK OFF	Unit No.		Off/ON	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When an END instruction is executed.

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
 \*2 The CPU MODULE operation status when an error occurs can be set at the parameters. (LED display will change accordingly.)

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU		
1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008	Run mode suspended or failure of main CPU (1) Malfunctioning due to noise or other reason (2) Hardware fault	<ul> <li>Take noise reduction measures.</li> <li>Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, this suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	QCPU QCPU Rem QCPU		
1008	The fault of the power supply module, CPU module, main base unit, extension base unit or extension cable was detected.	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the power supply module, CPU module, main base unit, extension base unit or extension cable is faulty. Change the faulty module, unit or cable. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	Serial No. 04101 or later		
1010 1011 1012	Entire program was executed without the execution of an END instruction. (1) When the END instruction is executed it is read as another instruction code, e.g. due to noise. (2) The END instruction has been changed to another instruction	<ul> <li>Take noise reduction measures.</li> <li>Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, this suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	0		
 1101 1102 1103 1104	code somehow. Error in internal RAM/program memory where CPU module sequence program is stored. Error in RAM used as CPU module work area. Internal CPU module device memory error. RAM Address error in the CPU module.	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0		
1105	System RAM fault in the CPU module	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative. • Take noise reduction measures.	Q4AR		
1105	CPU shared memory fault in the CPU module	<ul> <li>Reset the CPU module and RUN it again.</li> <li>If the same error is displayed again, this suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	QCPU functior Ver. B or later		
1200 1201 1202	The circuit that performs CPU internal index is not operating properly. Internal CPU module hardware (logic) does not operate normally. The circuit that executes sequence processing in the CPU module does not operate properly.	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.			
1203 1204 1205 1206	The operation circuit that conducts index modification in the CPU module is not operating properly. The hardware (logic) in the CPU us not operating properly. The operation circuit that conducts sequence processing in the CPU in not operating properly. The DSP operation circuit in the CPU is not operating properly.	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	Q4AR		
1200	There is an output module with a blown fuse.	<ul> <li>Check FUSE. LED of the output modules and replace the module whose LED is lit.</li> <li>Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device and replace the fuse at the output module corresponding to the numerical value (module No.) reading.</li> <li>Alternatively, monitor special registers SD1300 to SD1331 with the peripheral device and change the fuse of the output module whose bit has a value of "1".</li> <li>When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status of the extension cable and the earth status of the display device.</li> </ul>	QCPU Rem		
1300	There is an output module with a blown fuse.	<ul> <li>Check ERR. LED of the output modules and replace the fuse of the module whose LED is lit.</li> <li>Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device and replace the fuse at the output module corresponding to the numerical value (module No.) reading.</li> <li>Alternatively, monitor special registers SD1300 to SD1331 with the peripheral device and change the fuse of the output module whose bit has a value of "1".</li> <li>When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status of the extension cable and the earth status of the display device.</li> </ul>	QnA Q4AR		
	<ul> <li>(1) There is an output module with a blown fuse.</li> <li>(2) External power supply for output load is turned off or disconnected.</li> <li>(2) indicate the special register numbers where individes the special register numbers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check ERR. LED of the output modules and replace the module whose LED is lit.</li> <li>Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device and replace the fuse at the output module corresponding to the numerical value (module No.) reading. Alternatively, monitor special registers SD1300 to SD1331 with the peripheral device and change the fuse of the output module whose bit has a value of "1".</li> <li>Check whether the external power supply for output load is ON or OFF.</li> <li>When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status of the extension cable and the earth status of the display device.</li> </ul>	Q2AS		

Error Code		Common	r Code List (Co		Status	Operating Statuses of	Diagnostia Tirrin r
(SD0) *1	Error Messages	Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing
1310	I/O INT ERROR			Off	Flicker	Stop	During interrupt
1401	SP. UNIT DOWN	Unit No.		Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue	At power ON/At reset/ When intelligent function module is accessed.
						*3	At power ON/At reset
							When an intelligent function module access instruction is executed.
1402	SP. UNIT DOWN	Unit No.	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *6	During execution of FROM/TO instruction set.
1403							When an END instruction is executed.
1411							At power ON/At reset
1412	CONTROL-BUS ERR.	Unit No.	Program error location	Off	Flicker	Stop	During execution of FROM/TO instruction set.
1413	CONTROL-BUS. ERR.			off	Flicker	Stop	Always
1414	CONTROL-BUS. ERR.	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed.
1415	CONTROL-BUS. ERR.	Base No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed
1416		Unit No.					At power ON/At reset
1421	SYS. UNIT DOWN *3			Off	Flicker	Stop	Always
1500	AC/DC DOWN			On	Off	Continue	Always
1510	DUAL DC DOWN 5V *4			On	On	Continue	Always
1520	DC DOWN 5V *5			Off	Flicker	Stop	Always
1530	DC DOWN 24V *3			On	On	Continue	Always
1600				On	On		
1601	BATTERY ERROR	Drive Name		BAT.ALI	J VI LED On	Continue	Always
1602							

#### Error Code List (Continued)

<sup>1602</sup>
\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
\*3 This can only be detected in redundant systems. Detection is possible in either the control system or the standby system.
\*4 This can only be detected in the redundant system control system.
\*5 This can be detected in either a standalone system or a redundant system. However, in a redundant system it can only be detected in the control system.
\*6 Stop/continue operation is selectable for each module by setting parameters.

 Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU
1310	An interruption has occurred although there is no interrupt module.	Any of the mounted modules is experiencing a hardware fault. Therefore, check the mounted modules and change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0
1401	<ol> <li>There was no response from the intelligent function module during initial communication stage.</li> <li>The size of the buffer memory of the intelligent function module is wrong.</li> </ol>	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QCPU Rem
101	When parameter I/O allocation was being made, there was no return signal from the special function module during initial processing stage. When error is generated, the head I/O number of the special function module that corresponds to the common information is stored.	The special function module that was accessed is experiencing a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QnA
	The intelligent function module was accessed in the program, but there was no response.	This suggests a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QCPU Rem
1402	The special function module was accessed during the execution of a FROM/TO instruction set, but there was no response. When an error is generated, the program error location corresponding to the individual information is stored.	The special function module that was accessed is experiencing a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QnA
1403	<ol> <li>There was no response from the intelligent function module when the END instruction is executed.</li> <li>An error is detected at the intelligent function module.</li> </ol>	The special function module that was accessed is experiencing a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QCPU Rem
 1411	When performing a parameter I/O allocation a special function module could not be accessed during initial communications. On error occurring, the head I/O number of the corresponding special function module is stored in the common information.	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the intelligent function module/special function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the	O Rem
1412	The FROM/TO instruction set could not be executed, due to a system bus error with a special function module. On error occurring, the program error location is stored in the individual information.	faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0
1413	In a multiple CPU system configuration, the High Performance model QCPU of function version A was mounted.	<ul> <li>Remove the High Performance model QCPU of function version A from the main base unit. Alternatively, replace the High Performance model QCPU of function version A with the High Performance model QCPU of function version B.</li> <li>The intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	QCPU functior Ver. B or later
	An error is detected on the system bus. (1) Self-diagnosis error of the system bus. (2) Self-diagnosis error of the CPU module	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QCPU Rem
1414	<ol> <li>Fault of the loaded module was detected.</li> <li>In a multiple PLC system configuration, the High Performance model QCPU of function version A was mounted.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Remove the High Performance model QCPU of function version A from the main base unit. Alternatively, replace the High Performance model QCPU of function version A with the High Performance model QCPU of function version B.</li> <li>Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	QCPU function Ver. B or later
	An error is detected on the system bus.	The special function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QCPU Rem
1415	Fault of the main or extension base unit was detected.	The intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively,	QCPU function
1416	System bus fault was detected at PLC power-on or CPU module reset.	contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.  • This suggests a system management module AS92R hardware	Ver. B or later
1421	Hardware fault at the system management module AS92R.	<ul> <li>Inis suggests a system management module AS92R hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	Q4AR
1500	<ol> <li>A momentary power supply interruption has occurred.</li> <li>The power supply went off.</li> </ol>	Check the power supply.	O Rem
1510	The power supply voltage (100 - 240VAC) of either of the two power supply modules on the power supply duplexing extension base unit dropped to or below 85% of the rated voltage. The power supply voltage(100 - 240VAC) of the power supply	Check the supply voltage of the power supply module. If the voltage is abnormal then replace the power supply module.	
1520	module on the extension base unit dropped to or below 85% of the rated voltage.		Q4AR
1530	The 24 VDC power supplied to the system management module AS92R has dropped below 90% of the rated voltage.	Check the 24VDC power supplied to the system management module AS92R.	<u> </u>
1600	<ol> <li>Voltage in the CPU module battery has dropped below stipulated level.</li> <li>The CPU module battery is not connected.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Change the battery.</li> <li>If the battery is for program memory, standard RAM or for the back-up power function, install a lead connector.</li> </ul>	0
1601	Voltage of the battery on memory card 1 has dropped below stipulated level.	Change the battery.	
1602	Voltage of the battery on memory card 2 has dropped below stipulated level.	Change the battery.	QnA

	Error Code List (Continued)							
Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Messages	Common Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Individual Information (SD16 to 26) *1	LED : RUN	Status ERROR	Operating Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing	
	UNIT VERIFY ERR.	Unit No.		Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When an END instruction is executed.	
2100								
2101								
2102								
2103								
2104	SP. UNIT LAY ERR.	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	
2105								
2106								
2107								

### Error Code List (Continued)

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
 \*2 The CPU operation status when an error occurs can be set at the parameters. (LED display will change accordingly.)

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres ponding CPU
	The High Performance model QCPU of function version A was loaded in a multiple CPU system configuration.	Change the High Performance model QCPU of function version A for the High Performance model QCPU of function version B.	QCPU function Ver. B or later
2000	<ul> <li>I/O module information power ON is changed.</li> <li>I/O module (or special function module) not installed properly or installed on the base unit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device, and check and/or change the module that corresponds to the numerical value (module number) there.</li> <li>Alternatively, monitor the special registers SD1400 to SD1431 at a peripheral device, and change the fuse at the output module whose bit has a value of "1".</li> <li>When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status of the extension cable and the earth status of the display device.</li> </ul>	O Rem
	Slot loaded with the Ql60 is set to other than the Inteli (intelligent function module) or Interrupt (interrupt module) in the parameter I/O assignment.	Make setting again to match the parameter I/O assignment with the actual loading status.	QCPU functio Ver. E or late
2100	<ol> <li>In the parameter I/O allocation settings, an Inteli (intelligent function module) was allocated to a location reserved for an I/O module or vice versa.</li> <li>In the parameter I/O allocation settings, a module other than CPU (or nothing) was allocated to a location reserved for a CPU module or vice versa.</li> <li>A general-purpose switch was set to the module with no general-purpose switches.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Reset the parameter I/O allocation setting to conform to the actual status of the intelligent function module and the CPU module.</li> <li>Delete the general-purpose switch settings.</li> </ul>	QCPL Rem
	In parameter I/O allocation settings, a special function module was allocated to a location reserved for an I/O module. Or, the opposite has happened.	Reset the parameter I/O allocation setting to conform with the actual status of the special function modules.	QnA
0404	13 or more A-series special function modules (except for the A1SI61) that can initiate an interrupt to the CPU module have been installed.	Reduce the A series special function modules (except the A1SI61) that can make an interrupt start to the CPU module to 12 or less.	QCPU
2101	13 or more special function modules (not counting the A(1S)I61) capable of sending an interrupt to the CPU module have been installed.	Keep the number of special function modules that can initiate an interrupt (with the exception of the $A(1S)I61$ module) to 12 or fewer.	QnA
	7 or more A1SD51S have been installed.	Keep the number of A1SD51S to 6 or fewer.	QCPL
2102	7 or more serial communication modules (excludes A (1S) J71QC24) have been installed.	Keep the number of serial communication modules (excludes A(1S)J71QU24) installed to 6 or fewer. • Reduce the number of QI60/A1SI61 modules loaded in the single	QnA Rem
2103	<ol> <li>2 or more QI60/A1SI61 modules are loaded in a single CPU system.</li> <li>2 or more QI60/A1SI61 modules are set to the same control CPU in a multiple CPU system.</li> <li>2 or more A1SI61 modules are loaded in a multiple CPU system.</li> </ol>	CPU system to one. • Change the number of QI60/A1SI61 modules set to the same control CPU to only one in the multiple CPU system. • Reduce the number of A1SI61 modules to only one in the multiple CPU system. When using an interrupt module with each QCPU in a multiple CPU system, change it for the QI60. (Use one A1SI61 module + max. three QI60 modules or only the QI60 modules.)	QCPL function Ver. B or late
	2 or more QI60, A1SI61 interrupt modules have been installed.	Install only 1 QI60, A(1S)I61 module.	QCPL
	The QI60 is loaded.	Remove the QI60. Install only 1 AI61 module.	Rem QnA
2104	2 or more A1SI61 interrupt modules have been installed. At the MELSECNET/MINI auto refresh parameter settings, the module allocation that was set is different from the actual module models at the station numbers in the link system.	Reset the parameter MESECNET/MINI auto refresh unit module allocation setting so that it conforms to the station number of the module that is actually linked.	QnA
2105	There are too many special function modules that can use dedicated instructions allocated (number of modules installed). (The total of the figures indicated below is above 1344.) (Number of AD59 modules installed × 5) (Number of AD57 (S1)/AD58 modules installed × 8) (Number of AJ71C24 (S3/S6/S8) modules installed × 10) (Number of AJ71C21 (S1) modules installed × 10) (Number of AJ71C21 (S1) modules installed × 29) (Number of AJ71C24 (R2, R4) modules installed × 29) (Number of AJ71D24 (R2, R4) modules installed × 29) (Number of AJ71D1 (2)-R4 modules installed × 29) (Number of AJ71D1 (2)-R4 modules installed × 12) Total > 1344	Reduce the number of special function modules installed. *: When the expansion mode is used.	QnA
	<ul> <li>5 or more MELSECNET/H modules are loaded in a whole multiple CPU system.</li> <li>5 or more Q series Ethernet interface modules are loaded in a whole multiple CPU system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduce the MELSECNET/H modules to 4 or less in the whole multiple CPU system.</li> <li>Reduce the Q series Ethernet modules to 4 or less in the whole multiple CPU system.</li> </ul>	QCPL functio Ver. E or late
2106	<ol> <li>(1) 5 or more MELSECNET/H modules have been installed.</li> <li>(2) 5 or more Q series Ethernet interface modules have been installed.</li> <li>(3) The same network numbers or station numbers exist, in the MELSECNET/10 network system.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Reduce the MELSECNET/H modules to 4 or less.</li> <li>Reduce the Q series Ethernet modules to 4 or less.</li> <li>Check the network numbers and station numbers.</li> </ul>	QCPL Rem
	<ol> <li>5 or more AJ71QLP21 &amp; AJ71QBR11 modules are installed.</li> <li>3 or more AJ71AP21/R21 &amp; AJ71QBR11 modules are installed.</li> <li>The total number of installed AJ71QLP21, AJ71QBR11, AJ71AP21/R21, and AJ71AT21B modules exceeds 5.</li> <li>The same network numbers or identical station numbers exist in the MELSECNET/10 network system.</li> <li>or more master or load stations exist simultaneously at the</li> </ol>	Reduce the AJ71QLP21 and AJ71QBR11 modules to 4 or less.     Reduce the AJ71AP21/R21 and AJ71AT21B modules to 2 or less.     Reduce the AJ71QLP21, AJ71QBR11, AJ71AP21/R21 and AJ71AT21B modules to a total of 4 or less.     Check the network Nos. and station Nos.     Check the station Nos.	QnA
ł	MELSECNET(II) or MELSECNET/B data link system. Head X/Y set in the parameter I/O allocation settings is also the	Reset the parameter I/O allocation setting to conform with the actual	
2107			

Error Codo		Operating						
Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Messages	Common Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Individual Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	Status ERROR	Operating Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing	
2108 2109 * 6	SP. UNIT LAY ERR.	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	
2110	SP. UNIT ERROR	Unit No.	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When instruction executed.	
2111		Unit No.	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When instruction executed.	
2112		Unit No.	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When instruction executed/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN	
2113	SP. UNIT ERROR	FFFF <sub>H</sub> (fixed)						
2114								
2115								
2116		Unit No.	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/On	Continue/ Stop	When instruction is executed	
2117 2118								
2120 2121	-							
2121	}							
2124	SP. UNIT LAY ERR.			Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	
2125								
2126		Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	
2150	SP. UNIT VER. ERR.	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	
2200	MISSING PARA.	File name/ drive name		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset	

Error Code List (Continued)

A constraint of the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
 \*2 The CPU operation status when an error occurs can be set at the parameters. (LED display will change accordingly.)
 \*6 This can only be detected in the redundant system standby system.

 Error Code (SD0)*1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU
2108	<ol> <li>Network module A1SJ71LP21, A1SJ71BR11, A1SJ71AP21, A1SJ71AR21, or A1SJ71AT2B dedicated for the A2USCPU has been installed.</li> <li>Network module A1SJ71QLP21 or A1SJ71QBR11 dedicated for the Q2AS has been installed.</li> </ol>	Change network module to MELSECNET/H module.	QCPU
	A(1S)J71LP21 or A(1S)J71BR11 for use with the AnUCPU network module has been installed.	Change network module to A(1S)J71QLP21 or A(1S)J71QBR11.	QnA
2109 * 6	The control system and standby system module configurations are different when a redundant system is in the backup mode.	Check the module configuration of the standby system.	Q4AR
	Station not loaded was specified using the instruction whose target was the CPU share memory.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the program that corresponds to that numerical value (program error location), and correct when necessary.	QCPU function Ver. B or later
2110	<ol> <li>The location designated by the FROM/TO instruction set is not a special function module.</li> <li>The special function module, Network module being accessed is faulty.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the FROM/TO instruction that corresponds to that numerical value (program error location), and correct when necessary.</li> <li>The special function module that was accessed is experiencing a</li> </ul>	0
2111	The location designated by a link direct device (J_) is not a network module.	hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0
2112	<ol> <li>The module other than special function module is specified by the special function module dedicated instruction. Or, it is not the corresponding special function module.</li> <li>The module model specified by the special function module dedicated instruction and that specified by the parameter I/O assignment is different.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Read the individual information of the error using a peripheral device, and check the special function module dedicated instruction (network instruction) that corresponds to the value (program error part) to make modification.</li> <li>Set the module model by parameter I/O assignment according to the special function module dedicated instruction setting. Example) Although AJ71QC24N is used actually, AJ71QC24 is set.</li> </ol>	O Rem
	<ol> <li>The module other than intelligent function module is specified by the intelligent function module dedicated instruction. Or, it is not the corresponding intelligent function module.</li> <li>There is no network No. specified by the network dedicated instruction. Or the relay target network does not exit.</li> <li>The module is incorrectly registered by the dedicated instruction. The module other than network module is specified by the network</li> </ol>	Read the individual information of the error using a peripheral device, and check the special function module dedicated instruction (network instruction) that corresponds to the value (program error part) to make modification.	
 2113	dedicated instruction.		0
2114	An instruction, which on execution specifies other stations, has been used for specifying the host CPU. (An instruction that does not allow the host CPU to be specified). An instruction, which on execution specifies the host CPU, has		
2115	been used for specifying other CPUs. (An instruction that does not allow other stations to be specified). (1) An instruction that does not allow the .under the control of	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral dervice, check the program corresponding that value (program error	QCPU function Ver. B
2116	another CPU to be specified is being used for a similar task. (2) Instruction was executed for the A or QnA module under control of another CPU.	location), and make correction.	or later
2117	A CPU module that cannot be specified in the instruction dedicated to the multiple CPU system was specified.		
2118	When the online module change setting has been set to enable in the parameter of the Process CPU in a multiple PLC system, the intelligent function module controlled by another PLC has been specified in the FROM instruction/intelligent function module device $(U\_NG\_)$ .	<ul> <li>When online module change of the Process CPU is to be performed in a multiple PLC system, correct the program so that access will not be made to the module controlled by another PLC.</li> <li>When access is to be made to the module controlled by another PLC in a multiple PLC system, set the online module change setting to disable in the parameter of the Process CPU.</li> </ul>	O Serial No.4122 or later
2120	The location of Q_B and QA1S_B is improper. The CPU module is installed at other than the CPU slot or slots 0 to	Check the location of the base unit. Check the loading position of the CPU module and reinstall it at the	_
2121 2122	$QA1S \square B$ is used to the main base unit.	Use $Q3\_B$ as the main base unit.	-
2122	<ol> <li>A module is installed at 65th or higher slot.</li> <li>A module is installed at the slot later than the number of slots specified with base allocation setting.</li> <li>A module is installed at the I/O points later than the 4,096th point.</li> <li>A module installed at the 4,096th point occupies higher points.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Remove the module installed at 65th or later slot.</li> <li>Remove the module installed at 65th or later slot.</li> <li>Remove the module installed at the slot later than the number of slots specified with base allocation setting.</li> <li>Remove the module installed at the I/O points later than the 4,096th point.</li> <li>Change the last module to a module which does not exceed the 4,096th point.</li> </ul>	QCPU Rem
2125	<ul> <li>(1) A module which the QCPU cannot recognise has been installed.</li> <li>(2) There was no response form the intelligent function module.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Install a usable module.</li> <li>The intelligent function module is experiencing a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	
2126	<ul> <li>CPU module locations in a multiple CPU system are either of the following.</li> <li>(1) There are empty slots between the QCPU and QCPU/motion controller.</li> <li>(2) A module other than the High Performance model QCPU/Process CPU (including the motion controller) is mounted on the left-hand side of the High Performance model QCPU/Process CPU.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eliminate empty slots between the CPU modules. (Set empty slots on the right side of the CPU modules.)</li> <li>Dismount the module other than the QCPU mounted between the High Performance model QCPUs/Process CPUs and replace it with the High Performance model QCPU/Process CPU. Load the motion controller on the right side of the QCPUs.</li> </ul>	QCPU function Ver. B
 2150	In a multiple CPU system, the control CPU of the intelligent function module incompatible with the multiple CPU system is set to other than CPU No.1.	<ul> <li>Change the intelligent function module for the one compatible with the multiple CPU system (function version B).</li> <li>Change the setting of the control CPU of the intelligent function module incompatible with the multiple CPU system to CPU No.1.</li> </ul>	or later
2200	There is no parameter file at the drive designated by DIP switches as a valid drive.	<ul> <li>Check and correct the setting of the parameter enabled drive switch.</li> <li>Put a parameter file in the drive designated by the parameter enabled drive switch.</li> </ul>	0

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored. \*6 This can only be detected in the redundant system standby system.

Error Code Lis	t (Continued)
----------------	---------------

Error Code	Error Messages	Common	Individual	LED	Status	Operating	Diagnostic Timing
(SD0) *1		Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	Operating Statuses of CPU	
2210	BOOT ERROR	File name/ drive name		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset
2300	ICM. OPE. ERROR	File name/ drive name		Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ Continue *2	When memory card is inserted or removed
2301		<b>F</b> 1 (1)		0""0	FI: 1 (0	Stop/	When memory card is inserted or
2302	ICM. OPE. ERROR	File name/ drive name		Off/On	Flicker/On	Continue *2	removed
2400	FILE SET ERROR	File name/ drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset
2401	FILE SET ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset
2402							
2410							
2411	FILE OPE. ERROR	File name/drive name	Program error location	Off/On	Flicker/ON	Stop/ Continue *2	When instruction is executed
2412							
2413							
2500							
2501	CAN'T EXE. PRG.	File name/drive name		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset
2502							
2503							
2504							
3000	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3001							
3002							

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
 \*2 The CPU operation status when an error occurs can be set at the parameters. (LED display will change accordingly.)

	Code 0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres ponding CPU	
		The contents of the boot file are incorrect.	Check the boot setting.	QCPL	
22	210	There is no boot file in the drive designated by the parameter enabled drive switch even though the Boot DIP switch is ON.	<ul> <li>Check and correct the setting of the parameter enabled drive switch.</li> <li>Put a boot file in the drive designated by the parameter enabled drive switch.</li> </ul>	QnA	
23	300	<ol> <li>A memory card was removed without switching the memory card in/out switch OFF.</li> <li>The memory card in/out switch is turned ON although a memory card is not actually installed.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Remove memory card after placing the memory card in/out switch OFF.</li> <li>Turn on the card insert switch after inserting a memory card.</li> </ul>	0	
		<ul> <li>(1) The memory card has not been formatted.</li> <li>(2) Memory card format status is incorrect.</li> <li>A memory card that cannot be used with the CPU module has been</li> </ul>	Format memory card.     Reformat memory card.     Check memory card.	0	
2		installed. Automatic write to standard ROM was performed on the CPU module that is incompatible with automatic write to standard ROM. (Memory card where automatic write to standard ROM was selected in the boot file was fitted and the parameter enable drive was set to the memory card.)	<ul> <li>Execute automatic write to standard ROM on the CPU module which is compatible with automatic write to standard ROM.</li> <li>Using GX Developer, perform write of parameters and programs to standard ROM.</li> <li>Change the memory card for the one where automatic write to standard ROM has not been set, and perform boot operation from the memory card.</li> </ul>	QCPL functio Ver. E or late	
24	400	The file designated at the PLC file settings in the parameters cannot be found.	Read the individual information of the error using peripheral device, check to be sure that the parameter drive name and file name correspond to the numerical values there (parameter number), and correct. Create a file created using parameters, and load it to the CPU module.	0	
		The Ethernet parameter that was added for QnACPU, with the function version "B," has been set to QnACPU without the function version "B."	Change to QnACPU with the function version "B". Delete the Ethernet parameter.	QnA	
		Program memory capacity was exceeded by performing boot operation or automatic write to standard ROM.	<ul> <li>Check and correct the parameters (boot setting).</li> <li>Delete unnecessary files in the program memory.</li> <li>Choose "Clear program memory" for boot in the parameter so that boot is started after the program memory is cleared.</li> </ul>	QCPL functio Ver. B or late	
24	401	The file designated at the parameter PLC RAS settings fault history area has not been created.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check to be sure that the parameter drive name and file name correspond to the numerical values there (parameter number), and correct. Check the space remaining in the memory card.		
24	402	Though the file register has been set in the pairing setting/tracking setting, the file register does not exist.	Confirm the file register and parameter.	Q4AF	
24	410	The specified program does not exist in the program memory. This error may occur when the ECALL, EFCALL, PSTOP, PSCAN, POFF or PLOW instruction is executed.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check to be sure that the program corresponds to the numerical values there (program location), and correct. Create a file created using parameters, and load it to the CPU module.		
24	+11	The specified program exists in the program memory, but has not been registered in the program setting of the Parameter dialog box. This error may occur when the ECALL, EFCALL, PSTOP, PSCAN, POFF or PLOW instruction is executed.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check to be sure that the program corresponds to the numerical values there (program location), and correct.	0	
24	112	The SFC program file is one that cannot be designated by the sequence program.			
24		No data has been written to the file designated by the sequence program.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check to be sure that the program corresponds to the numerical values there (program location), and correct. Check to ensure that the designated file has not been write protected.		
25	500	<ol> <li>There is a program file that uses a device that is out of the range set in the PLC parameter device setting.</li> <li>After the PLC parameter setting is changed, only the parameter is written into the PLC.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device, check to be sure that the parameter device allocation setting and the program file device allocation correspond to the numerical values there (file name), and correct if necessary.</li> <li>If PLC parameter device setting is changed, batch-write the parameter and program file into the PLC.</li> </ol>	0	
25	501	There are multiple program files although "none" has been set at the parameter program settings.	Edit the parameter program setting to "yes". Alternatively, delete unneeded programs.		
		The program file is incorrect. Alternatively, the file contents are not those of a sequence program.	Check whether the program version is $*$ * * .QPG, and check the file contents to be sure they are for a sequence program.		
	503 504	There are no program files at all. Two or more SFC normal programs or control programs have been designated.	<ul> <li>Check program configuration.</li> <li>Check parameters and program configuration.</li> </ul>		
30	000	In a multiple CPU system, the intelligent function module under control of another CPU is specified in the interrupt pointer setting of the parameter.	<ul> <li>Specify the head I/O number of the intelligent function module under control of the host CPU.</li> <li>Delete the interrupt pointer setting of the parameter.</li> </ul>	QCPI function Ver. E or late	
		The parameter settings for timer time limit setting, the RUN-PAUSE contact, the common pointer number, the general data processing, number of vacant slots, or system interrupt settings are outside the range that can be used by the CPU module.	Read the detailed information of the error using the peripheral device, check the parameter items corresponding to those numerical values (parameter numbers), and correct when necessary.     If the correct is still generated following the correction of the	O Rem	
		Parameter contents have been destroyed. When "use the following files" is selected for the file registers in the PLC file setting parameter, the specified file does not exist though the file register capacity has been set.	<ul> <li>If the error is still generated following the correction of the parameter settings, the possible cause is the memory error of the CPU module's built-in RAM or program memory or the memory card. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	0	

Error Code		Common		LED Status		Operating	of Diagnostic Timing
Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Messages	Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	Operating Statuses of CPU	
	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed.
3003	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP → RUN
3004	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3006	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP → RUN
3009							
3010	]						
3012	PARAMETER ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3013							
3100	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP → RUN
3101							

# Error Code List (Continued)

Error Code (SD0)*1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU
	The automatic refresh range of the multiple CPU system exceeded the file register capacity.	Change the file register file for the one refresh-enabled in the whole range.	QCPU function Ver. B or later
3003	The number of devices set at the parameter device settings exceeds the possible CPU module range.	<ul> <li>Read the detailed information of the error using the peripheral device, check the parameter items corresponding to those numerical values (parameter numbers), and correct when necessary.</li> <li>If the error is still generated following the correction of the parameter settings, the possible cause is the memory error of the CPU module's built-in RAM or program memory or the memory card. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	0
3004	The parameter file is incorrect. Alternatively, the contents of the file are not parameters.	Check whether the parameter file version is $* * *$ .QPA, and check the file contents to be sure they are parameters.	
3006	<ol> <li>The high speed interrupt parameter is set in a Q02CPU.</li> <li>The high speed parameter is set in a multiple CPU system.</li> <li>The high speed interrupt parameter is set when a QA1S□B or QA□B is used.</li> <li>No module is installed at the I/O address designated by the high speed interrupt parameter.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Delete the setting of the Q02CPU's high speed interrupt parameter. To use high speed interrupts, change the CPU module to one of the Q02H/Q06H/Q12H/Q25HCPU.</li> <li>To use a multiple CPU system, delete the setting of the high-speed interrupt parameter. To use high speed interrupts, change the system to a single CPU system.</li> <li>To use either the QA1S_B or QAI_B, delete the setting of the high speed interrupt parameter. To use high speed interrupts, do not use the QA1S_B/QAI_B.</li> <li>Re-examine the I/O address designated by the high speed interrupt parameter.</li> </ul>	QCPU serial No. 04012 or later
3009	In a multiple CPU system, the modules for AnS, A, Q2AS and QnA have been set to multiple control CPUs.	Re-set the parameter I/O assignment to control them under one QCPU. (Change the parameters of all CPUs in the multiple CPU	
3010	The parameter-set number of CPU modules differs from the actual number in a multiple CPU system.	system.) Match (preset count of multiple CPU setting) - (CPU (empty) setting in I/O assignment) with the actual number of CPUs loaded.	1
3012	Multiple CPU setting or control CPU setting differs from that of the	Match the multiple CPU setting or control CPU setting in the	<ul> <li>QCPU function</li> </ul>
3013	<ul> <li>reference CPU in a multiple CPU system.</li> <li>Multiple CPU automatic refresh setting is any of the followings in a multiple CPU system.</li> <li>(1) When a bit device is specified as a refresh device, a number other than a multiple of 16 is specified for the refresh-starting device.</li> <li>(2) The device specified is other than the one that may be specified.</li> <li>(3) The number of send points is an odd number.</li> </ul>	parameter with that of the reference CPU (CPU No.1). Check the following in the multiple CPU automatic refresh parameters and make correction. • When specifying the bit device, specify a multiple of 16 for the refresh starting device. • Specify the device that may be specified for the refresh device. • Set the number of send points to an even number.	<ul> <li>Ver. B or later</li> </ul>
	In a multiple CPU system, the MELSECNET/H under control of another CPU is specified as the head I/O number in the network setting parameter of the MELSECNET/H. The network parameters of the MELSECNET/H operating in the	Delete the MELSECNET/H network parameter of the MELSECNET/H under control of another CPU. Change the setting to the head I/O number of the MELSECNET/H under control of the host CPU.	
	ordinary station were rewritten to the control station, or the network parameters of the MELSECNET/H operating in the control station were rewritten to the ordinary station. (The network parameters are reflected on the module side by making a reset.)	Reset the CPU module.	Ver. B or late
3100	<ul> <li>(1) The number of actually installed modules is different from that designated in the number of modules setting parameter of MELSECNET/H.</li> <li>(2) The head I/O number of actually installed modules is different from that designated in the network parameter of MELSECNET/H.</li> <li>(3) Some data in the parameter cannot be handled.</li> <li>(4) The station type of MELSECNET/H has been changed while the power is on. (RESET → RUN is required to change the station type.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the network parameters and mounting status, and if they differ, match the network parameters and mounting status. If any network parameter has been corrected, write it to the CPU module.</li> <li>Confirm the setting of the number of extension stages of the extension base units.</li> <li>Check the connection status of the extension base units and connectors. When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status.</li> <li>If the error occurs after the above checks (1) to (3) have been made, it suggests a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi</li> </ul>	QCPU
	Although the QnACPU is a control station or master station, the network parameters have not been written.	<ul> <li>Correct and write the network parameters.</li> <li>If the error occurs after correction, it suggests a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	QnA
	The link refresh range exceeded the file register capacity.	Change the file register file for the one that enables entire range refresh.	QCPU
	<ol> <li>When the station number of the MELSECNET/H module is 0, the inter-PLC network parameter setting has been made.</li> <li>When the station number of the MELSECNET/H module is other than 0, the remote master parameter setting has been made.</li> </ol>	Correct the type or station number of the MELSECNET/H module in the parameter to meet the used system.	functio Ver. E or late
3101	<ol> <li>The network No. specified by a parameter is different from that of the actually mounted network.</li> <li>The head I/O No. specified by a parameter is different from that of the actually mounted I/O unit.</li> <li>The network class specified by a parameter is different from that of the actually mounted network.</li> <li>The network refresh parameter of the MELSECNET/H, MELSECNET/10 is out of the specified area.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Check the network parameters and mounting status, and if they differ, match the network parameters and mounting status. If any network parameter has been corrected, write it to the CPU module.</li> <li>Confirm the setting of the number of extension stages of the extension base units.</li> <li>Check the connection status of the extension base units and connectors. When a display device is connected to the main base unit or extension base unit, check the connection status.</li> <li>If the error occurs after the above checks (1) to (3) have been made, it suggests a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi</li> </ul>	0

Error Cod-		Common	Individual	1	,	Operating	
Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Messages	Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	Status ERROR	Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing
3102	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN/When an END instruction is executed.
3103	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3104							At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3105	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	
3106	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed.
	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3107	LINK PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3200 3201 3202 3203	SFC PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3300							At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3301	SP. PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	When an END instruction is executed. At power ON/Reset/ STOP → RUN
3302							
3303	SP. PARA. ERROR	File name/drive name	Parameter number	Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
3400							
3401	REMOTE PASS. ERROR			Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN

### Error Code List (Continued)

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU	
3102	An error was discovered when the network parameter check was made at the network module. The parameters specific to MELSECNET/H and MELSECNET/10 are not normal.	Correct and write the network parameters.     If the error occurs after correction, it suggests a hardware fault.     Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your     nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0	
	In a multiple CPU system, the Q series Ethernet interface module under control of another station is specified as the head I/O number of the Ethernet setting parameter.	<ul> <li>Delete the Ethernet setting parameter of the Q series Ethernet interface module under control of another station.</li> <li>Change the setting to the head I/O number of the Q series Ethernet interface module under control of the host station.</li> </ul>	QCPU function Ver. B or later	
3103	<ol> <li>Though the number of Ethernet module is set to one or more in the parameter, the actually mounted number of units is zero.</li> <li>The head I/O number for the Ethernet module set parameter is different from that of the actually mounted module.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Correct and write the network parameters.</li> <li>If the error occurs after correction, it suggests a hardware fault.</li> </ul>	O Rem	
	<ol> <li>(1) AJ71QE71 does not exist in the position of I/O number set by the parameter.</li> <li>(2) I/O number designation is overlapping.</li> <li>(3) Numbers of the parameter and loaded AJ71QE71 are different.</li> <li>(4) Ethemet (parameter + dedicated instruction) is set to more than 5.</li> </ol>	Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	QnA	
3104	<ol> <li>(1) Ethernet and MELSECNET/10 use the same network number.</li> <li>(2) Network number, station number or group number set by the parameter is out of range.</li> <li>(3) The I/O No. is specified for the used CPU module.</li> <li>(4) The Ethernet-specific parameter setting is not normal.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Correct and write the network parameters.</li> <li>If the error occurs after correction, it suggests a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	O Rem	
	In a multiple CPU system, the Q series CC-Link module under control of another station is specified as the head I/O number of the CC-Link setting parameter.	<ul> <li>Delete the CC-Link setting parameter of the Q series CC-Link module under control of another station.</li> <li>Change the setting to the head I/O number of the Q series CC- Link module under control of the host station.</li> </ul>	QCPU function Ver. B or later	
3105	<ol> <li>Though the number of CC-Link module set in the network parameters is one or more, the actually mounted number of units is zero.</li> <li>The head I/O number in the common parameters is different from that of the actually mounted module.</li> <li>The station class for the CC-Link module quantity set parameters is different from that of the actually mounted station.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Correct and write the network parameters.</li> <li>If the error occurs after correction, it suggests a hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ul>	O Rem	
	The contents of the Ethernet parameter are incorrect.	Write after correcting parameters.	QnA	
3106	The CC-Link link refresh range exceeded the file register capacity.	Change the file register file for the one refresh-enabled in the whole range.	QCPU function Ver. B or later	
	The network refresh parameter for CC-Link is out of range.	Check the parameter setting.	QCPU Rem	
3107	<ol> <li>The CC-Link parameter setting is incorrect.</li> <li>The set mode is not be allowed for the version of the mounted CC-Link module.</li> </ol>	Check the parameter setting.	O Rem	
3200	The parameter setting is illegal. (1) Though Block 0 was set to "Automatic start" in the SFC setting of the PLC parameter dialog box, Block 0 does not exist.	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value		
3201	The block parameter setting is illegal. The number of step relays designated in the parameters is less than			
3202	The execution type set for an SFC program in the parameters is	(program error location), and correct the problem.		
3203	other than the scan execution type. The head I/O number in the intelligent function module parameter			
3300	set on GX Configurator differs from the actual I/O number.	Check the parameter setting.	QCPU Rem	
3301	The refresh setting of the intelligent function module exceeded the file register capacity.	Change the file register file for the one which allows refresh in the whole range.	QCPU function Ver. B or later	
	The intelligent function module's refresh parameter setting is outside the available range.	Check the parameter setting.	QCPU Rem	
3302	The intelligent function module's refresh parameter are abnormal.	Check the parameter setting.	QCPU	
3303	In a multiple CPU system, automatic refresh setting or similar parameter setting was made to the intelligent function module under control of another station.	<ul> <li>Delete the automatic refresh setting or similar parameter setting of the intelligent function module under control of another CPU.</li> <li>Change the setting to the automatic refresh setting or similar parameter setting of the intelligent function module under control of the host CPU.</li> </ul>		
3400	The head I/O number of the target module in the remote password file is set to other than 0H to 0FF0H.	Change the head I/O number of the target module to within the 0H to 0FF0H range.		
3401	<ul> <li>Position specified as the head I/O number of the remote password file is incorrect due to one of the following reasons:</li> <li>(1) Module is not loaded.</li> <li>(2) Other than a Q-compatible intelligent function module (I/O, A, QnA module)</li> <li>(3) Intelligent function module other than the Q series serial communication module, modem interface module or Ethernet module</li> <li>(4) Q series serial communication module or Ethernet module of function version A</li> </ul>	Mount the Q series serial communication module, modem interface module or Ethernet module of function version B in the position specified in the head I/O No. of the remote password file.	QCPU function Ver. B or later	
	The Q series serial communication module, modem interface module or Ethernet module of function version B controlled by another CPU was specified in a multiple CPU system.	<ol> <li>Change it for the Ethernet module of function version B connected by the host CPU.</li> <li>Delete the remote password setting.</li> </ol>	1	

Error Co	de List	(Continued)
----------	---------	-------------

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Messages	Common Information	Individual Information		Status	Operating Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing
(SD0) *1		(SD5 to 15) *1	(SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	CPU	
4000 4001 4002 4003 4004	INSTRCT CODE ERR.	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP → RUN
	MISSING END INS.	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	
4020	CAN'T SET (P)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset/ STOP $\rightarrow$ RUN
	CAN'T SET (I)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	†
4100 4101	OPERATION ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop/ continue *2	When instruction is executed
4102 4103 4104 4107	OPERATION ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop/ continue *2	When instruction is executed
4108 4109							
4200	FOR NEXT ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4201	FOR NEXT ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4202 4203	FOR NEXT ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4210 4211 4212 4213	CANT EXECUTE (P)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4220 4221 4223	CAN'T EXECUTE (I)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4230 4231 4235	INST. FORMAT ERR.	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed
4300 4301	EXTEND INST. ERR.	Program error location		Off/On	Flicker/On	Stop/ continue *2	When instruction is executed

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored. \*2 The CPU operation status when an error occurs can be set at the parameters. (LED display will change accordingly.)

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU		
4000	(1) The program contains an instruction code that cannot be				
4000	decoded. (2) An unusable instruction is included in the program.				
4001	The program contains a dedicated instruction for SFC although it is				
-1001	not an SFC program. (1) The extension instruction designated by the program has an	4			
4002	incorrect instruction name.				
4002	(2) The extension instruction specified in the program cannot be	Read the common information of the error using a peripheral	0		
	executed by the specified module. The extension instruction designated by the program has an	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value	Rem		
4003	incorrect number of devices.	(program error location), and correct the problem.			
4004	The extension instruction designated by the program a device which		0		
4010	cannot be used. There is no END (FEND) instruction in the program.	-			
4020	The total number of internal file pointers used by the program				
4020	exceeds the number of internal file pointers set in the parameters.	-	0		
4021	The common pointer numbers used by individual files overlap. The allocation pointer numbers used by individual files are overlap.	-			
4100	The instruction cannot process the contained data.				
	(1) The designated device number for data processed by the	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral	0		
4101	instruction exceeds the usable range. (2) Alternatively, the stored data or constants for the devices	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.			
	designated by the instruction exceeds the usable range.				
	In a multiple CPU evotem, the link direct device ( ICCC) was	(1) Delete from the program the link direct device which specifies	QCPU		
	In a multiple CPU system, the link direct device (J_\G_) was specified for the network module under control of another station.	the network module under control of another CPU. (2) Using the link direct device, specify the network module under	functior Ver. B		
		control of the host CPU.	or later		
4102	The network number and station number designated with a				
4102	dedicated network instruction are not correct. The link direct device (j $[ ] W [ ] )$ is not set correctly.	Bood the common information of the array using the paripharal	0		
	<ul> <li>The module No./network No./character string count specified by</li> </ul>	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value	Rem		
	<ul> <li>the extension instruction is outside the setting range.</li> <li>The character string (" ") specified by the extension instruction is</li> </ul>	(program error location), and correct the problem.			
	unusable.				
4103	The configuration of the PID dedicated instruction is incorrect.	Pood the common information of the array units a sub-			
4104	The number of settings is beyond the range.	Read the common information of the error using peripheral device, and check and correct the program corresponding to that value (program error location).	Q4AR		
	33 or more multiple CPU dedicated instructions were executed from	Using the multiple CPU dedicated instruction completion bit, provide interlocks to prevent one CPU module from executing 32 or more	QCPU function		
4107	one CPU module.	multiple CPU dedicated instructions.	Ver. B or later		
	Numbers of execution to the CC-Link instruction are beyond 32.	Set the numbers of execution to the CC-Link instruction to 32 or			
		less.	QnA		
4108	The CC-Link parameter is not set when the CC-Link instruction is executed.	Execute the CC-Link instruction after setting the CC-Link parameter.			
		Delete the high-speed interrupt parameter setting.			
4109	With high speed interrupt setting execute PR/PRC,UDCNT1, UDCONT2, PLSY, PWM,SPD,PLOADP,PUNLOADP,PAWPP	When using high-speed interrupt, delete the PR, PRC, UDCNT1,			
	instruction.	UDCNT2, PLSY, PWM, SPD, PLOAD, PUNLOAD and PSWAP instructions.			
 	No NEXT instruction was availated following the availation of a		or later		
1000	No NEXT instruction was executed following the execution of a FOR instruction.	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral			
4200	Alternatively, there are fewer NEXT instructions than FOR	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.			
	instructions.	(r··ɡ··································			
1001	A NEXT instruction was executed although no FOR instruction has been executed.	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral			
4201	Alternatively, there are more NEXT instructions than FOR	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.			
4202	Instructions. More than 16 nesting levels are programmed.	Keep nesting levels at 16 or under.	- 0		
4202		Read the common information of the error using the peripheral	_		
4203	A BREAK instruction was executed although no FOR instruction has been executed prior to that.	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value			
	The CALL instruction is executed, but there is no subroutine at the	(program error location), and correct the problem.			
4210	specified pointer.	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral			
4211	There was no RET instruction in the executed sub-routine program.	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value			
4212	The RET instruction was before the FEND instruction in the main program.	(program error location), and correct the problem.			
4213	More than 16 nesting levels are programmed.	Keep nesting levels at 16 or under.			
4220	Though an interrupt input occurred, the corresponding interrupt				
4220	pointer does not exist.	-			
4221	An IRET instruction does not exist in the executed interrupt program.		0		
4000	An IRET instruction exists before the FEND instruction of the main	Read the common information of the error using the peripheral			
4222					
4223	program.	device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.			
4230	The number of CHK and CHKEND instructions is not equal.				
4230 4231	The number of CHK and CHKEND instructions is not equal. The number of IX and IXEND instructions is not equal. The configuration of the check conditions for the CHK instruction is incorrect.				
 4230	The number of CHK and CHKEND instructions is not equal. The number of IX and IXEND instructions is not equal. The configuration of the check conditions for the CHK instruction is incorrect. Alternatively, a CHK instruction has been used in a low speed				
 4230 4231	The number of CHK and CHKEND instructions is not equal. The number of IX and IXEND instructions is not equal. The configuration of the check conditions for the CHK instruction is incorrect.				

Error Code		Common	Individual	1	Status	Operating		
(SD0) *1	Error Messages	Information (SD5 to 15) *1	Information (SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	Operating Statuses of CPU	Diagnostic Timing	
4400	SFCP. CODE ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	$STOP \to RUN$	
4410	CAN'T SET (BL)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	$STOP \to RUN$	
4411 4420								
4421		_						
4422	CAN'T SET (S)	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	$STOP \to RUN$	
4500								
4501								
4502	SFCP. FORMAT ERR.	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	$STOP \to RUN$	
4503								
4504								
4600	-					Stop/		
4601 4602	SFCP. OPE. ERROR	Program error location		Off/On	Flicker/On	Continue *2	When instruction is executed	
4610	SFCP. EXE. ERROR	Program error location		On	On	Continue	$STOP \to RUN$	
4611								
4620								
	BLOCK EXE. ERROR	Program error location		Off	Flicker	Stop	When instruction is executed	
4621		r rogram en or location		0	i nontor	otop		
4630								
	-							
4631		Program error location		Off	Off Flicker	er Stop	When instruction is executed	
	STEP EXE. ERROR						when instruction is executed	
4632								
4633								
5000	WDT ERROR	Time (value set)	Time (value actually measured)	Off	Flicker	Stop	Always	
5001			measureu)					
5010			Time (value actually					
	PRG. TIME OVER	6. TIME OVER Time (value set)		On	On	Continue	Always	
5011								
6000	PRG. VERIFY ERR. *5	File name		Off	Flicker	Stop	Always	
6010	MODE VERIFY ERR.			On	On	Continue	Always	
0010	*5			On	OII	Continue	Aiways	
6100							At power on/	
6100	TRK. MEMORY ERR. *3			On	On	Continue	$Reset/STOP \to RUN$	
6101							When END instruction even uted	
6101				_			When END instruction executed	
6200	CONTROL EXE. *4	Cause of switch		On	Off	Continue	Always	
6210	CONTROL WAIT. *5	Cause of switch		On	Off	Continue	Always	
6220								
	CAN'T EXE CHANGE							
6221	*4	Cause of switch		On	On	Continue	At switching request	
6222	4							
0222	1							

On

On

Continue

Always

### Error Code List (Continued)

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
\*3 Can only be detected in a redundant system. Can be detected either in the control system or the standby system.
\*4 Can only be detected in the control system of a redundant system.
\*5 Can only be detected in the standby system of a redundant system.

DUAL SYS ERROR

6230

Error Code (SD0) *1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres ponding CPU	
4400	No SFCP or SFCPEND instruction in SFC program.			
4410	The block number designated by the SFC program exceeds the range.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program		
4411	Block number designations overlap in SFC program.	error location), and correct the problem.		
4420	A step number designated in an SFC program exceeds 511.			
4421	Total number of steps in all SFC programs exceed the range	Reduce total number of steps to below the maximum.	_	
4422	Step number designations overlap in SFC program.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.		
4500	The numbers of BLOCK and BEND instructions in an SFC program are not equal.			
4501	The configuration of the STEP * to TRAN * to TSET to SEND instructions in the SFC program is incorrect.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device,		
4502	There was no STEPI * instruction in SFC program block. The step designated by the TSET instruction in the SFC program	check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.		
4503	does not exist.			
4504	The step designated by the TAND instruction in the SFC program does not exist.			
4600	The SFC program contains data that cannot be processed.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device,		
4601	Exceeds device range that can be designated by the SFC program.	check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program		
4602	The START instruction in an SFC program is preceded by an END instruction.	error location), and correct the problem.		
4610	The active step information at presumptive start of an SFC program is incorrect.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program		
4611	Key-switch was reset during RUN when presumptive start was designated for SFC program.	error location), and correct the problem. The program is automatically subjected to an initial start.		
4620	Startup was executed at a block in the SFC program that was already started up.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.		
4621	Startup was attempted at a block that does not exist in the SFC program.	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.		
4630	Startup was executed at a block in the SFC program that was already started up.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program error location), and correct the problem.		
4631	Startup was attempted at a block that does not exist in an SFC displayed again, the intelligent f base unit is faulty. Therefore, cl	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, the intelligent function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Therefore, change the faulty module or unit. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0	
4632	There were too many simultaneous active steps in blocks that can be designated by the SFC program.	Read common information of the error using the peripheral device, check error step corresponding to its numerical value (program	,	
4633	There were too many simultaneous active steps in all blocks that can be designated.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the numerical value (time) there, and shorten scan time if necessary.		
5000	Program scan time for initial execution type programs exceeds the initial execution WDT time setting designated in the PLC RAS parameter.			
5001	The program scan time goes over the WDT value set in the parameter PLC RAS parameter.			
5010	<ol> <li>The scan time of the program exceeded the constant scan setting time specified in the PLC RAS setting parameter.</li> <li>The low speed program execution time specified in the PC RAS setting parameter exceeded the margin time of constant scan.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Review the constant scan setting time.</li> <li>Review the constant scan time and low speed program execution time in the parameter so that the margin time of constant scan may be fully reserved.</li> </ul>	0	
5011	Low speed execution type program scan time goes over the low speed execution WDT set in the parameter PLC RAS settings.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the numerical value (time) there, and shorten scan time if necessary.		
 6000	The control system and standby system in the redundant system do	Synchronise the programs and parameters of the control system		
6010	not have the same programs and parameters. The operational status of the control system and standby system in the redundant system is not the same.	and standby system. Synchronise the operation statuses of the control system and standby system.	Q4A	
6100	A CPU module tracking memory error was detected during initial.	<ul> <li>This is a CPU module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> <li>When replacing the CPU modules, change the standby system CPU first, then the control system CPU.</li> </ul>		
6101	The CPU module detected an error during the handshake for tracking.	Check the condition of the other stations.		
6200	The standby system in a redundant system is switched to the control system.	Check the control system condition.		
6210	The control system in a redundant system is switched to the standby system.	Check the control system condition.	Q4A	
6220	The standby system in a redundant system could not be switched from the control system to the standby system because of an error status or other reason.	Check the standby system condition.		
6221	Switching is disabled because of a bus switching module error.	This is a bus switching module hardware fault. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.		
6222	Switching is disabled because a multiplexed master station of a remote I/O network was installed in the standby station during initial.	Check the remote I/O network setting.		
6230	The link module mounted on the standby type CPU is the remote master station.	Check the system configuration status.	1	

Error Code	Error Messages	Common Information	Individual Information	LED	Status Operating Statuses of ERROR CPU		erating uses of Diagnostic Timing	
(SD0) *1		(SD5 to 15) *1	(SD16 to 26) *1	RUN	ERROR	CPU		
7000							Always At power ON/Reset	
7002	MULTI CPU DOWN	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset	
7003								
7010	MULTI EXE. ERROR	Unit No.		Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset	
7020	MULTI CPU ERROR	Unit/module No.		On	On	Continue	Always	
9000	F**** *6	Program error location	Annunciator number	On USER	Off LED On	Continue	When instruction is executed	
9010	<chk> ERR ***-*** *7</chk>	Program error location	Failure No.	On USER	Off LED On	Continue	When instruction is executed	
9020	воот ок			Off	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/Reset	
10000	CONT. UNIT ERROR			Off	Flicker	Continue	Always	

# Error Code List (Continued)

\*1 Characters in parentheses () indicate the special register numbers where individual information is being stored.
 \*6 \*\*\*\* indicates detected annunciator number.
 \*7 \*\*\* indicates detected contact and coil number.

L

Error Code (SD0) * 1	Error Contents and Cause	Corrective Action	Corres- ponding CPU
7000	<ol> <li>In a multiple CPU system, at CPU module fault occurred at a station where "All station stop by stop error of PLC " was selected in the operating mode.</li> <li>High Performance model QCPU of function version A was loaded in a multiple CPU system.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the error of the PLC resulting in CPU module fault, and remove the error.</li> <li>Remove the High Performance model QCPU of function version A from the main base unit.</li> </ol>	
	In a multiple CPU system, station 1 resulted in stop error at power- on and the other stations cannot start. (This error occurred at stations 2 to 4)	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the error of the CPU module resulting in CPU module fault, and remove the error.	
7002	<ol> <li>There is no response from the target CPU module in a multiple CPU system at initial communication stage.</li> <li>High Performance model QCPU of function version A was loaded in a multiple CPU system configuration.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, this suggests the hardware fault of any of the CPU modules. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.</li> <li>Remove the High Performance model QCPU of function version A from the main base unit. Alternatively, replace the High Performance model QCPU of function wersion A with the High Performance model QCPU of function &amp; with the High Performance model QCPU of function sets and the High Performance model set and th</li></ul>	QCPU function Ver. B or later
7003	There is no response from the target CPU module in a multiple CPU system at initial communication stage.	Reset the CPU module and RUN it again. If the same error is displayed again, this suggests the hardware fault of any of the CPU modules. Therefore, change the faulty module. Alternatively, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	
7010	<ol> <li>Faulty CPU is loaded in a multiple CPU system.</li> <li>High Performance model QCPU of function version A is loaded in a multiple CPU system configuration.</li> <li>(An error is detected at the High Performance model QCPU of function version B.)</li> <li>In a multiple CPU system, any of CPU No. 2 to 4 was reset during power-on.</li> <li>(This error occurs at only the CPU module which was reset.)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, and change the faulty station.</li> <li>Change the station of function version A for function version B.</li> <li>Do not reset the CPU modules of CPU No.2 to 4. Reset the High Performance model QCPU of CPU No.1 and restart the multiple CPU system.</li> </ol>	QCPU function Ver. B or later
7020	In a multiple PLC system, a PLC fault occurred at a CPU module where "All station stop by stop error of PLC" was not selected in the operation mode. (The error is detected at the CPU module of other than the station where the CPU fault occurred.)	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, check the error of the CPU module resulting in CPU module fault, and remove the error.	QCPU function Ver. B or later
9000	Annunciator (F) was set ON	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, and check the program corresponding to the numerical value (annunciator number).	0
9010	Error detected by the CHK instruction.	Read the individual information of the error using the peripheral device, and check the program corresponding to the numerical value (error number) there.	
9020	Storage of data onto ROM was completed normally in automatic write to standard ROM. (BOOT LED also flickers.)	Set the parameter enable drive to standard ROM, switch power on again, and perform boot operation from standard ROM.	QCPU function Ver. B or later
10000	In the multiple CPU system, an error occurred in the CPU module other than the Process CPU/High Performance model QCPU.	Use the software package of the corresponding CPU module to check the details of the error that occurred.	QCPU function Ver. B or later

#### 11.4 Canceling of Errors

The High Performance model QCPU can perform the cancel operation for errors only when the errors allow the CPU module to continue its operation.

To cancel the errors, follow the steps shown below.

1) Eliminate the cause of the error.

2) Store the error code to be canceled in the special register SD50.

3) Energize the special relay SM50 (OFF  $\rightarrow$  ON).

4) The error to be canceled is canceled.

After the CPU module is reset by the canceling of the error, the special relays, special registers, and LEDs associated with the error are returned to the status under which the error occurred.

If the same error occurs again after the cancellation of the error, it will be registered again in the error history.

When multiple enunciators(F) detected are canceled, the first one with No. F only is canceled.

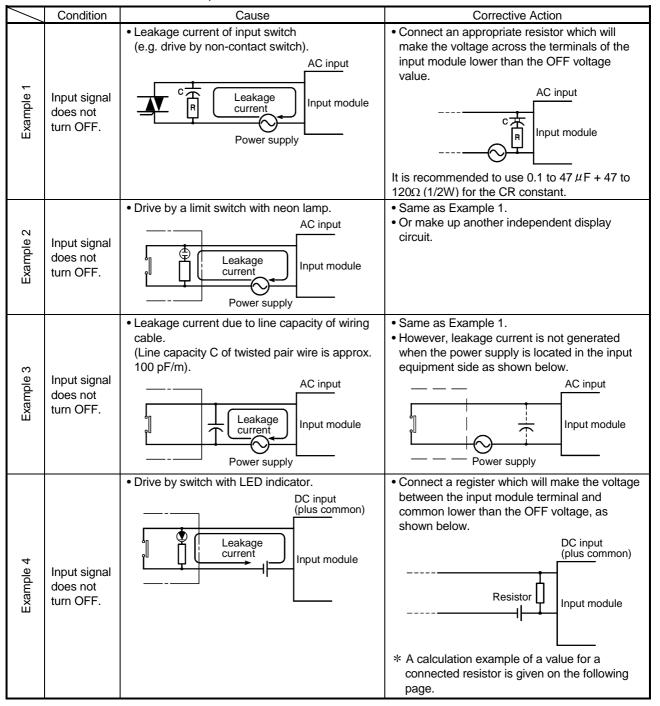
POINT
(1) When the error is canceled with the error code to be canceled stored in the
SD50, the lower one digit of the code is neglected.
(Example)
If error codes 2100 and 2101 occur, and error code 2100 to cancel error code
2101.
If error codes 2100 and 2111 occur, error code 2111 is not canceled even if error
code 2100 is canceled.
(2) Errors developed due to trouble in other than the CPU module are not canceled
even if the special relay (SM50) and special register (SD50) are used to cancel
the error.
(Example)
The cause of "SP. UNIT DOWN" error cannot be removed even by using the
special relay (SM50) and special register (SD50), because the error is
developed on the Q bus.
Refer to the error code list in Section 11.3.2 to remove the cause of the error.

### 11.5 I/O Module Troubleshooting

This chapter explains possible problems with I/O circuits and their corrective actions.

#### 11.5.1 Input circuit troubleshooting

This section describes possible problems with input circuits and their corrective actions.

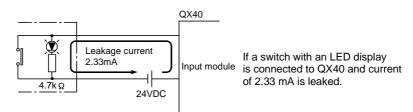


Input Circuit Problems and Corrective Actions

/	Condition	Cause	Corrective Action		
Example 5	Input signal does not turn OFF.	• Sneak path due to the use of two power supplies.	<ul> <li>Use only one power supply.</li> <li>Connect a sneak path prevention diode. (Figure below)</li> </ul>		
Example 6	False input due to noise	Depending on response time setting, noise is imported as input.	Change response time setting. Example : $1 \text{ms} \rightarrow 5 \text{ms}$ (Setting of a shorter response time may produce a higher effect on periodic excessive noise.)If no effects are produced by the above, take basic actions to prevent excessive noise form entering, e.g. avoid bundling the power and I/O cables, and suppress noise by adding surge absorbers to such noise sources as relays and conductors used with the same power supply.)		

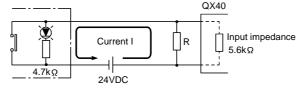
Input Circuit Problems and Corrective Actions (Continued)

<Calculation example of Example 4>



• Voltage VTB across the terminal and common base is:

 $V_{TB} = 2.33[mA] \times 5.6[k\Omega] = 13[V]$  (Ignore the voltage drop caused by the LED.) Because the condition for the OFF voltage ( $\leq 11$  [V]) is not satisfied, the input does not turn off. To correct this, connect a resistor as shown below.



Calculation of current for resistor R

The voltage of QX40 across the terminals must be reduced to 11 [V] or less.

The required current

 $(24-11[V]) \div 4.7[k\Omega] = 2.77[mA]$ 

Therefore resistor R of flowing current I of 2.77 [mA] or more must be connected.

- Calculation of resistance of connected resistor R

 $11[V] \div R > 2.77[mA] - \frac{11[V]}{5.6[k_{\Omega}]}$ 

 $11[V] \div R > 2.77-1.96[mA]$ 

 $13.6[k\Omega] > \mathsf{R}$ 

Resistance of the connected resistor R is obtained in the above equations. Suppose that the resistance R is 12 [kW].

The power capacity W of the resistor during activation of the switch is:

 $W = (Applied voltage)^2 / R$ 

 $W = (28.8[V])^2 / 12[k\Omega] = 0.069[W]$ 

 Because the resistance is selected so that the power capacity is three to five times the actual power consumption, a third to a half [W] should be selected.
 In this case, a resistor of 12 [kΩ] and a third to a half [W] should be connected across the terminal and COM.

# 11.5.2 Output Circuit Troubleshooting

This section explains trouble examples and troubleshooting methods in the output circuit.

$\sim$	Condition	Cause	Corrective Action
Example 1	Excessive voltage is applied to load when output turns off.	<ul> <li>When load is half-wave rectified inside (This is typical of some solenoids.) QY22 Output module Load</li> <li>When the polarity of the power supply is [1], the capacitor C is charged. When the polarity is [2], the voltage charged in C plus the power supply voltage is applied to across D1. The maximum value of the voltage is approx. 2.2E. (This usage does not pose problems to the output components but may deteriorate the diode built in the load. causing burnout. etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Connect a resistor of several ten KΩ to several hundred KΩ across the load.</li> <li></li></ul>
Example 2	Load does not turn off. (Triac output)	Leakage current due to the built-in surge suppressor QY22 Output module Load Leakage current	• Connect a resistor across the load. (If the wiring from the output module to the load is long, be careful since there may be a leakage current due to the line capacity.)

Output Circuit Troubleshooting

#### 11.6 Special Relay List

Special relays, SM, are internal relays whose applications are fixed in the PLC. For this reason, they cannot be used by sequence programs in the same way as the normal internal relays.

However, they can be turned ON or OFF as needed in order to control the CPU module and remote I/O modules.

The headings in the table that follows have the following me	aninas
The headings in the table that follows have the following the	anniyə.

Item	Function of Item
Number	<ul> <li>Indicates the number of the special relay.</li> </ul>
Name	Indicates the name of the special relay.
Meaning	<ul> <li>Indicates the nature of the special relay.</li> </ul>
Explanation	<ul> <li>Contains detailed information about the nature of the special relay.</li> </ul>
Set by (When set)	<ul> <li>Indicates whether the relay is set by the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when setting is performed.</li> <li><set by=""> <ul> <li>S is the system</li> <li>U is the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when setting is performed.</li> <li>S is the system</li> <li>U is the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when setting is performed.</li> <li>S is the system</li> <li>S is the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when sets by the system</li> <li>S is the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when sets by the system</li> <li>S is the system or user of the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when sets by the system</li> <li>S is the system or user of the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when sets by the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when system or user of the system or user or test operation at a GX Developer)</li> <li>S/U is the system or user of the system.</li> <li>Each END is the system or user of the system of the system or user of the system of the s</li></ul></set></li></ul>
Corresponding ACPU	<ul> <li>Indicates special relay M9 corresponding to the ACPU. (Change and notation when there has been a change in contents)</li> <li>"New" indicates the item that has been newly added to the High Performance model QCPU/QnACPU.</li> </ul>
Corresponding CPU	<ul> <li>Indicates the corresponding CPU module type name.</li> <li>O+Rem: Can be applied to all CPU types and MELSECNET/H remote I/O modules.</li> <li>O: Can be applied to all types of CPU</li> <li>QCPU: Can be applied to High Performance model QCPU</li> <li>QnA: Can be applied to QnA series and Q2ASCPU Series</li> <li>Remote: Can be applied to the MELSECNET/H remote I/O modules.</li> <li>Each CPU module type name: Can be applied only to the specific CPU module. (e.g. Q4AR, Q3A)</li> </ul>

For details on the following items, refer to the following manuals:

- Networks → For Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (PLC to PLC network)
  - For Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (Remote I/O network)
  - For QnA/Q4AR MELSECNET/10 Network System Reference Manual
- SFC  $\rightarrow$  QCPU(Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC)

#### POINT

(1) SM1200 to SM1255 are used for QnACPU.

These relays are vacant with QCPU.

(2) Special relays SM1500 and later are dedicated for Q4ARCPU.

### Special Relay List

(1) Diagnostic Information

	1				1	
Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM0	Diagnostic errors	OFF: No error ON : Error	<ul> <li>Turns ON if an error occurs as a result of diagnosis. (Includes when an annunciator is ON, and when an error is detected with CHK instruction)</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	
SM1	Self-diagnosis error	OFF: No self-diagnosis errors ON : Self-diagnosis	<ul> <li>Turns ON if an error occurs as a result of diagnosis. (Does not include when an annunciator is ON or when an error is detected by the CHK instruction)</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9008	
SM5	Error common information	OFF: No error common information ON : Error common information	When SM0 is ON, ON if there is error common information	S (Error)	New	O+Rem
SM16	Error individual information	OFF: No error common information ON : Error common information	When SM0 is ON, ON if there is error individual     information	S (Error)	New	
SM50	Error reset	$OFF \rightarrow ON$ : Error reset	<ul> <li>Conducts error reset operation</li> <li>See section 11.3 for further information</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM51	Battery low latch	OFF: Normal ON :Battery low	<ul> <li>ON if battery voltage at CPU module or memory card drops below rated value.</li> <li>Remains ON if the battery voltage returns to normal thereafter.</li> <li>Synchronizes with the BAT. ALARM/BAT. LED.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9007	0
SM52	Battery low	OFF: Normal ON : Battery low	<ul> <li>Same as SM51, but goes OFF subsequently when battery voltage returns to normal.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9006	
SM53	AC/DC DOWN detection	OFF: AC/DC DOWN not detected ON : AC/DC DOWN detected	<ul> <li>Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 20ms occurs during use of the AC power supply module.</li> <li>Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.</li> <li>Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 10ms occurs during use of the DC power supply module.</li> <li>Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.</li> <li>Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 1ms occurs during use of the DC power supply module. Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9005	QCPU QnA
SM54	MINI link errors	OFF: Normal ON : Error	<ul> <li>Goes ON if MINI (S3) link error is detected at even one of the installed AJ71PT32 (S3) modules.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9004	QnA
SM56	Operation Errors	OFF: Normal ON : Operation error	<ul> <li>ON when operation error is generated</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9011	0
SM60	Blown fuse detection	OFF: Normal ON : Module with blown fuse	<ul> <li>Turns ON if there is at least one output module whose fuse has blown.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> <li>Blown fuse status is checked even for remote I/O station output modules.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9000	O i Dom
SM61	I/O module verification error	OFF: Normal ON : Error	<ul> <li>Turns ON if the I/O module differs from the status registered at power on.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> <li>I/O module verification is also conducted for remote I/O station modules.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	M9002	⊖+Rem
SM62	Annunciator detection	OFF : Not detected ON : Detected	Goes ON if even one annunciator F goes ON.	S (Instruction execution)	M9009	
SM80	CHK detection	OFF: Not detected ON : Detected	<ul> <li>Goes ON if error is detected by CHK instruction.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	0

### Special Relay List (Continued)

Number	Name	Meaning		Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM90 SM91			Corresponds to SD90 Corresponds to SD91	-		M9108 M9109	
CM00	Startup of	Corresponds to SD92			M9110		
01/00	watchdog timer	OFF: Not started	Corresponds to SD93	Goes ON when measurement of step transition watchdog timer is commenced.     Resets step transition watchdog	U	M9111	0
SM94	for step transition	(watchdog timer reset) ON : Started	Corresponds to SD94			M9112	
SM95	(Enabled only	(watchdog timer	Corresponds to SD95			M9113	
211130	when SFC	started)	Corresponds to SD96	timer when it goes OFF.		M9114	
SM97	program exists)		Corresponds to SD97	-		New	
SM98			Corresponds to SD98			New	
SM99			Corresponds to SD99			New	

#### (2) System information

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM202	LED OFF command	$OFF \rightarrow ON$ : LED $OFF$	<ul> <li>When this relay goes from OFF to ON, the LEDs corresponding to the individual bits at SD202 go off</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM203	STOP contact	STOP status	Goes ON at STOP status	S (Status change)	M9042	
SM204	PAUSE contact	PAUSE status	Goes ON at PAUSE status	S (Status change)	M9041	0
SM205	STEP-RUN contact	STEP-RUN status	Goes ON at STEP-RUN status	S (Status change)	M9054	
	PAUSE enable coil	OFF: PAUSE disabled ON : PAUSE enabled	PAUSE status is entered if this relay is ON when the remote PAUSE contact goes ON	U	M9040	
SM206	Device test request acceptance status	OFF : Device test not yet executed ON : Device test executed	Comes ON when the device test mode is executed on GX Developer.	S (Request)	New	Remote
SM210	Clock data set request	OFF: Ignored ON : Set request	<ul> <li>When this relay goes from OFF to ON, clock data being stored from SD210 to SD213 after execution of END instruction for changed scan is written to the clock device.</li> </ul>	U	M9025	0
SM211	Clock data error	OFF: No error ON :Error	ON when error is generated in clock data (SD210 to SD213) value, and OFF if no error is detected.	S (Request)	M9026	
SM212	Clock data display	OFF: Ignored ON:Display	<ul> <li>Displays clock data as month, day, hour, minute, and second at the LED display at front of CPU module. (Enabled only for Q3ACPU and Q4ACPU)</li> </ul>	U	M9027	Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SM213	Clock data read request	OFF: Ignored ON : Read request	When this relay is ON, clock data is read to SD210 to SD213 as BCD values.	U	M9028	O+Rem
SM240	No. 1 CPU reset flag	OFF: No. 1 CPU reset cancel ON : No. 1 CPU resetting	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when reset of the No. 1 CPU is canceled.</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 1 CPU is resetting (including the case where the PLC is removed from the base).</li> <li>The other PLCs are also put in reset status.</li> </ul>			
SM241	No. 2 CPU reset flag	OFF: No. 2 CPU reset cancel ON : No. 2 CPU resetting	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when reset of the No. 2 CPU is canceled.</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 2 CPU is resetting (including the case where the PLC is removed from the base).</li> <li>The other PLCs result in "MULTI CPU DOWN" (error code: 7000).</li> </ul>			
SM242	No. 3 CPU reset flag	OFF: No. 3 CPU reset cancel ON : No. 3 CPU resetting	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when reset of the No. 3 CPU is canceled.</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 3 CPU is resetting (including the case where the PLC is removed from the base).</li> <li>The other PLCs result in "MULTI CPU DOWN" (error code: 7000).</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU function Ver. B
SM243	No. 4 CPU reset flag	OFF: No. 4 CPU reset cancel ON : No. 4 CPU resetting	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when reset of the No. 4 CPU is canceled.</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 4 CPU is resetting (including the case where the PLC is removed from the base).</li> <li>The other PLCs result in "MULTI CPU DOWN" (error code: 7000).</li> </ul>			
SM244	No. 1 CPU error flag	OFF: No. 1 CPU normal ON : No. 1 CPU during stop error	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when the No. 1 CPU is normal (including a continuation error).</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 1 CPU is during a stop error.</li> </ul>			

Special	Relay List	(Continued)
		(

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM245	No. 2 CPU error flag	OFF: No. 2 CPU normal ON : No. 2 CPU during stop error	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when the No. 2 CPU is normal (including a continuation error).</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 2 CPU is during a stop error.</li> </ul>			
SM246	No. 3 CPU error flag	OFF: No. 3 CPU normal ON : No. 3 CPU during stop error	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when the No. 3 CPU is normal (including a continuation error).</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 3 CPU is during a stop error.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU function Ver. B
SM247	No. 4 CPU error flag	OFF: No. 4 CPU normal ON : No. 4 CPU during stop error	<ul> <li>Goes OFF when the No. 4 CPU is normal (including a continuation error).</li> <li>Comes ON when the No. 4 CPU is during a stop error.</li> </ul>			
SM250	Max. loaded I/O read	OFF: Ignored ON:Read	• When this relay goes from OFF to ON, maximum loaded I/O number is read to SD250.	U	New	O+Rem
SM251	I/O change flag	OFF : No replacement ON : Replacement	<ul> <li>After the head I/O number of the I/O module being replaced is set in SD251 is set, on-line I/O module replace ment is enabled when this relay is ON. (Only one module can be replaced at each setting.)</li> <li>To replace an I/O module in the RUN status, use the program or a peripheral device to turn this relay ON; to replace an I/O module in the STOP status, turn this relay ON in the test mode of a peripheral device.</li> <li>Do not switch between RUN and STOP status until I/O module replacement is completed.</li> </ul>	U (END)	M9094	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SM252	I/O change OK	OFF: Replacement prohibited ON : Replacement enabled	Goes ON when I/O replacement is OK.	S (END)	New	
SM254	All stations refresh command	OFF: Refresh arrival station ON : Refresh all stations	<ul> <li>Effective for the batch refresh (also effective for the low speed cyclic)</li> <li>Designate whether to receive arrival stations only or to receive all slave stations.</li> </ul>	U (Every END)	New	QCPU
SM255	MELSECNET/10 module 1 information	OFF: Operative network ON : Standby network	<ul> <li>Goes ON for standby network (If no designation has been made concerning active or standby, active is assumed.)</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM256		OFF: Reads ON : Does not read	• For refresh from link to CPU module (B, W, etc.) indicate whether to read from the link module.	U	New	
SM257		OFF: Writes ON : Does not write	<ul> <li>For refresh from CPU module to link (B, W, etc.), designate whether to write to the link module.</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM260	MELSECNET/10	OFF: Operative network ON : Standby network	Goes ON for standby network     (If no designation has been made concerning active or     standby, active is assumed.)	S (Initial)	New	
SM261	module 2 information	OFF: Reads ON : Does not read	• For refresh from link to CPU module (B, W, etc.) indicate whether to read from the link module.	U	New	
SM262		OFF: Writes ON : Does not write	<ul> <li>For refresh from CPU module to link (B, W, etc.), designate whether to write to the link module.</li> </ul>	U	New	0
SM265	MELSECNET/10	OFF: Operative network ON : Standby network	<ul> <li>Goes ON for standby network (If no designation has been made concerning active or standby, active is assumed.)</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM266	module 3 information	OFF: Reads ON : Does not read	• For refresh from link to CPU module (B, W, etc.) indicate whether to read from the link module.	U	New	
SM267		OFF: Writes ON : Does not write	<ul> <li>For refresh from CPU module to link (B, W, etc.), designate whether to write to the link module.</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM270	MELSECNET/10	OFF: Operative network ON : Standby network	<ul> <li>Goes ON for standby network (If no designation has been made concerning active or standby, active is assumed.)</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM271	module 4 information	OFF: Reads ON : Does not read	For refresh from link to CPU module (B, W, etc.) indicate whether to read from the link module.	U	New	
SM272		OFF: Writes ON : Does not write	<ul> <li>For refresh from CPU module to link (B, W, etc.), designate whether to write to the link module.</li> </ul>	U	New	
		OFF: Normal	<ul> <li>Goes ON when a CC-Link error is detected in any of the installed CC-Link module. Goes OFF when normal operation is restored.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU Remote
SM280	CC-Link error	OFF: Normal ON : Error	<ul> <li>Goes ON when a CC-Link error is detected in any of the installed CC-Link module.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	QnA
SM320	Presence/absenc e of SFC program	OFF: SFC program absent ON : SFC program present	<ul> <li>Turns ON when an SFC program is registered.</li> <li>OFF when an SFC program is not registered.</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	M9100	0

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM321	Start/stop SFC program	OFF: SFC program stop ON :SFC program start	<ul> <li>Initial value is set at the same value as SM320. (Goes ON automatically if SFC program is present.)</li> <li>Starts SFC program when this relay goes from OFF to ON.</li> <li>Stops SFC program when this relay goes from ON to OFF.</li> </ul>	S (Initial) U	M9101 format change	
SM322	SFC program start status	OFF: Initial start ON:Restart	The SFC program starting mode in the SFC setting of the PLC parameter dialog box is set as the initial value. AT initial start: OFF At continued start: ON	S (Initial) U	M9102 format change	
SM323	Presence/absenc e of continuous transition for entire block	OFF: Continuous transition not effective ON : Continuous transition effective	• Set the presence/absence of continuous transition for the block where "Continuous transition bit" of the SFC data device has not been set.	U	M9103	
SM324	Continuous transition prevention flag	OFF: When transition is executed ON: When no transition	<ul> <li>OFF during operation in the continuous transition mode or during continuous transition, and ON when continuous transition is not executed.</li> <li>Always ON during operation in the no continuous transition mode.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	M9104	
SM325	Output mode at block stop	OFF: OFF ON : Preserves	<ul> <li>Select whether the coil outputs of the active steps are held or not at the time of a block stop.</li> <li>As the initial value, the output mode at a block stop in the parameter is OFF when the coil outputs are OFF, and ON when the coil outputs are held.</li> <li>All coil outputs go OFF when this relay is OFF.</li> <li>Coil outputs are preserved when this relay is ON.</li> </ul>	S (Initial) U	M9196	0
SM326	SFC device clear mode	OFF : Clear device ON : Preserves device	Selects the device status when the stopped CPU is run after the sequence program or SFC program has been modified when the SFC program exists.	U	New	
SM327	Output during end step execution	OFF: OFF ON : Preserves	Select the device status at the time of switching from STOP to program write to RUN.(All devices except the step relay)	S (Initial) U	New	
SM330	Operation mode for low speed execution type program	OFF : Asynchronous mode ON : Synchronous mode	<ul> <li>Select whether the low speed execution type program will be executed in the asynchronous mode or in the synchronous mode.</li> <li>Asynchronous mode (this relay is turned OFF.) Mode in which the operation of the low speed execution type program is performed continuously within the excess time.</li> <li>Synchronous mode (this relay is turned ON.) Mode in which the operation of the low speed execution type program is not performed continuously and operation is performed from the next scan if there is excess time.</li> </ul>	U (END)	New	
SM331	Normal SFC program execution status	OFF: Not executed ON : Being executed	Indicates whether the normal SFC program is being executed or not. Used as an SFC control instruction execution interlock.			QCPU
SM332	Program execution management SFC program execution status	OFF: Not executed ON : Being executed	Indicates whether the program execution management SFC program is being executed or not. Used as an SFC control instruction execution interlock.	S (Status change)	New	serial No. 04122 or later
SM390	Access execution flag	ON indicates completion of intelligent function module access	<ul> <li>The status of the intelligent function module access instruction executed immediately before is stored. (This data is overwritten when the intelligent function module access instruction is executed again.)</li> <li>Used by the user in a program as a completion bit.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU

### Special Relay List

(3) System	clocks/counters
------------	-----------------

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU	
SM400	Always ON	ON OFF	Normally is ON	S (Every END processing)	M9036		
SM401	Always OFF	ON OFF	Normally is OFF	S (Every END processing)	M9037		
SM402	ON for 1 scan only after RUN	ON ── 1 scan OFF◀	After RUN, ON for 1 scan only.     This connection can be used for scan execution type programs only.     ON     Initial 1 scan of scan     execution type     type program program	S (Every END processing)	M9038		
SM403	After RUN, OFF for 1 scan only	ON ← → OFF 1 scan	After RUN, OFF for 1 scan only.     This connection can be used for scan execution type programs only.     ON     OFF Initial 1 scan of scan     execution type program program	S (Every END processing)	M9039	0	
SM404	Low speed execution type program ON for 1 scan only after RUN	ON OFF 1 scan	<ul> <li>After RUN, ON for 1 scan only.</li> <li>This connection can be used for low speed execution type programs only.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New		
SM405	Low speed execution type program After RUN, OFF for 1 scan only	ON ◀—▶ OFF 1 scan	<ul> <li>After RUN, OFF for 1 scan only.</li> <li>This connection can be used for low speed execution type programs only.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New		
SM409	0.01 second clock	0.005 sec.	<ul> <li>Repeatedly changes between ON and OFF at 5-ms interval.</li> <li>When PLC power supply is turned OFF or a CPU module reset is performed, goes from OFF to start.</li> <li>Note that the ON-OFF status changes when the designated time has elapsed during the execution of the program.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU	
SM410	0.1 second clock	0.05 sec.	<ul> <li>Repeatedly changes between ON and OFF at each designated time interval.</li> </ul>		M9030		
SM411	0.2 second clock	0.1sec.	When PLC power supply is turned OFF or a CPU module reset is performed, goes from OFF to start.	S (Status	M9031		
SM412	1 second clock	0.5 sec.	Note that the ON-OFF status changes when the designated time has elapsed during the execution of the	change)	M9032		
SM413	2 second clock	1 sec.	program.		M9033	0	
SM414	2n second clock	n sec.	<ul> <li>This relay alternates between ON and OFF at intervals of the time (unit: s) specified in SD414.</li> <li>When PLC power supply is turned OFF or a CPU module reset is performed, goes from OFF to start.</li> <li>Note that the ON-OFF status changes when the designated time has elapsed during the execution of the program.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	M9034 format change		
SM415	2n (ms) clock	n(ms) n(ms)	<ul> <li>This relay alternates between ON and OFF at intervals of the time (unit: ms) specified in SD415.</li> <li>When PLC power supply is turned OFF or a CPU module reset is performed, goes from OFF to start.</li> <li>Note that the ON-OFF status changes when the designated time has elapsed during the execution of the program.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU	

#### Special Relay List (Continued)

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM420	User timing clock No.0	n2 n2 scan n1 scan	<ul> <li>Relay repeats ON/OFF switching at fixed scan intervals.</li> <li>When PLC power supply is turned OFF or a CPU module reset is performed, goes from OFF to start.</li> <li>The ON/OFF intervals are set with the DUTY instruction.</li> <li>DUTY n1 n2 SM420</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	M9020	0
SM421	User timing clock No.1				M9021	
SM422	User timing clock No.2				M9022	
SM423	User timing clock No.3				M9023	
SM424	User timing clock No.4				M9024	
SM430	User timing clock No.5		For use with SM420 to SM424 low speed programs.	S (Every END processing)	New	
SM431	User timing clock No.6					
SM432	User timing clock No.7					
SM433	User timing clock No.8					
SM434	User timing clock No.9					

#### (4) Scan information

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM510	program	OFF: Completed or not executed ON : Execution under way.	<ul> <li>Goes ON when low speed execution type program is executed.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)		0
SM551		OFF: Ignored ON : Read	<ul> <li>When this relay goes from OFF to ON, the module service interval designated by SD550 is read to SD551 to SD552.</li> </ul>	U	New	O+Rem

#### (5) Memory cards

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM600	Memory card (A) usable flags	OFF: Unusable ON : Use enabled	ON when memory card (A) is ready for use by user	S (Initial)	New	
SM601	Memory card (A) protect flag	OFF: No protect ON : Protect	Goes ON when memory card (A) protect switch is ON	S (Initial)	New	
SM602	Drive 1 flag	OFF: No drive 1 ON : Drive 1 present	• Turns ON when the mounted memory card (A) is RAM.	S (Initial)	New	
SM603	Drive 2 flag	OFF: No drive 2 ON : Drive 2 present	• Turns ON when the mounted memory card (A) is ROM.	S (Initial)	New	0
SM604	Memory card (A) in-use flag	OFF: Not used ON :In use	Goes ON when memory card (A) is in use	S (status change)	New	
SM605	Memory card (A) remove/insert prohibit flag	OFF: Remove/insert enabled ON : Remove/insert prohibited	<ul> <li>Goes ON when memory card (A) cannot be inserted or removed</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM609	Memory card remove/insert enable flag	OFF: Remove/insert prohibited ON : Remove/insert enabled	<ul> <li>Turned ON by user to enable the removal/insertion of memory card.</li> <li>Turned OFF by the system after the memory card is removed.</li> <li>This contact can be used only when SM604 and SM605 are OFF.</li> </ul>	U/S	New	QCPU
	Memory card B usable flags	3 OFF: Unusable ON : Use enabled	Always ON	S (Initial)	New	QCPU
SM620			ON when memory card B is ready for use by user	S (Initial)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
	Drive 3/4 protect flag	OFF : No protect ON : Protect	• Always OFF	S (Initial)	New	QCPU
SM621	Memory card B protect flag	OFF : No protect ON : Protect	Goes ON when memory card B protect switch is ON	S (Initial)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR

Special Relay List (Continued)
--------------------------------

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
			Always ON	S (Initial)	New	QCPU
SM622	Drive 3 flag	OFF: No drive 3 ON :Drive 3 present	Goes ON when drive 3 (card 2 RAM area) is present	S (Initial)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SM623	Drive 4 flag	OFF: No drive 4	Always ON	S (Initial)	New	QCPU
3111023	Drive 4 liag	ON : Drive 4 present	<ul> <li>Goes ON when drive 4 (card 2 ROM area) is present</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM624	Memory card B in-use flag	OFF: Not used ON :In use	Goes ON when memory card B is in use	S (status change)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A
SM625		OFF: Remove/insert enabled ON : Remove/insert prohibited	<ul> <li>Goes ON when memory card B cannot be inserted or removed</li> </ul>	U	New	Q4A Q4AR
SM640	File register use	OFF: File register not used ON : File register in use	Goes ON when file register is in use	S (Status change)	New	
SM650	Comment use	OFF : File register not used ON : File register in use	Goes ON when comment file is in use	S (Status change)	New	
SM660	Boot operation	OFF: Internal memory execution ON : Boot operation in progress	<ul> <li>Goes ON while boot operation is in process</li> <li>Goes OFF if boot designation switch is OFF</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	0
	THE REGISTER	OFF: Within access range ON : Outside access range	<ul> <li>Goes ON when access is made to area outside the range of file register R of memory card A (Set within END processing.)</li> <li>Reset at user program</li> </ul>	S/U	New	
SM673	Memory card B file register access range flag	OFF: Within access range ON : Outside access range	<ul> <li>Goes ON when access is made outside the range of file registers, R. of memory card B.</li> <li>(Set within END processing.)</li> <li>Reset at user program</li> </ul>	S/U	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU	
SM700	Carry flag	OFF: Carry OFF ON :Carry ON	Carry flag used in application instruction	S (Instruction execution)	M9012		
SM701	Number of output characters selection	OFF: 16 characters output ON : Outputs until NUL	<ul> <li>When SM701 is OFF, 16 characters of ASCII code are output.</li> <li>When SM701 is ON, output conducted until NUL (00H) code of ASCII code is encountered.</li> </ul>	U	M9049		
SM702	Search method	OFF : Search next ON : 2-part search	<ul> <li>Designates method to be used by search instruction.</li> <li>Data must be arranged for 2-part search.</li> </ul>	U	New	0	
SM703	Sort order	OFF: Ascending order ON : Descending order	<ul> <li>The sort instruction is used to designate whether data should be sorted in ascending order or in descending order.</li> </ul>	U	New		
SM704	Block comparison	OFF: Non-match found ON :All match	<ul> <li>Goes ON when all data conditions have been met for the BKCMP instruction.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New		
SM707	Selection of real number instruction processing type	OFF: Speed oriented ON : Accuracy oriented	<ul> <li>When SM707 is OFF, real number instructions are processed at high speed.</li> <li>When it is ON, real number instructions are processed with high accuracy.</li> </ul>	U	New	Q4AR	
SM710	CHK instruction priority ranking flag	OFF: Conditions priority ON : Pattern priority	<ul> <li>Remains as originally set when OFF.</li> <li>CHK priorities updated when ON.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	0	
SM711	Divided transmission status	OFF: Other than during divided processing ON : During divided processing	• In processing of AD57(S1), goes ON when screen is split for transfer, and goes OFF when split processing is completed	S (Instruction execution)	M9065		
SM712	Transmission processing selection	OFF : Batch processing ON : Divided processing	<ul> <li>In processing of AD57(S1), goes ON when canvas screen is divided for transfer.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	M9066		
SM714	Communication request registration area BUSY signal	OFF: Communication request to remote terminal module enabled ON : Communication request to remote terminal module disabled	<ul> <li>Used to determine whether communications requests to remote terminal modules connected to the AJ71PT32-S3 can be executed or not.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	M9081	QnA	
SM715	El flag	OFF: During DI ON : During EI	ON when EI instruction is being executed.	S (Instruction execution)	New	0	
SM720	Comment read completion flag	OFF: Comment read not completed ON : Comment read completed	<ul> <li>Turns on only during one scan when the processing of the COMRD or PRC instruction is completed.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New		
SM721	File being accessed	OFF: File not accessed ON : File being accessed	<ul> <li>Switches ON while a file is being accessed by the S.FWRITE, S.FREAD, COMRD, PRC, or LEDC instruction.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU	
SM722	BIN/DBIN instruction error disabling flag	OFF: Error detection performed ON : Error detection not performed	• Turned ON when "OPERATION ERROR" is suppressed for BIN or DBIN instruction.	U	New		
SM730	BUSY signal for CC-Link communication request registration area	OFF: Request for communication with intelligent device station enabled ON : Request for communication with intelligent device station disabled	<ul> <li>Used for determination whether to enable or disable the communication request for the intelligent device station connected with CC-Link module.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	QnA	
SM736	PKEY instruction execution in progress flag	OFF: Instruction not executed ON : Instruction execution	<ul> <li>ON when PKEY instruction is being executed.</li> <li>Goes OFF when CR is input, or when input character string reaches 32 characters.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New		
SM737	Keyboard input reception flag for PKEY instruction	OFF: Keyboard input reception enabled ON: Keyboard input reception disabled	<ul> <li>Goes ON when keyboard input is being conducted.</li> <li>Goes when keyboard input has been stored at the CPU.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	0	

Special Relay L	ist (Continued)

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM738	MSG instruction reception flag	OFF: Instruction not executed ON : Instruction execution	Goes ON when MSG instruction is executed.	S (Instruction execution)	New	
SM774	PID bumpless processing (for complete derivative)	OFF : Forces match ON : Does not force match	<ul> <li>Specify whether the set value (SV) will be matched with the process value (PV) or not in the manual mode.</li> </ul>	U	New	0
SM775	Selection of link refresh processing during COM instruction execution	OFF : Performs link refresh ON : Performs no link refresh	<ul> <li>Selects whether only the general data process is performed for the execution of the COM instruction or the link refresh process is also performed.</li> </ul>	U	New	
		OFF: Performs all refresh processes ON : Performs the refresh set the SD778	<ul> <li>Selects whether all refresh process or the refresh set with SD778 is performed when COM instruction is executed.</li> </ul>	U	New	QCPU serial number 04012 or later
SM776	Enable/disable local device at CALL	OFF : Local device disabled ON : Local device enabled	<ul> <li>Set whether the local device of the subroutine program called at execution of the CALL instruction is valid or invalid.</li> </ul>	U (Status change)	New	(
SM777	Enable/disable local device in interrupt program	OFF : Local device disabled ON : Local device enabled	<ul> <li>Set whether the local device at execution of the interrupt program is valid or invalid.</li> </ul>	U (Status change)	New	0
SM780	CC-Link dedicated instruction executable	OFF: CC-Link dedicated instruction executable ON : CC-Link dedicated instruction not executable	<ul> <li>Switches ON when the number of the CC-Link dedicated instructions that can be executed simultaneously reaches 32. Switches OFF when the number goes below 32.</li> </ul>	U (Status change)	New	QnA
SM794	PID bumpless processing (for incomplete derivative)	OFF : Matched ON : Not matched	<ul> <li>Specifies whether the set value (SV) will be matched with the process value (PV) in the manual mode.</li> </ul>	U	New	QCPU serial No. 05032 or later

# (7) Debug

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM800	Trace preparation	OFF: Not ready	Switches ON when the trace preparation is completed.	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
3101000	Sampling trace preparation	ON:Ready	Goes ON when sampling trace is ready	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SM801	Trace start	OFF : Suspend ON : Start	<ul> <li>Trace is started when this relay switches ON.</li> <li>Trace is suspended when this relay switches OFF. (All related special Ms switches OFF.)</li> </ul>	U	M9047	QCPU
	Sampling trace start	UN : Stan	<ul> <li>Sampling trace started when this goes ON</li> <li>Suspended when OFF (Related special M all OFF)</li> </ul>	U	M9047	QnA
	Trace execution in progress	OFF: Suspend	Switches ON during execution of trace.	S (Status change)	M9046	QCPU
SM802	Sampling trace execution in progress	ON : Start	Goes ON during execution of sampling trace	S (Status change)	M9046	QnA
	Trace trigger		Trace is triggered when this relay switches from OFF to ON. (Identical to TRACE instruction execution status)	U	M9044	QCPU
SM803	Sampling trace trigger	OFF →ON: Start	<ul> <li>Sampling trace trigger goes ON when this goes from OFF to ON (Identical to STRA instruction execution status)</li> </ul>	U	M9044	QnA
SM804	After trace trigger	OFF: Not after trigger	Switches ON after trace is triggered.	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
5101804	After sampling trace trigger	ON : After trigger	Goes ON after sampling trace trigger	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SM805	Trace completed	OFF: Not completed	Switches ON at completion of trace.	S (Status change)	9043	QCPU
310000	Sampling trace completed	ON : End	Goes ON at completion of sampling trace	S (Status change)	9043	QnA
SM806	Status latch preparation	OFF : Not ready ON :Ready	Goes ON when status latch is ready	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SM807	Status latch command	OFF $\rightarrow$ ON: Latch	Runs status latch command	U	New	QIIA

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM808	Status latch completion	OFF: Latch not completed ON : Latch completed	Comes ON when status latch is completed.	S (Status change)	9055	QnA
SM809	Status latch clear	OFF $\rightarrow$ ON: Clear	Enable next status latch	U	New	
SM810	Program trace preparation	OFF : Not ready ON : Ready	Goes ON when program trace is ready	S (Status change)	New	
SM811	Start program trace	OFF: Suspend ON : Start	Program trace started when this goes ON     Suspended when OFF (Related special M all OFF)	S (Status change)	New	
SM812	Program trace execution under way	OFF: Suspend ON : Start	ON when program trace execution is underway	U	New	QnA
SM813	Program trace trigger	OFF $\rightarrow$ ON: Start	<ul> <li>Program trace trigger goes ON when this goes from OFF to ON (Identical to PTRA instruction execution status)</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	
SM814	After program trace trigger	OFF: Not after trigger ON : After trigger	Goes ON after program trace trigger	S (Status change)	New	
SM815	Program trace completion	OFF: Not completed ON :End	Goes ON at completion of program trace	S (Status change)	New	
SM820	Step trace preparation	OFF : Not ready ON :Ready	Goes ON after program trace registration, at ready.	U	New	0
SM821	Step trace starts	OFF: Suspend ON : Start	When this goes ON, step trace is started     Suspended when OFF (Related special M all OFF)	S (Status change)	M9182 format change	
SM822	Step trace execution underway	OFF: Suspend ON : Start	<ul> <li>Goes ON when step trace execution is underway</li> <li>Goes OFF at completion or suspension</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	M9181	
SM823	After step trace trigger	OFF : Not after trigger ON : Is after first trigger	<ul> <li>Goes ON if even 1 block within the step trace being executed is triggered.</li> <li>Goes OFF when step trace is commenced.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SM824	After Step trace trigger	OFF : Is not after all triggers ON : Is after all triggers	Goes ON if all blocks within the step trace being executed are triggered.     Goes OFF when step trace is commenced.	S (Status change)	New	
SM825	Step tracecompleted	OFF: Not completed ON : End	Goes ON at step trace completion.     Goes OFF when step trace is commenced.	S (Status change)	M9180	
SM826	Trace error	OFF: Normal	Switches ON if error occurs during execution of trace.	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
0101020	Sampling trace error	ON : Errors	Goes ON if error occurs during execution of sampling trace.	S (Status change)	New	
SM827	Status latch error	OFF: Normal ON : Errors	Goes ON if error occurs during execution of status latch.	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SM828	Program trace error	OFF: Normal ON : Errors	Goes ON if error occurs during execution of program     trace.	S (Status change)	New	

#### (8) Latch area

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	Corresponding ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM900	Power cuit tile	OFF: No power cut file ON : Power cut file present	<ul> <li>Goes ON if a file is present during access when power is interrupted.</li> </ul>	S/U (Status change)	New	
SM910	RKEY	OFF: Keyboard input notregistered ON : Keyboard input registered	<ul> <li>Goes ON at registration of keyboard input.</li> <li>OFF if keyboard input is not registered.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	QnA

(9) A to Q/QnA conversion correspondences

Special relays SM1000 to SM1255 are the relays which correspond to ACPU special relays M9000 to M9255 after A to Q/QnA conversion.

All of these special relays are controlled by the system so that users cannot turn them ON/OFF in the program.

If users want to turn these relays ON/OFF, the program should be modified to use QCPU/QnACPU special relays.

For SM1084 and SM1200 through SM1255, however, if a user can turn ON/OFF some of special relays M9084 and M9200 through M9255 before conversion, the user can also turn ON/OFF the corresponding relays among SM1084 and SM1200 through SM1255 after the conversion.

For details on the ACPU special relays, see the user's manuals for the individual CPUs, and MELSECNET or MELSECNET/B Data Link System Reference Manuals.

#### POINT

The processing time may be longer when converted special relays are used with QCPU. Uncheck "A-series CPU compatibility setting" within the PC system setting in GX Developer parameters when converted special relays are not used.

# REMARK

The following are additional explanations about the Special Relay for Modification column.

- (1) When a special relay for modification is provided, the device number should be changed to the provided QCPU/QnACPU special relay.
- O When  $\square$  is provided, the converted special relay can be used for the device number.
- 3 When  $\boxtimes$  is provided, the device number does not work with QCPU/QnACPU.

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Applicable CPU	
M9000	SM1000	_	Fuse blown	OFF: Normal ON : Module with blown fuse	<ul> <li>Turned on when there is one or more output units of which fuse has been blown.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> <li>Output modules of remote I/O stations are also checked fore fuse condition.</li> </ul>		
M9002	SM1002	_	I/O module verification error	OFF: Normal ON : Error	<ul> <li>Turned on if the status of I/O module is different form entered status when power is turned on.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> <li>I/O module verification is done also to remote I/O station modules.</li> <li>Reset is enabled only when special registers SD1116 to SD1123 are reset.</li> </ul>	0	
M9004	SM1004	_	NIMI link error	OFF : Normal ON : Error	<ul> <li>Goes ON if MINI (S3) link error is detected at even one of the installed AJ71PT32 (S3) modules.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	QnA	
M9005	SM1005	_	AC DOWN detection	OFF: AC DOWN not detected ON : AC DOWN detected	Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 20ms occurs during use of the AC power supply module.     Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.     Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 10ms occurs during use of the DC power supply module.     Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.     Turns ON if an instantaneous power failure of within 1ms	0	
						• Reset when power is switched OFF, then ON.	QnA

#### Special Relay List

ACPU	Special	Special				Applicable
Special Relay	Relay after Conversion	Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	CPU
M9006	SM1006	_	Battery low	OFF : Normal ON : Battery low	<ul> <li>Turns ON when the battery voltage drops to or below the specified.</li> <li>Turns OFF when the battery voltage returns to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	
M9007	SM1007	_	Battery low latch	OFF : Normal ON : Battery low	<ul> <li>Turns ON when the battery voltage drops to or below the specified.</li> <li>Remains ON if the battery voltage returns to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	
M9008	SM1008	SM1	Self-diagnosis error	OFF: No error ON : Error	<ul> <li>Turned on when error is found as a result of self- diagnosis.</li> </ul>	
M9009	SM1009	SM62	Annunciator detection	OFF: No F number detected ON : F number detected	Turned on when OUT F of SET F instruction is executed.     Switched off when SD1124 data is zeroed.	
M9011	SM1011	SM56	Operation error flag	OFF : No error ON :Error	<ul> <li>Turned on when operation error occurs during execution of application instruction.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	
M9012	SM1012	SM700	Carry flag	OFF : Carry OFF ON : Carry ON	Carry flag used in application instruction.	
M9016	SM1016	$\left \right>$	Data memory clear flag	OFF : Ignored ON : Output claered	<ul> <li>Clears the data memory including the latch range (other than special relays and special registers) in remote run mode from computer, etc. when SM1016 is on.</li> </ul>	0
M9017	SM1017	$\left \right>$	Data memory clear flag	OFF: Ignored ON : Output claered	<ul> <li>Clears the unlatched data memory (other than special relays and special egisters) in remote run mode from computer, etc. when SM1017 is on.</li> </ul>	
M9020	SM1020	-	User timing clock No.0		Relay which repeats on/off at intervals of predetermined	
M9021	SM1021	_	User timing clock No.1	n2 n2 scan scan	<ul> <li>Keray which repeats on on a time vals of predetermined scan.</li> <li>When power is turned on or reset is per-formed, the clock</li> </ul>	
M9022	SM1022	_	User timing clock No.2		<ul> <li>when power is tarried on or reset is performed, the clock starts with off.</li> <li>Set the intervals of on/off by DUTY instruction.</li> </ul>	
M9023	SM1023	-	User timing clock No.3	scan		
M9024	SM1024	-	User timing clock No.4			
M9025	SM1025		Clock data set request	OFF : Ignored ON : Set request present used	Writes clock data from SD1025 to SD1028 to the clock element after the END instruction is executed during the scan in which SM1025 has changed from off to on.	
M9026	SM1026	-	Clock data error	OFF: No error ON :Error	Switched on by clock data (SD1025 to SD1028) error	
M9027	SM1027	_	Clock data display	OFF : Ignored ON : Display	<ul> <li>Clock data is read from SD1025 to SD1028 and month, day, hour, minute and minute are indicated on the CPU module front LED display.</li> </ul>	Q3A Q4A Q4AR
M9028	SM1028	_	Clock data read request	OFF: Ignored ON : Read request	Reads clock data to SD1025 to SD1028 in BCD when     SD1028 is on.	
M9029	SM1029		Batch processing of data communications requests	OFF: Batch processing not conducted ON : Batch processing conducted	<ul> <li>The SM1029 relay is turned on using a sequence program to process all data communication requests accepted during one scan in the END processing of that scan.</li> <li>The batch processing of the data communication requests can be turned on and off during running.</li> <li>The default is OFF (processed one at a time for each END processing in the order in which data communication requests are accepted).</li> </ul>	
M9030	SM1030		0.1 second clock	0.05 seconds 0.05 seconds		
M9031	SM1031	_	0.2 second clock	0.1 seconds 0.1 seconds	<ul> <li>0.1 second, 0.2 second, 1 second and 2 second, clocks are generated.</li> <li>Not turned on or off per scan but turned on and off even</li> </ul>	
M9032	SM1032		1 second clock	0.5 seconds 0.5 seconds	during scan if corresponding time has elapsed. • Starts with off when PLC power supply is turned on or CPU module reset is performed.	
M9033	SM1033	_	2 second clock	seconds 1 seconds		

\*: 1 minute clock indicates the name of the special relay (M9034) of the ACPU.

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Applicable CPU	
M9034	SM1034	_	2n minute clock (1 minute clock) *	seconds seconds	<ul> <li>Alternates between ON and OFF according to the seconds specified at SD414. (Default: n = 30)</li> <li>Not turned on or off per scan but turned on and off even during scan if corresponding time has elapsed.</li> <li>Starts with off when PLC power supply is turned on or CPU module reset is performed</li> </ul>		
M9036	SM1036	-	Always ON	ON OFF	<ul> <li>Used as dummy contacts of initialization and application instruction in sequence program.</li> </ul>		
M9037	SM1037	_	Always OFF	ON OFF	<ul> <li>SM1038 and SM1037 are turned on and off without regard to position of key switch on CPU module front.</li> <li>SM1038 and SM1039 are under the same condition as</li> </ul>		
M9038	SM1038	_	ON for 1 scan only after RUN	ON	RUN status except when the key switch is at STOP position, and turned off and on. Switched off if the key switch is in STOP position. SM1038 is on for one scan		
M9039	SM1039	_	RUN flag(After RUN, OFF for 1 scan only)	ON I I scan	only and SM1039 is off for one scan only if the key switch is not in STOP position.		
M9040	SM1040	SM206	PAUSE enable coil	OFF: PAUSE disabled ON : PAUSE enabled	When RUN key switch is at PAUSE position or remote pause contact has turned on and if SM204 is on, PAUSE		
M9041	SM1041	SM204	USE status contact	OFF: PAUSE not in effect ON : PAUSE in effect	mode is set and SM206 is turned on.		
M9042	SM1042	SM203	STOP status contact	OFF: STOP not in effect ON : STOP in effect	<ul> <li>Switched on when the RUN key switch or RUN/STOP switch is in STOP position.</li> </ul>		
M9043	SM1043	SM805	Sampling trace completed	OFF: Sampling trace in progress ON : Sampling trace completed	<ul> <li>Turned on upon completion of sampling trace performed the number of times preset by parameter after STRA instruction is executed.</li> <li>Reset when STRAR instruction is executed.</li> </ul>		
M9044	SM1044	SM803	Sampling trace	OFF →ON STRA Same as execution ON →OFF STRAR Same as execution	<ul> <li>Turning on/off SM803 can execute STRA / STRAR instruction.</li> <li>(SM803 is forcibly turned on/off by a peripheral device.) When switched from OFF to ON: STRA instruction When switched from ON to OFF: STRAR instruction The value stored in SD1044 is used as the condition for the sampling trace.</li> <li>At scanning, at time → Time (10 ms unit)</li> </ul>	0	
M9045	SM1045		Watchdog timer (WDT) reset	OFF: Does not reset WDT ON : Resets WDT	<ul> <li>The SM1015 relay is turned on to reset the WDT when the ZCOM instruction and data communication request batch processing are executed (used when the scan time exceeds 200 ms).</li> </ul>		
M9046	SM1046	SM802	Sampling trace	OFF: Trace not in progress ON : Trace in progress	<ul> <li>Switched on during sampling trace.</li> </ul>		
M9047	SM1047	SM801	Sampling trace preparations	OFF : Sampling trace suspended ON : Sampling trace started	Sampling trace is not executed unless SM801 is turned ON.     Sampling trace is suspended when SM801 goes OFF.		
M9049	SM1049	SM701	Selection of number of characters output	OFF: Output until NULL code encountered ON : 16 characters output	When SM701 is OFF, characters up to NULL (00H) code are output.     When SM701 is ON, ASCII codes of 16 characters are output.	-	
M9051	SM1051	$\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{$	CHG instruction execution disable	OFF: Enabled ON : Disable	<ul> <li>Switched ON to disable the CHG instruction.</li> <li>Switched ON when program transfer is requested. Automatically switched OFF when transfer is complete.</li> </ul>		
M9052	SM1052		SEG instruction switch	OFF: 7SEG segment display ON : I/O partial refresh	<ul> <li>When SM1052 is ON, the SEG instruction is executed as an I/O partial refresh instruction.</li> <li>When SM1052 is OFF, the SEG instruction is executed as a 7-SEG display instruction.</li> </ul>		
M9054	SM1054	SM205	STEP RUN flag	OFF: STEP RUN not in effect ON : STEP RUN in effect	<ul> <li>Switched on when the RUN key switch is in STEP RUN position.</li> </ul>	- QnA	
M9055	SM1055	SM808	Status latch completion flag	OFF: Not completed ON : Completed	<ul> <li>Turned on when status latch is completed.</li> <li>Turned off by reset instruction.</li> </ul>	QIIA	
M9056	SM1056		Main side P, I set request	OFF: Other than when P, I set being requested ON : P, I set being requested	<ul> <li>Provides P, I set request after transfer of the other program (for example subprogram when main program is</li> </ul>	0	
M9057	SM1057		Sub side P, I set request	OFF: Other than when P, I set being requested ON : P, I set being requested	being run) is complete during run. Automatically switched off when P, I setting is complete.		

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Applicab CPU
M9058	SM1058	$\left \right\rangle$	completion	Momentarily ON at P, I set completion Momentarily ON at P, I set	<ul> <li>Turned ON once when the P, I set has been completed, and then turned OFF again.</li> </ul>	
M9059 M9060	SM1059 SM1060	$\bigcirc$	set completion Sub program 2 P, I set request	Completion OFF: Other than when P, I set being requested ON : P, I set being requested	<ul> <li>Provides P, I set request after transfer of the other program (for example subprogram when main program is being run) is complete during run. Automatically switched off when P, I setting is complete.</li> </ul>	
M9061	SM1061	$\mathbf{X}$	Sub program 3 P, I set request	OFF: Other than when P, I set being requested ON : P, I set being requested	Provides P. I set request after transfer of the other	
M9065	SM1065	SM711	Divided processing execution detection	OFF : Divided processing not underway ON : During divided processing	<ul> <li>Turned on when canvas screen transfer to AD57(S1)/AD58 is done by divided processing, and turned off at completion of divided processing.</li> </ul>	QnA
M9066	SM1066	SM712	Divided processing request flag	OFF: Batch processing ON : Divided processing	<ul> <li>Turned on when canvas screen transfer to AD57(S1)/AD58 is done by divided processing.</li> </ul>	
M9070	SM1070		A8UPU/A8PUJre quired search time	OFF: Read time not shortened ON : Read time shortened	<ul> <li>Turned ON to shorten the search time in the A8UPU/A8PUJ.</li> <li>(In this case, the scan time is extended by 10 %.)</li> <li>* The A8UPU/A8PUJ cannot be used in the QCPU/QnACPU special relays.</li> </ul>	0
M9081	SM1081	SM714	Communication request registration area BUSY signal	OFF: Empty spaces in communication request registration area ON : No empty spaces in communication request registration area	<ul> <li>Indication of communication enable/disable to remote terminal modules connected to the AJ71PT32-S3, A2C or A52G.</li> </ul>	QnA
M9084	SM1084		Error check	OFF : Error check executed ON : No error check	<ul> <li>It is set whether the error checks below are performed or not when the END instruction is processed (to set the END instruction processing time).</li> <li>Check for breakage of fuse.</li> <li>Check of battery</li> <li>Collation check of I/O module</li> </ul>	0
M9091	SM1091	$\mathbf{\mathbf{X}}$	Instruction error flag	OFF: No error ON :Error	<ul> <li>Turns ON when the detail factor of the operation error is stored into SD1091.</li> <li>Remains ON if the condition is restored to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	
M9094	SM1094	SM251	I/O change flag	OFF: Replacement ON : No replacement	<ul> <li>The I/O module can be changed online when SM251 is turned ON after the head I/O number of the I/O module to be changed is set to SD251. (One module is only allowed to be changed by one setting.)</li> <li>To be switched on in the program or peripheral device test mode to change the module during CPU RUN. To be switched on in peripheral device test mode to change the module during CPU STOP.</li> <li>RUN/STOP mode must not be changed until I/O module change is complete.</li> </ul>	QnA
M9100	SM1100	SM320	Presence/absenc e of SFC program	OFF: SFC programs not used ON : SFC programs used	<ul> <li>Turned on if the SFC program is registered, and turned off if it is not.</li> </ul>	
M9101	SM1101	SM321	Start/stop SFC program	OFF: SFC programs stop ON :SFC programs start	<ul> <li>Should be turned on by the program if the SFC program is to be started. If turned off, operation output of the execution step is turned off and the SFC program is stopped.</li> </ul>	
M9102	SM1102	SM322	SFC program start status	OFF : Initial Start ON : Continue	<ul> <li>Selects the starting step when the SFC program is restarted using SM322.</li> <li>ON: All execution conditions when the SFC program stopped are cleared, and the program is started with the initial step of block 0.</li> <li>OFF: Started with the step of the block being executed when the program stopped.</li> <li>Once turned on, the program is latched in the system and remains on even if the power is turned off. Should be turned off by the sequence program when turning on the power, or when starting with the initial step of block 0.</li> </ul>	0

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name		Meani	ng	Details	Applicable CPU
M9103	SM1103	SM323	Presence/absenc e of continuous transition	OFF: Continuous transition not effective ON : Continuous transition effective			<ul> <li>Selects consecutive or step-by-step transfer of steps of which transfer conditions are established when all of the transfer conditions of consecutive steps are established.</li> <li>ON: Consecutive transfer is executed.</li> <li>OFF: One step per one scan is transferred.</li> </ul>	
M9104	SM1104	SM324	Continuous transition suspension flag	OFF: When transition is completed ON : When no transition			<ul> <li>OFF during operation in the continuous transition mode or during continuous transition, and ON when continuous transition is not executed.</li> <li>Always ON during operation in the no continuous transition mode.</li> </ul>	
M9108	SM1108	SM90	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9108)					
M9109	SM1109	SM91	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9109)					
M9110	SM1110	SM92	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9110)					
M9111	SM1111	SM93	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9111)		atchdog ti	mer reset mer reset	<ul> <li>Turns ON when the measurement of the step transition watchdog timer is started.</li> <li>Turning this relay OFF resets the step transition watchdog timer.</li> </ul>	
M9112	SM1112	SM94	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9112)					
M9113	SM1113	SM95	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9113)					0
M9114	SM1114	SM96	Step transition watchdog timer start (equivalent of D9114)					
M9180	SM1180	SM825	Active step sampling trace completion flag		ace starte ace comp		<ul> <li>Set when sampling trace of all specified blocks is completed. Reset when sampling trace is started.</li> </ul>	
M9181	SM1181	SM822	Active step sampling trace execution flag		ace execu	eing executed ition under	<ul> <li>Set when sampling trace is being executed.</li> <li>Reset when sampling trace is completed or suspended.</li> </ul>	
M9182	SM1182	SM821	Active step sampling trace permission		ace disabl	e/suspend e	<ul> <li>Selects sampling trace execution enable/disable.</li> <li>ON: Sampling trace execution is enabled.</li> <li>OFF: Sampling trace execution is disabled.</li> <li>If turned off during sampling trace execution, trace is suspended.</li> </ul>	
M9196	SM1196	SM325	Operation output at block stop	OFF: Coil output OFF ON :Coil output ON			<ul> <li>Selects the operation output when block stop is executed.</li> <li>ON: Retains the ON/OFF status of the coil being used by using operation output of the step being executed at block stop.</li> <li>OFF: All coil outputs are turned off. (Operation output by the SET instruction is retained regardless of the ON/OFF status of M9196.)</li> </ul>	
M9197	SM1197				SM1198	I/O numbers to be displayed X/Y		
		$ / \setminus$	Switch between blown fuse and I/O verification	OFF ON	OFF OFF	0 to 7F0 X/Y 800 to FF0	Switches I/O numbers in the fuse blow module storage registers (SD1100 to SD1107) and I/O module verify error storage registers (SD1116 to SD1123) according to the	
M9198	SM1198		error display	OFF	ON	X/Y 1000 to 17F0	combination of ON/OFF of the SM1197 and SM1198.	
		$\bigvee \setminus$		ON	ON	X/Y 1800 to 1FF0		

Special Relay List	(Continued)
--------------------	-------------

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Applicable CPU	
M9199	SM1199	$\left \right>$	Data recovery of online sampling trace/status latch	OFF: Data recovery disabled ON : Data recovery enabled	<ul> <li>Recovers the setting data stored in the CPU module at restart when sampling trace/status latch is executed.</li> <li>SM1199 should be ON to execute again. (Unnecessary when writing the data again from peripheral devices.)</li> </ul>	0	
M9200	SM1200	_	ZNRD instruction (LRDP instruction for ACPU) reception (for master station)	OFF : Not accepted ON : Accepted	<ul> <li>Depends on whether or not the ZNRD (word device read) instruction has been received.</li> <li>Used in the program as an interlock for the ZNRD instruction.</li> <li>Use the RST instruction to reset.</li> </ul>		
M9201	SM1201	_	ZNRD instruction (LRDP instruction for ACPU) completion (for master station)	OFF : Not completed ON :End	<ul> <li>Depends on whether or not the ZNRD (word device read) instruction execution is complete.</li> <li>Used as a condition contact for resetting M9200 and M9201 after the ZNRD instruction is complete.</li> <li>Use the RST instruction to reset.</li> </ul>		
M9202	SM1202	_	ZNWR instruction (LWTP instruction for ACPU) reception (for master station)	OFF: Not accepted ON : Accepted	<ul> <li>Depends on whether or not the ZNWR (word device write) instruction has been received.</li> <li>Used in the program as an interlock for the ZNWR instruction.</li> <li>Use the RST instruction to reset.</li> </ul>		
M9203	SM1203	_	ZNWR instruction (LWTP instruction for ACPU) completion (for master station)	OFF : Not completed ON : End	<ul> <li>Depends on whether or not the <u>ZNWR</u> (word device write) instruction execution is complete.</li> <li>Used as a condition contact to reset M9202 and M9203 after the <u>ZNWR</u> instruction is complete.</li> <li>Use the <u>RST</u> instruction to reset.</li> </ul>		
M9204	SM1204	_	ZNRD instruction (LRDP instruction for ACPU) reception (for local station)	OFF : Not completed ON : End	On indicates that the ZNRD instruction is complete at the local station.		
M9205	SM1205	_	ZNWR instruction (LWTP instruction for ACPU) recep-tion (for local station)	OFF : Not completed ON : End	On indicates that the ZNWR instruction is complete at the local station.	he QnA	
M9206	SM1206	_	Host station link parameter error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on whether or not the link parameter setting of the host is valid.		
M9207	SM1207	_	Link parameter check results	OFF: YES ON : NO	Depends on whether or not the link parameter setting of the master station in tier two matches that of the master station in tier three in a three-tier system. (Valid for only the master station in a three-tier system.)	-	
M9208	SM1208	_	Sets master station B and W transmission range (for lower link master stations only)	OFF: Transmits to tier2 and tier 3 ON : Transmits to tier2 only	<ul> <li>Depends on whether or not the B and W data controlled by higher-link master station (host station) is sent to lower-link local stations (tertiary stations).</li> <li>When SM1208 is OFFB and W of host station is sent to tertiary stations.</li> <li>When SM1208 is ONB and W of host station is not sent to tertiary stations.</li> </ul>		
M9209	SM1209	_	Link parameter check command (for lower link master stations only)	OFF: Executing the check function ON : Check non-execution	<ul> <li>Set to ON not to match B and W of the higher and lower links.</li> <li>When SM1209 is ON, the link parameters of the higher and lower link are not checked.</li> <li>When SM1209 is OFF, the link parameters of the higher and lower link are checked.</li> </ul>		
M9210	SM1210	-	Link card error (for master station)	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Control is performed depending on whether the link card hardware is faulty or not.		
M9211	SM1211	_	Link module error (for local station use)	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Control is performed depending on whether the link card hardware is faulty or not.		
M9224	SM1224	_	Link status	OFF: Online ON : Offline,station-to-station test, or self-loopback test	Depends on whether the master station is online or offline or is in station-to-station test or self-loopback test mode.		
M9225	SM1225	_	Forward loop error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of the forward loop line.		
M9226	SM1226	1	Reverse loop error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of the reverse loop line.		

Special Rela	v List (	(Continued)
opoolar r tola	y =:ot ;	

ACPU Special Relay	Special Relay after Conversion	Special Relay for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Applicable CPU	
M9227	SM1227	_	Loop test status	OFF: Not being executed ON: Forward or reverse loop test execution underway	Depends on whether or not the master station is executing a forward or a reverse loop test.		
M9232	SM1232	-	Local station operation status	OFF: RUN or STEP RUN status ON : STOP or PAUSE status	Control is performed depending on whether a local station is in the STOP or PAUSE mode.		
M9233	SM1233	_	Local station error detect status	OFF : No errors ON : Error detection	Depends on whether or not a local station has detected an error in another station.		
M9235	SM1235	_	Local station, remote I/O station parameter error detect status	OFF : No errors ON : Error detection	Depends on whether or not a local or a remote I/O station has detected any link parameter error in the master station		
M9236	SM1236	_	Local station, remote I/O station initial communications status	OFF: No communications ON : Communications underway	Depends on the results of initial communication between a local or remote I/O station and the master station. (Parameter communication, etc.)		
M9237	SM1237	_	Local station, remote I/O station error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of a local or remote I/O station.		
M9238	SM1238	_	Local station, remote I/O station forward or reverse loop error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of the forward and reverse loop lines of a local or a remote I/O station.		
M9240	SM1240	_	Link status	OFF: Online ON : Offline, station-to- stationtest, or self- loopback test	Depends on whether the local station is online or offline, or is in station-to-station test or self-loopback test mode.	QnA	
M9241	SM1241	_	Forward loop line error	OFF: Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of the forward loop line.		
M9242	SM1242	_	Reverse loop line error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on the error condition of the reverse loop line.		
M9243	SM1243	_	Loopback implementation	OFF: Loopback not being conducted ON : Loopback implementation	Depends on whether or not loopback is occurring at the local station.		
M9246	SM1246	_	Data not received	OFF: Reception ON : No reception	Depends on whether or not data has been received from the master station.		
M9247	SM1247	_	Data not received	OFF: Reception ON : No reception	Depends on whether or not a tier three station has received data from its master station in a three-tier system.		
M9250	SM1250	_	Parameters not received	OFF: Reception ON : No reception	Depends on whether or not link parameters have been received from the master station.		
M9251	SM1251	_	Link relay	OFF: Normal ON : Abnormal	Depands on the data link condition at the local station.	1	
M9252	SM1252	_	Loop test status	OFF: Not being executed ON : Forward or reverse loop test execution underway	Depends on whether or not the local station is executing a forward or a reverse loop test.		
M9253	SM1253	_	Master station operation status	OFF: RUN or STEP RUN status ON : STOP or PAUSE status	Control is performed depending on whether the master station is in the STOP or PAUSE mode.		
M9254	SM1254	_	Local station other than host station operation status	OFF: RUN or STEP RUN status ON : STOP or PAUSE status	Control is performed depending on whether a local station other than the host is in the STOP or PAUSE mode.		
M9255	SM1255	_	Local station other than host station error	OFF : Normal ON : Abnormal	Depends on whether or not a local station other than the host is in error.		

#### Special Relay List

#### (10) For redundant systems (Host system CPU information \*1) for Q4AR only SM1510 to SM1599 are only valid for redundant systems. All off for standalone systems.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)		Applicable CPU
SM1500	Hold mode	OFF: No-hold ON:Hold	Specifies whether or not to hold the output value when a range over occurs for the S.IN instruction range check.	U	New	
SM1501	Hold mode	OFF: No-hold ON : Hold	<ul> <li>Specifies whether or not the output value is held when a range over occurs for the S.OUT instruction range check.</li> </ul>	U	New	
SM1510	Operation mode	OFF: Redundant system backup mode, independent system ON : Redundant system separate mode	<ul> <li>Turns on when the operating mode is redundant system separate.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SM1511	Start mode when power supply is on	OFF: System A fixed mode ON : Previous control system latch mode	<ul> <li>Turns on when the start mode for a redundant system when the power is turned on is the previous control system latch mode.</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM1512	Start mode when CPU is started	OFF: Initial start ON: Hot start	<ul> <li>Turns on when the CPU module operation mode is hot start when the redundant system is started up.</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM1513	Operation status when CPU is started	OFF: Initial start ON: Hot start	Turns on when the CPU module operation mode is hot start when the redundant system is actually start up.	S (Initial)	New	
SM1514	Operation mode when CPU is switched	OFF: Initial start ON: Hot start	<ul> <li>Turns on when the operation is hot start when the CPU module operation is switched for a redundant system.</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SM1515	Output hold mode	OFF: Output reset ON: Output hold	<ul> <li>Turns on when the output mode during a stop error is output hold.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SM1516	Operation system status	OFF: Control system ON : Standby system	• Turns on when the CPU module operation system status is the standby system.	S (Status change)	New	
SM1517	CPU startup status	OFF: Power supply on startup ON: Operation system switch starup	<ul> <li>Turns on when the CPU module is started up by the operation system switch.</li> <li>Reset using the user program.</li> </ul>	S (Status change) /U	New	
SM1518	Tracking execution mode	OFF: Batch operation mode ON : Carryover mode	<ul> <li>When this relay is turned OFF, the start of tracking is delayed until it is executable if the tracking memory is being used at END.</li> <li>When this relay is turned ON, the start of tracking is carried over to next END if the tracking memory is being used at END.</li> </ul>	U	New	Q4AR
SM1520           SM1521           SM1522           SM1523           SM1524           SM1525           SM1526           SM1527           SM1528           SM1529           SM1530           SM1531           SM1532           SM1533           SM1534           SM1535           SM1536           SM1537           SM1538           SM1539           SM1541           SM1542           SM1543           SM1544           SM1542           SM1543           SM1544           SM1545	Data tracking transmission link specification	OFF : No trigger ON : Trigger	SM1520         Block 1           SM1521         Block 2           SM1521         Block 3           SM1522         Block 3           SM1523         Block 4           SM1523         Block 4           SM1524         Block 5           SM1525         Block 6           SM1526         Block 7           SM1527         Block 8           SM1528         Block 9           SM1529         Block 10           SM1530         Block 11           SM1531         Block 12           SM1532         Block 13           SM1533         Block 14           SM1534         Block 16           SM1535         Block 16           SM1536         Block 17           SM1537         Block 18           SM1538         Block 19           SM1539         Block 20           SM1540         Block 21           SM1541         Block 23           SM1542         Block 24           SM1543         Block 25           SM1545         Block 26	U	New	

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
Number           SM1546           SM1547           SM1548           SM1550           SM1551           SM1552           SM1553           SM1554           SM1555           SM1556           SM1557           SM1558           SM1559           SM1561           SM1562           SM1563           SM1564           SM1565           SM1562           SM1563           SM1564           SM1565           SM1566           SM1567           SM1568           SM1569           SM1570           SM1571           SM1572           SM1573           SM1574           SM1575           SM1577           SM1578           SM1579           SM1578           SM1579           SM1578           SM1579           SM1580           SM1581	Name Data tracking transmission link specification	Meaning OFF : No trigger ON : Trigger	Explanation           SM1546         Block 27           SM1547         Block 28           SM1547         Block 29           SM1548         Block 29           SM1549         Block 30           SM1550         Block 31           SM1551         Block 32           SM1552         Block 33           SM1553         Block 34           SM1554         Block 35           SM1555         Block 36           SM1556         Block 37           SM1557         Block 30           SM1558         Block 43           SM1550         Block 40           SM1552         Block 41           SM1561         Block 42           SM1562         Block 43           SM1563         Block 44           SM1564         Block 44           SM1565         Block 45           SM1566         Block 40           SM1567         Block 51           SM1570         Block 52           SM1571         Block 55           SM1572         Block 55           SM1573         Block 55           SM1574         Block 55      SM1575         Block 55			
SM1582 SM1583 SM1590	Switching status from the network module	OFF: Normal ON : Switching unsuccessful	SM1582       Block 63         SM1583       Block 64         • Turns ON when switching could not be executed normally if the network module had detected a network fault and issued a switching request to the host CPU module.	S (Error ocurrs)		

Special Relay List

(11) For redundant system (Other system CPU information \*1) for Q4AR only SM1600 to SM1650 only valid for the CPU redundant system backup mode, so they cannot be refreshed during the separate mode.

Either the backup mode or the separate mode is valid for the SM4651 to SM1699. SM1600 to SM1699 are all turned off for standalone system.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Set)	ACPU M9 🗌 🗌 🗌 * 2	Applicable CPU
SM1600	Diagnosis error	OFF : No error ON : Error	<ul> <li>Turns on if a error occurs in the diagnosis results. (Including external diagnosis)</li> <li>Remains on even if returns to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SM1601	Self diagnosis error	OFF: No self diagnosis error ON : Self diagnosis error	<ul> <li>Turns on when an error occurs in the self-diagnosis results.</li> <li>Remains on even if returns to normal thereafter.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SM1605	Error common information	OFF: No error common information ON : Error common information	• Turns on when there is error common information and the SM1600 is on.	S (Each END)	New	Q4AR
SM1616	Error individual information	OFF: No error individual information ON : Error individual information	• Turns on when there is error individual information and the SM1600 is on.	S (Each END)	New	
SM1653	STOP contact	STOP status	Turns on when in the STOP status.	S (Each END)	New	
SM1654	PAUSE contact	PAUSE status	Turns on when in the PAUSE status.	S (Each END)	New	
SM1655	STEP-RUN contact	STEP-RUN status	Turns on when in the STEP-RUN status.	S (Each END)	New	

\* 1 Stores other system CPU diagnostic information and system information.

\* 2 This shows the special relay(SM 
) for the host system CPU.

#### (12) For redundant system (tracking) for Q4AR only

# Either the backup mode or the second mode is valid for SM1700 to SM1799. All is turned off for standalone system.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When Se	ACPU t) M9	Applicable CPU
SM1700	Tracking execution flag	OFF: Execution not possible ON : Execution possible	Turns on when tracking is executed normally.	S (status change)	New	
SM1712 SM1713 SM1714 SM1715 SM1716 SM1717 SM1718 SM1720 SM1720 SM1721 SM1722 SM1723 SM1724 SM1725 SM1725 SM1726	Transmission trigger end flag	OFF: Transmission uncompleted ON : Transmission end	SM1712         Block 1           SM1713         Block 2           SM1714         Block 3           SM1715         Block 4           SM1716         Block 5           SM1717         Block 6           SM1718         Block 7           SM1719         Block 8           SM1720         Block 10           SM1722         Block 11           SM1723         Block 12           SM1724         Block 13           SM1725         Block 14           SM1726         Block 15	S (status	New	Q4AR
SM1727 SM1728 SM1729 SM1730 SM1731 SM1732 SM1733			SM1727         Block 16           SM1728         Block 17           SM1729         Block 18           SM1730         Block 19           SM1731         Block 20           SM1732         Block 21           SM1733         Block 22			

Number	Name	Meaning		Explanation	Set by (When Set)	ACPU M9	Applicable CPU
SM1734			SM1734 Block 23		(when Sel)		CFU
SM1735			SM1735 Block 24				
SM1736	-		SM1736 Block 25				
SM1737	-		SM1737 Block 26				
SM1738	-		SM1738 Block 27				
SM1739			SM1739 Block 28				
SM1740	-		SM1740 Block 29				
SM1741	-		SM1741 Block 30	_			
SM1742	-		SM1742 Block 31	_			
SM1743	-		SM1743 Block 32	_			
SM1744	-		SM1744 Block 33				
SM1745			SM1745 Block 34				
SM1746			SM1746 Block 35				
SM1747	-		SM1747 Block 36				
SM1748	-		SM1748 Block 37				
SM1749	-		SM1749 Block 38				
SM1750	-		SM1750 Block 39				
SM1751	-		SM1751 Block 40	_			
SM1752	-		SM1752 Block 41	_			
SM1753		OFF: Transmission	SM1753 Block 42	• One scan turns on when the			
SM1754	Transmission trigger	uncompleted	SM1754 Block 43	corresponding data transmission	S (status	New	Q4AR
SM1755	end flag	ON : Transmission end	SM1755 Block 44	has been completed.	change)		
SM1756		enu	SM1756 Block 45	_			
SM1757			SM1757 Block 46	_			
SM1758	-		SM1758 Block 47	_			
SM1759			SM1759 Block 48	_			
SM1760			SM1760 Block 49	_			
SM1761	-		SM1761 Block 50	_			
SM1762	-		SM1762 Block 51	_			
SM1763			SM1763 Block 52	-			
SM1764			SM1764 Block 53	-			
SM1765	-		SM1765 Block 54				
SM1766	4		SM1766 Block 55				
SM1767	4		SM1767 Block 56				
SM1768	-		SM1768 Block 57				
SM1769	-		SM1769 Block 58				
SM1770	-		SM1770 Block 59 SM1771 Block 60				
SM1771	-						
SM1772	-		SM1772 Block 61				
SM1773	-		SM1773 Block 62				
SM1774	4		SM1774 Block 63				
SM1775			SM1775 Block 64				1

# 11.7 Special Register List

The special registers, SD, are internal registers with fixed applications in the PLC. For this reason, it is not possible to use these registers in sequence programs in the same way that normal registers are used.

However, data can be written as needed in order to control the CPU modules and remote I/O modules.

Data stored in the special registers are stored as BIN values if no special designation has been made to the contrary.

Item	Function of Item				
Number	<ul> <li>Indicates special register number</li> </ul>				
Name	<ul> <li>Indicates name of special register</li> </ul>				
Meaning	<ul> <li>Indicates contents of special register</li> </ul>				
Explanation	<ul> <li>Discusses contents of special register in more detail</li> </ul>				
Set by (When set)	<ul> <li>Indicates whether the relay is set by the system or user, and, if it is set by the system, when setting is performed.</li> <li>Set by&gt;</li> <li>S : Set by system</li> <li>U : Set by user (sequence programs or test operations from GX Developer)</li> <li>S/U : Set by both system and user</li> <li><when set=""> → Indicated only for registers set by system</when></li> <li>Each END : Set during each END processing</li> <li>Initial : Set only during initial processing (when power supply is turned ON, or when going from STOP to RUN)</li> <li>Status change : Set only when there is a change in status</li> <li>Error : Set when error occurs</li> <li>Instruction execution : Set when instruction is executed</li> <li>Request : Set only when there is a user request (through SM, etc.)</li> </ul>				
Corresponding ACPU	<ul> <li>Indicates corresponding special register in ACPU (D9 ) (Change and notation when there has been a change in contents)</li> <li>"New" indicates the item that has been newly added to the High Performance model QCPU/QnACPU.</li> </ul>				
Corresponding CPU	<ul> <li>Indicates the corresponding CPU module type name.         <ul> <li>+Rem: Can be applied to all CPU types and MELSECNET/H remote I/O modules.</li> <li>Can be applied to all types of CPU module</li> <li>QCPU: Can be applied to High Performance model QCPU.</li> <li>QnA: Can be applied to QnA series and Q2ASCPU series</li> <li>Remote: Can be applied to the MELSECNET/H remote I/O modules.</li> <li>Each CPU type name: Can be applied only to the specific CPU.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				

The headings in the table that follows have the following meanings.

For details on the following items, refer to the following manuals:

• Networks → • For Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (PLC to PLC network)

- For Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual (Remote I/O network)
- For QnA/Q4AR MELSECNET/10 Network System Reference Manual
- SFC  $\rightarrow$  QCPU(Q mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC)

#### POINT

(1) SD1200 to SD1255 are used for QnACPU.

These relays are vacant with High Performance model QCPU.

(2) Special register SD1500 and later are dedicated for Q4ARCPU.

## Special Register List

(1) Diagnostic Information

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD0	Diagnostic errors	Diagnosis error code	<ul> <li>Error codes for errors found by diagnosis are stored as BIN data.</li> <li>Contents identical to latest fault history information.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	D9008 format change	
SD1	Clock time for diagnosis error occurrence	Clock time for diagnosis error occurrence	<ul> <li>Year (last two digits) and month that SD0 data was updated is stored as BCD 2-digit code.</li> <li>b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Year (0 to 99) Month (1 to 12)</li> <li>Cotober, 1995 9510H</li> <li>October, 1995 9510H</li> <li>The day and hour that SD0 was updated is stored as BCD 2-digit code.</li> <li>b15 to b8 b7 to b0 Day (1 to 31) Hour (0 to 23)</li> <li>(Example) 10 p.m. on 25th 2510H</li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	
SD3			The minute and second that SD0 data was updated is stored as BCD 2-digit code. <u>b15 to b8 b7 to b0</u> <u>Minutes (0 to 59) Seconds (0 to 59)</u> <u>Seconds (0 </u>			
SD4	Error information categories	Error information category code	<ul> <li>Category codes which help indicate what type of information is being stored in the common information areas (SD5 through SD15) and the individual information areas (SD16 through SD26) are stored here. <ul> <li>b15</li> <li>to</li> <li>b8</li> <li>b7</li> <li>to</li> <li>b0</li> </ul> </li> <li>Individual information category codes store the following codes: <ul> <li>0: No error</li> <li>1: Unit/module No./ PLC No./Base No. *</li> <li>2: File name/Drive name</li> <li>3: Time (value set)</li> <li>4: Program error location</li> <li>5: Switch cause (for Q4AR only)</li> <li>*: For a multiple PLC system, the module number or PLC number is stored depending on the error that occurred. (Refer to the corresponding error code for which number has been stored.)</li> <li>PLC No. 1: 1, PLC No. 2: 2, PLC No. 3: 3, PLC No. 4: 4</li> </ul> </li> <li>The individual information category codes store the following codes: <ul> <li>0: No error</li> <li>1: (Open)</li> <li>2: File name/Drive name</li> <li>3: Time (value actually measured)</li> <li>4: Program error location</li> <li>5: Parameter number</li> <li>6: Annunciator number</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	O+Rem

Number     Name     Meaning     Explanation     Set by (When     Correspondence ACPU       set)     09	Corresponding CPU
SD5       • Common information corresponding to the error codes (SD0) is stored here.         SD7       • The following four types of information are stored here:         © Stot No.       • Stot No.         SD10       SD10         SD11       SD5         SD12       SD6         SD13       SD10         SD14       SD5         SD13       SD14         SD14       SD11         SD13       SD14         SD14       SD11         SD13       SD11         SD14       SD11         SD13       SD11         SD14       SD11         SD15       For a multiple CPU system, the slot number or CPU number is stored depending on the error that occurred.         SD14       SD11         SD13       SD14         SD14       SD11         SD15       For a multiple CPU system, the slot number or CPU number is stored in the multiple CPU system is the one on the slot on the right of the righ	O+Rem

\* 3: Refer to REMARK.

# REMARK

SD10	SD	011	Extension name	File type
Higher8 bits	Lower8 bits	Higher8 bits	LATENSION Hame	T lie type
51H	50H	41H	QPA	Parameters
51H	50H	47H	QPG	Sequence program/SFC program
51H	43H	44H	QCD	Device comment
51H	44H	49H	QDI	Device initial value
51H	44H	52H	QDR	File register
51H	44H	53H	QDS	Simulation data
51H	44H	4CH	QDL	Local device
51H	54H	53H	QTS	Sampling trace data (For QnA)
51H	54H	4CH	QTL	Status latch data (For QnA)
51H	54H	50H	QTP	Program trace data (For QnA)
51H	54H	52H	QTR	SFC trace file
51H	46H	44H	QFD	Trouble history data

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD5 SD6 SD7 SD8 SD9 SD10 SD11 SD12 SD13 SD14	Error common information	Error common	③ Time (value set)         Number       Meaning         SD5       Time : 1 µs units (0 to 999 µs)         SD6       Time : 1 ms units (0 to 65535 ms)         SD7       SD8         SD9       SD10         SD11       (Vacant)         SD12       SD13         SD14       SD15         ③ Program error location       Number         Number       Meaning         SD5       File name         SD7       (ASCII code: 8 characters)         SD8       SD9         SD11       Pattern *4         SD12       Block No.         SD13       Step No./transition No.         SD14       Sequence step No. (L)         SD15       Sequence step No. (L)         SD14       Sequence step No. (L)         SD15       Sequence step No. (H)         * 4       Contents of pattern data         15       SFC block designation present (1)/absent (0)         SFC tstep designation present (1)/absent (0)       SFC transition designation present (1)/absent (0)	S (Error)	New	O+Rem
SD15			(5) Switch cause         Number       Meaning         SD5       Switch cause (0: automatic switch/ 1: manual switch)         SD6       Switch direction (0:standby system to control system)         SD7       Tracking flag x5         SD8       SD9         SD11       (Vacant)         SD12       (Vacant)         SD13       SD14         SD14       S15         * 5       Tracking flag contents         Shows whether or not the tracking data is valid.         (Not used)       (Bit number)         0       0         (Not used)       Invalid work data         (Not used)       System data         (SFC active step information)       Switching cause invalid (0)/valid (1)         System data       (0)/valid (1)         System data       (0)/valid (1)         Switch invalid (0)/valid (1)       Switch invalid (0)/valid (1)	S (Error)	New	Q4AR

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU	
SD16			Individual information corresponding to error codes (SD0) is stored here.     ① File name/Drive name     (Example)				
SD17					Number         Meaning         File name           SD16         Drive         b15 to b8 b7 to b0           SD17         SD18         File name           SD19         (ASCII code: 8 characters)         44H(D) (43H(C))           SD20         (ASCII code: 8 characters)         46H(F) 45H(E)		
SD18			SD21         Extension         2EH(.)         49H(l)         2EH(.)           SD22         (ASCII code: 3 characters)         4BH(K)         4AH(J)           SD23         SD24         (Vacant)         4BH(K)				
SD19			SD26           ② Time (value actu1ally measured)           Number         Meaning           SD16         Time : 1 μs units (0 to 999 μs)           SD17         Time : 1 ms units (0 to 65535 ms)				
SD20			SD18           SD19           SD20           SD21           SD22           SD23				
SD21			SD24       SD25       SD26       ③ Program error location		New	⊖+Rem	
SD22	Error individual	Error	Number     Meaning       SD16     File name       SD17     File name       SD18     (ASCII code: 8 characters)       SD19     SD20       Extension     2EH(.)	S (Error)			
SD23	information	individual information		SD20     Extension     2EH(.)       SD21     (ASCII code: 3 characters)       SD22     Pattern*       SD23     Block No.       SD24     Step No./transition No.       SD25     Sequence step No. (L)       SD26     Sequence step No. (H)	S (Error)	New	
SD24			* Contents of pattern data 15 14 to 4 3 2 1 0 ← (Bit number) 0 0 to 0 0 * * *				
SD25			(Not used) (Not used) SFC block designation present (1)/absent (0) SFC transition designation present (1)/absent (0)				
	•		<ul> <li>Parameter number (5) Annunciator (6) Intelligent function number / CHK module parameter instruction error malfunction (for QCPU only) number</li> </ul>				
SD26			Number         Meaning         Number         Meaning         SD16         Number         Meaning           SD16         Parameter No.*6         SD16         No.         SD16         Parameter No.*6           SD17         SD18         SD17         SD17         SD17         Fror code for intelligent function module           SD20         SD21         SD20         SD19         SD19           SD21         SD22         SD23         SD22         SD22           SD24         SD23         SD22         (Vacant)         SD23           SD25         SD25         SD25         SD24				
			* 6 For details of the parameter numbers, refer to the user's manual of the CPU module used.				

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD50	Error reset	Error number that performs error reset	Stores error number that performs error reset	U	New	O+Rem
SD51	Battery low latch	Bit pattern indicating where battery voltage drop occurred	<ul> <li>All corresponding bits go 1(ON) when battery voltage drops.</li> <li>Subsequently, these remain 1(ON) even after battery voltage has been returned to normal.</li> <li>b4 b3 b2 b1 b0</li> <li>CPU error</li> <li>Memory card A alarm</li> <li>Memory card A alarm</li> <li>Memory card B alarm</li> <li>Memory card B alarm</li> <li>Memory card B error</li> <li>The alarm data can be held within the specified time when batter low occurs.</li> <li>The error indicates the complete discharge of the battery.</li> <li>When the QCPU is used, the memory card B is standard and therefore the corresponding bits always remain OFF.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	0
SD52	Battery low	Bit pattern indicating where battery voltage drop occurred	<ul> <li>Same configuration as SD51 above</li> <li>Turns to 0 (OFF) when the battery voltage returns to normal thereafter.</li> <li>When the QCPU is used, the memory card B is standard and therefore the corresponding bits always remain OFF.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	New	
SD53	AC/DC DOWN detection	Number of times for AC/DC DOWN	<ul> <li>Every time the input voltage falls to or below 85% (AC power)/65% (DC power) of the rating during calculation of the CPU module, the value is incremented by 1 and stored in BIN code.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	D9005	O+Rem
SD54	MINI link errors	Error detection state	① When any of X(n+0)/X(n+20), X(n+6)/X(n+26), X(n+7)/X(n+27) and X(n+8)/X(n+28) of the mounted MINI(-S3) turns ON, the bit of the corresponding station turns to 1 (ON).         ② Turns to 1 (ON) when communication between the mounted MINI(-S3) and CPU module cannot be made. b15 to b9 b8 to b0         ⑧th module         ① trans to 1 (ON) when communication between the mounted MINI(-S3) and CPU module cannot be made. b15 to b9 b8 to b0         ⑧th module       ① 1st 8th module         ● Information on ②       ● Information on ①	S (Error)	D9004 format change	QnA
SD60	Blown fuse number	Number of module with blown fuse	Value stored here is the lowest station I/O number of the module with the blown fuse.	S (Error)	D9000	
SD61	I/O module verification error number	I/O module verification error module number	<ul> <li>The lowest I/O number of the module where the I/O module verification number took place.</li> </ul>	S (Error)	D9002	O+Rem
SD62	Annunciator number	Annunciator number	The first annunciator number (F number) to be detected is stored here.	S (Instruction execution)	D9009	
SD63	Number of annunciators	Number of annunciators	Stores the number of annunciators searched.	S (Instruction execution)	D9124	0

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD64			When F goes ON due to OUT F or SET F, the F numbers which		D9125	
SD65	İ		go progressively ON from SD64 through SD79 are registered. The F numbers turned OFF by RST F are deleted from SD64 -		D9126	
SD66	1		SD79, and the F numbers stored after the deleted F numbers are shifted to the preceding registers.		D9127	
SD67	İ		Execution of the LEDR instruction shifts the contents of SD64 to SD79 up by one.		D9128	
SD68	ł		(This can also be done by using the INDICATOR RESET switch on the of the Q3A/Q4ACPU.)		D9129	
SD69	†		After 16 annunciators have been detected, detection of the 17th will		D9130	
SD70	ł		not be stored from SD64 through SD79. SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET F50 F25 F99 F25 F15 F70 F65 F38 F110F151F210 LEDR		D9131	
SD71	Table of detected	Annunciator	SD62 0 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	S	D9132	
SD72	annunciator	detection number	SD63         0         1         2         3         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         8        (Number of numunicitors detected)           SD64         0         50	(Instruction execution)	New	
SD73	numbers		SD65         0 <th0< th=""> <th0< th=""> <th0< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th0<></th0<></th0<>		New	
SD74			SD67         0         0         0         0         0         70         70         70         70         65           SD68         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         65         65         65         38		New	
SD75			SD69         0         0         0         0         0         0         38         38         38         10           SD70         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         110         110         111         151           SD71         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         110         111         151		New	0
SD76			SD72         0		New	
SD77			SD74         0		New	
SD78	ł		SD76         0		New	
SD79	ł		SD78         0		New	
SD80	CHK number	CHK number	<ul> <li>Error codes detected by the CHK instruction are stored as BCD code.</li> </ul>	S (Instruction execution)	New	
SD90			Corresponds to SM90 • Set the annunciator number (F number) that will be turned ON when the step transition		D9108	
SD91	]		Corresponds to SM91 watchdog timer setting or watchdog timer		D9109	
SD92	Stop tropolition		Corresponds to SM92 b15 to b8 b7 to b0		D9110	
SD93	Step transition watchdog		Corresponds to SM93		D9111	
SD94	timer setting value	F number for timer set value	Corresponds to SM94 F number setting Timer time limit		D9112	
SD95		and time over	Corresponds to SM95 (0 to 255) setting	U	D9113	
SD96		error	Corresponds to SM96 (1 to 255 s: (1 s units))		D9114	
SD97			Corresponds to SM97 • Turning ON any of SM90 to SM99 during an		New	
SD98			Corresponds to SM98 active step starts the timer, and if the transition condition next to the corresponding		New	
SD99			Corresponds to SM99 step is not met within the timer time limit, the set annunciator (F) turns ON.		New	
SD105	CH1 transmission speed setting (RS232)	Stores the preset transmission speed when GX Developer is used.	3 : 300bps, 6 : 600bps, 24 : 2400bps, 48 : 4800bps 96 : 9600bps, 192 : 19.2kbps, 384 : 38.4kbps 576 : 57.6kbps, 1152 : 115.2kbps	S	New	QCPU Remote

## Special Register List

(2) System information

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
			The switch status of the remote I/O module is stored in the following format.     b15 to b4 b3 to b0     Vacant ①     Remote I/O module switch status Always 1: STOP	S (Always)	New	Remote
SD200	Status of Status	Status of CPU switch	The CPU switch status is stored in the following format:         b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0         3 Vacant ② ①         ①         ①: CPU switch status         0: RUN         1: STOP         2: L.CLR         ②: Memory card switch         Always OFF         ③: DIP switch         b8 through b12 correspond to SW1         through SW5 of system setting         switch 1.         0: OFF, 1: ON         b13 through b15 are vacant.         b15 to b12 b11         through b15 are vacant.         b15 to b12 b11         through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 are vacant.         b15 through b15 throu	S(Every END processing)	New	QCPU
	switch		<ul> <li>The CPU switch status is stored in the following format: b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0</li> <li>③ Vacant ② ①</li> <li>①: CPU key 0: RUN Status of switch 1: STOP 2: LCLR</li> <li>②: Memory cards switch b4 corresponds to memory card A, and b5 corresponds to memory card B</li> <li>OFF at 0; ON at 1</li> <li>③: DIP switch b8 through b12 correspond to SW1 through SW5 of system setting switch 1. b14 and b15 correspond to SW1 and SW2 of system setting switch 2, respectively. OFF at 0; ON at 1</li> </ul>	S(Every END processing)	New	QnA

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD201	LED status	Status of CPU-LED	The following bit patterns are used to store the statuses of the LEDs on the CPU module:         b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to B0         (1): RUN         (2): ERR.         (3): USER         (7): Vacant         (3): USER         (7): Vacant         (3): BAT.         (8): MODE         Bit patterns for MODE         0: OFF, 1: Green, 2:         Orange	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
			<ul> <li>Information concerning which of the following status the LEDs on the CPU module are in is stored in the following bit patterns:</li> <li>0 is off, 1 is on, and 2 is flicker</li> <li>b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0</li> <li>(1) RUN</li> <li>(2) ERROR</li> <li>(3): USER</li> <li>(7): CARD A (Memory card A)</li> <li>(3): USER</li> <li>(7): CARD B (Memory card B)</li> <li>(4): BAT.ALARM</li> <li>(8): Vacant</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SD202	LED off	Bit pattern of LED that is turned off	Stores bit patterns of LEDs turned off     (Only USER and BOOT enabled)     Turned off at 1, not turned off at 0	U	New	QnA
			The operating status of the remote I/O module is stored in the following format.     b15 to b4 b3 to b0     Vacant ①     Remote I/O module operating status Always 2: STOP	S (Always)	New	Remote
SD203	Operating status of CPU	Operating status of CPU	The CPU operating status is stored as indicated in the following figure:     b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0         2 ①     ①     ①     ①     Operating status of CPU     0 :RUN     1 :STEP-RUN     2 :STOP     3 :PAUSE     ②: STOP/PAUSE cause     0 :RUN/STOP switch     1 :Remote contact     2 : Remote operation from the     GX Developer or Serial     Communication.     3 :Internal program instruction     Note: Priority is earliest first	S (Every END processing)	D9015 format change	0
SD206	Device test execution type	0: Test not yet executed 1: During X device test 2: During Y device test 3: During X/Y device test	Set when the device test mode is executed on GX Developer.	S (Request)	New	Remote

Special Register List (Continued)	)
-----------------------------------	---

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD207 SD208		Priorities 1 to 4 Priorities 5 to 8	<ul> <li>When error is generated, the LED display (flicker) is made according to the error number setting priorities.</li> <li>The setting areas for priorities are as follows:</li> </ul>		D9038 D3039 format change	
SD209	LED display priority ranking	Priorities 9 to 10	<ul> <li>b15 tob12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0</li> <li>SD207</li> <li>Priority 4</li> <li>Priority 3</li> <li>Priority 2</li> <li>Priority 1</li> <li>SD208</li> <li>Priority 7</li> <li>Priority 6</li> <li>Priority 9</li> <li>Priority 10</li> <li>Priority 9</li> <li>Default Value</li> <li>SD207=4321H</li> <li>SD207=00A9H</li> <li>No display is made if "0" is set.</li> <li>However, even if "0" has been set, information concerning CPU module operation stop (including parameter settings) errors will be indicated by the LEDs without conditions.</li> <li>See Section 7.9.5 REMARK for the priority order.</li> </ul>	U	New	0
SD210	Clock data	Clock data (year, month)	• The year (last two digits) and month are stored as BCD code at SD210 as shown below: b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Example : July 1993 9307H		D9025	
SD211	Clock data	Clock data (day, hour)	• The day and hour are stored as BCD code at SD211 as shown below: b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Example : 31st, 10 a.m. 3110H	S/U (Request)	D9026	O+Rem
SD212	Clock data	Clock data (minute, second)	• The minutes and seconds (after the hour) are stored as BCD code at SD212 as shown below: b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Example : 35 min., 48 sec. 3548H		D9027	
\$0242	Clock dots	Clock data	• Stores the year (two digits) and the day of the week in SD213 in the BCD code format as shown below. b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 T 1993, Friday 1905H Day of week 0 Sunday 1 Monday 2 Tuesday 3 Wednesday 4 Thursday 5 Friday 6 Saturday	S/U (Request)	D9028	QCPU Remote
SD213	Clock data	(day of week)	• The day of the week is stored as BCD code at SD213 as shown below: b15 to b12b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Friday Always set "0" Day of week 0 Sunday 1 Monday 2 Tuesday 3 Wednesday 4 Thursday 5 Friday 6 Saturday	S/U (Request)	D9028	QnA

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD220 SD221 SD222 SD223 SD224 SD225 SD226 SD227	LED display data	Display indicat data	LED display ASCII data (16 characters) stored here. b15 to b8 b7 to b0     SD220     15th character from the right 16th character from the right     SD221     13th character from the right 14th character from the right     SD222     11th character from the right 12th character from the right     SD223     9th character from the right 10th character from the right     SD224     7th character from the right     SD225     5th character from the right     SD226     3rd character from the right     SD227     1st character from the right     2nd character from the right	S (When changed)	New	0
SD240	Base mode	0: Automatic n 1: Detail mode	• Stores the base mode.	S (Initial)	New	
SD241	No. of extension bases	0: Main base of 1 to 7: No. of extensi bases	Stores the maximum number of the extension bases being installed.	S (Initial)	New	
SD242	A/Q base differentiation	Base type differentiation 0: QA * * B is installed (A mode) 1: Q * * B is installed (Q mode)	b7 b2 b1 b0 Fixed to 0 to A fixed to 0 to 0 to A fixed	S (Initial)	New	QCPU Remote
SD243 SD244	No. of base slots	No. of base sk	b15       to       b12       b11       to       b8       b7       to       b4       b3       to       b0         SD243       Expansion 3       Expansion 2       Expansion 1       Main         SD244       Expansion 7       Expansion 6       Expansion 5       Expansion 4         • As shown above, each area stores the number of slots being installed.	S (Initial)	New	
SD250	Loaded maximum I/O	Loaded maxim I/O No.	<ul> <li>When SM250 goes from OFF to ON, the upper 2 digits of the final I/O number plus 1 of the modules loaded are stored as BIN values.</li> </ul>	S (Request END)	New	O+Rem
SD251	Head I/O number for replacement	Head I/O No. f module replacement	<ul> <li>Stores the upper two digits of the first I/O number of an I/O module that is removed/replaced in the online status.(default value : 100<sub>H</sub>)</li> </ul>	U	D9094	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SD253	RS422 transmission speed	RS422 transmission speed	Stores transmission speed of RS422.     0: 9600bps 1: 19.2kbps 2: 38.4kbps	S (When changed)	New	QnA
SD254 SD255 SD256 SD257 SD258 SD259 SD259 SD260 to SD264 SD265 to SD265 to SD270 to SD274	MELSECNET /10 (H) information	Number of modules instal No. 1st module 1st module No. Star infor tion Information fro 2nd module	VO number of mounted MELSECNET/10 module or MELSECNET/H module     Network No. of mounted MELSECNET/10 module or MELSECNET/H module     Group No. of mounted MELSECNET/10 module or MELSECNET/H module     Station No. of mounted MELSECNET/10 module or MELSECNET/H module     In the case of standby stations, the module number of the standby station is stored. (1 to 4)     Configuration is identical to that for the 2nd module.	S (Initial)	New	0

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD280	CC-Link error	Error detection status	<ul> <li>When Xn0 of the mounted CC-Link module turns ON, the bit of the corresponding station turns to 1 (ON).</li> <li>When either Xn1 or XnF of the mounted CC-Link module turns OFF, the bit of the corresponding station turns to 1 (ON).</li> <li>Turns to 1 (ON) when communication between the mounted CC-Link module and CPU module cannot be made. Information Inf</li></ul>	S (Error)	New	QCPU Remote
			When Xn0 of the mounted CC-Link module turns ON, the bit of the corresponding station turns to 1 (ON).     When either Xn1 or XnF of the mounted CC-Link module turns OFF, the bit of the corresponding station turns to 1 (ON).     Turns to 1 (ON) when communication between the mounted CC-Link module and CPU module cannot be made.     b15 to b9 b8 to b0     Bth 1st 8th 1st module module module module     Information of ③ Information of ①	S (Error)	New	QnA
SD290		Number of points allocated for X	Stores the number of points currently set for X devices			
SD291		Number of points allocated for Y	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for Y devices</li> </ul>			⊖+Rem
SD292		Number of points allocated for M	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for M devices</li> </ul>			
SD293		Number of points allocated for L	Stores the number of points currently set for L devices			0
SD294		Number of points allocated for B	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for B devices</li> </ul>			⊖+Rem
SD295	Device allocation	Number of points allocated for F	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for F devices</li> </ul>			0
SD296	(Same as parameter contents)	Number of points allocated for SB	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for SB devices</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	O+Rem
SD297		Number of points allocated for V	Stores the number of points currently set for V devices			
SD298		Number of points allocated for S	Stores the number of points currently set for S devices			
SD299		Number of points allocated for T	Stores the number of points currently set for T device	1		0
SD300		Number of points allocated for ST	Stores the number of points currently set for ST devices			
SD301		Number of points allocated for C	<ul> <li>Stores the number of points currently set for C devices</li> </ul>			

Snecial	Register	l ist (	(Continued)	۱
Special	Register	LISU	Continueu	l

Number	Name	Mea	aning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD302	Device allocation	Number of points allocated for D		Stores the number of points currently set for D devices			
SD303	(Same as parameter	Number of allocated for	•	Stores the number of points currently set for W devices	S (Initial)	New	O+Rem
SD304	contents)	Number of allocated for		Stores the number of points currently set for SW devices			
SD315	Time reserved for communicat ion processing	Time reserved for communication processing		Reserves the designated time for communication processing with GX Developer or other units. The greater the value is designated, the shorter the response time for communication with other devices (GX Developer, serial communication units) becomes. Setting range: 1 to 100 ms If the designated value is out of the range above, it is assumed to no setting. The scan time becomes longer by the designated time.	END	New	QCPU
SD340		No. of moc installed	lules	<ul> <li>Indicates the number of mounted Ethernet module.</li> </ul>			
SD341	ł	IIIStalleu	I/O No.	<ul> <li>I/O number of mounted Ethernet module</li> </ul>			
SD342			Network No.	Network No. of mounted Ethernet module			
SD343			Group No.	Group No. of mounted Ethernet module			
SD344	ļ	Informa- tion of 1st	Station No.	Station No. of mounted Ethernet module	S (Initial)	New	
SD345 to SD346		module	Vacant	<ul> <li>Vacant (With QCPU, the Ethernet IP address of the 1st module is stored in buffer memory.)</li> </ul>			QCPU Remote
SD347			Vacant	<ul> <li>Vacant (With QCPU, the Ethernet error code of the 1st module is read with the ERRORRD instruction.)</li> </ul>			
SD348 to SD354		Informatior module	n from 2nd	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			
SD355 to SD361	ļ	Informatior module	n from 3rd	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.	S (Initial)	New	
SD362 to SD368		Informatior 4th module		Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			
SD340		No. of moo installed	lules	Indicates the number of mounted Ethernet module.			
SD341	+		I/O No.	I/O number of mounted Ethernet module			
SD342			Network No.	Network No. of mounted Ethernet module			
SD343	1	Informa-	Group No.	Group No. of mounted Ethernet module			
SD344	Ethernet information	tion of 1st module	Station No.	Station No. of mounted Ethernet module	S (Initial)	New	
SD345 to SD346			IP address	IP address of mounted Ethernet module			
SD347	İ		Error code	Error code of mounted Ethernet module			
SD348 to SD354		Informatior module	n from 2nd	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			OnA
SD355 to SD361		Informatior module	n from 3rd	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			QnA
SD362 to SD368	Ethernet information	Information from 4th		Configuration is identical to that for the first module.	S (Initial)	New	
SD380	Ethernet instruction reception status	module Instruction reception status of 1st module		b15 to b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 0 to 0 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	S (Initial)	New	

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD381	Ethernet	Information from 2nd module	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			
SD382	instruction reception	Information from 3rd module	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.	S (Initial)	New	
SD383	status	Information from 4th module	Configuration is identical to that for the first module.			
SD392	Software version	Internal system software version	<ul> <li>Stores the internal system software version in ASCII code. The data in the lower byte position is indefinite. The software version is stored in the higher byte position. For version "A", for example, "41H" is stored.         Note: The internal system software version may differ from the version indicated by the version symbol printed on the case.     </li> </ul>	S (Initial)	D9060	QnA
SD395	Multiple PLC number	Multiple PLC number	<ul> <li>In a multiple PLC system configuration, the PLC number of the host CPU is stored.</li> <li>PLC No. 1: 1, PLC No. 2: 2, PLC No. 3: 3, PLC No. 4: 4</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	QCPU function Ver. B or later

#### Special Register List (Continued)

#### (3) System clocks/counters

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD412	1 second counter	Number of counts in 1-second units	<ul> <li>Following programmable controller CPU module RUN, 1 is added each second</li> <li>Count repeats from 0 to 32767 to -32768 to 0</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	D9022	(
SD414	2n second clock setting		<ul> <li>Stores value n of 2n second clock (Default is 30)</li> <li>Setting can be made between 1 and 32767</li> </ul>	U	New	0
SD415	2nms clock setting	2nms clock units	<ul> <li>Stores value n of 2nms clock (Default is 30)</li> <li>Setting can be made between 1 and 32767</li> </ul>	U	New	QCPU
SD420	Scan counter	Number of counts in each scan	<ul> <li>Incremented by 1 for each scan execution after the CPU module is set to RUN. *</li> <li>Count repeats from 0 to 32767 to -32768 to 0</li> </ul>	S(Every END processing)	New	
SD430	Low speed scan counter	Number of counts in each scan	<ul> <li>Incremented by 1 for each scan execution after the CPU module is set to RUN.</li> <li>Count repeats from 0 to 32767 to -32768 to 0</li> <li>Used only for low speed execution type programs</li> </ul>	S(Every END processing)	New	0

 $\ast$ : Not counted by the scan in an initial execution type program.

#### Special Register List

#### (4) Scan information

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD500	Execution program No.	Program No. in execution	<ul> <li>Program number of program currently being executed is stored as BIN value.</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	
SD510	Low speed excution type program No.	Low speed execution type program No. in execution	<ul> <li>Program number of low speed excution type program No. currently being executed is stored as BIN value.</li> <li>Enabled only when SM510 is ON.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD520		Current scan time (in 1 ms units)	• Stores current scan time (in 1 ms units) Range from 0 to 65535	S (Every END processing)	D9017 format change	
SD521	Current scan time	Current scan time (in 100 μs units)	<ul> <li>Stores current scan time (in 100 μs units) Range from 00000 to 900 (Example) A current scan of 23.6 ms would be stored as follows: D520=23 D521=600</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD522	Initial scan	Initial scan time (in 1 ms units)	• Stores the scan time of an initial execution type program into SD522 and SD523. (Measurement is made in $100\mu$ s units.)	S (First		
SD523	time	Initial scan time (in 100 μs units)	SD522: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD523: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	END processing)	New	
SD524	Minimum scan	Minimum scan time (in 1 ms units)	<ul> <li>Stores the minimum value of the scan time except that of an initial execution type program into SD524 and SD525. (Measurement is made in 100μs units.)</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	D9018 format change	
SD525	time	Minimum scan time (in 100 μs units)	SD524: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD525: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD526		Maximum scan time (in 1 ms units)	<ul> <li>Stores the maximum value of the scan time except that of an initial execution type program into SD526 and SD527.</li> </ul>	S (Every	D9019 format change	
SD527	Maximum scan time	Maximum scan time (in 100 μs units)	(Measurement is made in 100μs units.) SD526: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD527: Stores the μs place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	END processing)	New	0
SD528	Current scan time	Current scan time (in 1 ms units)	Stores the current scan time of a low speed execution type program into SD528 and SD529. (Measurement is made in 100 curring)	S (Every	Nou	
SD529	for low speed execution type programs	Current scan time (in 100 μs units)	100μs units.) SD528: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD529: Stores the μs place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	END processing)	New	
SD532	Minimum scan time for low speed	Minimum scan time (in 1 ms units) Minimum scan time	<ul> <li>Stores the minimum value of the scan time of a low speed execution type program into SD532 and SD533.</li> <li>(Measurement is made in 100µs units.)</li> <li>SD523: Stores the me place. (Storege range: 0 to 65525)</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD533	execution type programs	(in 100 μs units)	SD532: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD533: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	processing)		
SD534	time for	Maximum scan time (in 1 ms units)	<ul> <li>Stores the maximum value of the scan time except that of the first scan of a low speed execution type program into SD534 and SD535. (Measurement is made in 100µs units.)</li> </ul>	S (Every END	New	
SD535	low speed execution type programs	Maximum scan time (in 100 μs units)	SD534 and SD535. (Measurement is made in 100µs units.) SD534: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD535: Stores the µs place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	processing)	INCW	
SD540	END	END processing time (in 1 ms units)	Stores the time from the end of a scan execution type program to the start of the next scan into SD540 and	S (Every		
SD541	processing time	END processing time (in 100 μs units)	SD541. (Measurement is made in 100 $\mu$ s units.) SD540: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD541: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	END processing)	New	
SD542	Constant scan wait time	Constant scan wait time (in 1 ms units) Constant scan wait	<ul> <li>Stores the wait time for constant scan setting into SD542 and SD543. (Measurement is made in 100μs units.)</li> <li>SD542: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535)</li> </ul>	S (First END	New	
SD543		time (in 100 μs units)	SD543: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	processing)		

Special Register List	(Continued)
	(Continueu)

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD544 SD545	Cumulative execution time for low speed execution type programs	Cumulative execution time for low speed execution type programs (in 1 ms units) Cumulative execution time for low speed execution type programs (in 100 µs units)	<ul> <li>Stores the cumulative execution time of a low speed execution type program into SD544 and SD545. (Measurement is made in 100µs units.)</li> <li>SD544: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535)</li> <li>SD545: Stores the µs place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)</li> <li>Cleared to 0 after the end of one low speed scan.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD546 SD547	Execution time for low speed execution type programs	Execution time for low speed execution type programs (in 1 ms units) Execution time for low speed execution type programs (in 100 µs units)	• Stores the execution time of a low speed execution type program during one scan into SD546 and SD547. (Measurement is made in 100 $\mu$ s units.) SD546: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD547: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900) • Stored every scan.	S (Every END processing)	New	0
SD548 SD549	Scan execution type program execution time	Scan execution type program execution time (in 1 ms units) Scan execution type program execution time (in 100 µs units)	<ul> <li>Stores the execution time of a scan execution type program during one scan into SD548 and SD549. (Measurement is made in 100μs units.)</li> <li>SD548: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535)</li> <li>SD549: Stores the μs place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)</li> <li>Stored every scan.</li> </ul>	S (Every END processing)	New	
SD550	Service interval measurement module	Unit/module No.	Sets I/O number for module that measures service interval	U	New	
SD551 SD552	Service interval time	Module service interval (in 1 ms units) Module service interval (in 100 μs units)	• Stores the service interval for the module specified in SD550 into SD551 and SD552 when SM551 is turned ON. (Measurement is made in $100\mu$ s units.) SD551: Stores the ms place. (Storage range: 0 to 65535) SD552: Stores the $\mu$ s place. (Storage range: 0 to 900)	S (Request)	New	⊖+Rem

#### Special Register List

	(5)	) Memoi	y card			
Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
	Memory card models	Memory card models	Indicates memory card model installed     b15 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0     0     Drive 1     (RAM) model     1: SRAM     0: Does not exist     (RAM) model     1: SRAM     0: Does not exist     (1: SRAM)     (ROM) model     3: Flash ROM	S (Initial and card removal)	New	QCPU
SD600	Memory card A models	Memory card A models	Indicates memory card A model installed     b15 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0     0     Drive 1 0: Does not exist     (RAM) model 1: SRAM     Drive 2     (ROM) model 2: EEPROM     3: Flash ROM	S (Initial and card removal)	New	QnA
SD602	Drive 1 (RAM)	Drive 1	Drive 1 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units	S (Initial and card removal)	New	QCPU
	capacity	capacity		S (Initial and card removal)	New	QnA
SD603	Drive 2 (ROM)	Drive 2 capacity	Drive 2 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units	S (Initial and card removal)	New	QCPU
	capacity			S (Initial and card removal)	New	QnA
SD604	Memory card use conditions	Memory card use conditions	<ul> <li>The use conditions for memory card (A) are stored as bit patterns (In use when ON)</li> <li>The significance of these bit patterns is indicated below:</li> <li>b0: Boot operation (QBT) b8: Not used — b1: Parameters (QPA) b9: CPU fault history (QFD) b2: Device comments (QCD) b10: Not used b3: Device initial value (QDI) b11: Local device (QDL) b4: File register R (QDR) b12: Not used b5: Trace (QTS) b13: Not used b14: Not used b14: Not used b7: Not used b15: Not used</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
	Memory card A use conditions	Memory card A use conditions	The use conditions for memory card A are stored as bit patterns (In use when ON)     The significance of these bit patterns is indicated below:     b0: Boot operation (QBT) b8: Simulation data (QDS) b1: Parameters (QPA) b9: CPU fault history (QFD) b2: Device comments (QCD) b10: SFC trace (QTR) b3: Device initial value (QDI) b11: Local device (QDL) b4: File register R (QDR) b12: Not used b5: Sampling trace (QTS) b13: Not used b6: Status latch (QTL) b14: Not used b7: Program trace (QTP) b15: Not used	S (Status change)	New	QnA
SD620	Drive 3/4 models	Drive 3/4 models	Indicates the drive 3/4 models.     b15 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0     O     Drive 3     (Standrd RAM)     Fixed at "1".     Orive 4     (Standrd ROM)     Fixed at "3".	S (Initial)	New	QCPU

#### (5) Memory card

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD620	Memory card B models	Memory card B models	Indicates memory card B models installed     b15 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0     0     Drive 1     (RAM) model     1: SRAM     Drive 2     (ROM) model     3: Flash ROM	S (Initial)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SD622	Drive 3 (RAM) capacity	Drive 3 capacity	<ul> <li>Drive 3 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units.</li> <li>Drive 3 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units</li> </ul>	S (Initial) S (Initial)	New New	QCPU Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SD623	Drive 4 (ROM)	Drive 4 capacity	Drive 4 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units.     Drive 4 capacity is stored in 1 kbyte units	S (Initial)	New	QCPU Q2A (S1) Q3A
	capacity	Сараску		S (Initial)	New	Q4A Q4AR
	Drive 3/4 use conditions	Drive 3/4 use conditions	<ul> <li>The conditions for usage for drive 3/4 are stored as bit patterns. (In use when ON)</li> <li>The significance of these bit patterns is indicated below:</li> <li>b0: Boot operation (QBT)</li> <li>b1: Parameters (QPA)</li> <li>b2: Device comments (QCD)</li> <li>b10: Not used</li> <li>b3: Device initial value (QDI)</li> <li>b11: Local device (QDL)</li> <li>b4: File R (QDR)</li> <li>b12: Not used</li> <li>b13: Not used</li> <li>b14: Not used</li> <li>b15: Not used</li> <li>b14: Not used</li> <li>b15: Not used</li> <li>b15: Not used</li> <li>b15: Not used</li> <li>b15: Not used</li> </ul>	S (Status change)	New	QCPU
SD624	Memory card B use conditions	Memory card B use conditions	The use conditions for memory card B are stored as bit patterns (In use when ON)     The significance of these bit patterns is indicated below:     b0: Boot operation (QBT) b8: Simulation data (QDS) b1: Parameters (QPA) b9: CPU fault history (QFD) b2: Device comments (QCD) b10: SFC trace (QTR) b3: Device initial value (QDI) b11: Local device (QDL) b4: File R (QDR) b12: Not used b5: Sampling trace (QTS) b13: Not used b6: Status latch (QTL) b14: Not used b7: Program trace (QTP) b15: Not used	S (Status change)	New	Q2A (S1) Q3A Q4A Q4AR
SD640	File register drive	Drive number:	Stores drive number being used by file register	S (Initial)	New	
SD641 SD642 SD643 SD644 SD645 SD646	File register file name	File register file name	• Stores file register file name (with extension) selected at parameters or by use of QDRSET instruction as ASCII code. b15 to b8 b7 to b0 SD641 Second character First character SD642 Fourth character Third character SD643 Sixth character Fifth character SD644 Eighth character Seventh character SD645 First character of extension 2EH(.) SD646 Third character of extension	S (Initial)	New	0
SD647	File register capacity File register	File register capacity File register	Stores the data capacity of the currently selected file register in 1 k word units.	S (Status change) S (Status	New	
SD648	block number	block number	<ul> <li>Stores the currently selected file register block number.</li> <li>Stores the comment drive number selected at the parameters or by</li> </ul>	S (Status change) S (Status	D9035	
SD650	drive	drive number	the QCDSET instruction.	change)	New	

Special Register List (	(Continued)
	(Continueu)

Number	Name	Meaning		Explanati		Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU	
SD651           SD652           SD653           SD654           SD655           SD656	Comment file name	Comment file name		comment file name (with ex s or by the QCDSET instruct b15 to b8 Second character Fourth character Sixth character Eighth character First character of extension Third character of extension	,		S (Status change)	New	
SD660		Boot designation file drive number	<ul> <li>Stores the being store</li> </ul>	is	S (Initial)	New	0		
SD661 SD662 SD663 SD664 SD665 SD666	Boot operation designation file	File name of boot designation file	Stores the s     SD661     SD662     SD663     SD664     SD665     SD666	file name of the boot design b15 to b8 Second character Fourth character Sixth character Eighth character First character of extension Third character of extension	ation file (*.QBT). b7 to b0 First character Third character Fifth character Seventh character 2EH(.) Second character of extension		S (Initial)	New	

#### (6) Instruction-Related Registers

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD705	Mask pattern	Mask pattern	• During block operations, turning SM705 ON makes it possible to use the mask pattern being stored at SD705 (or at SD705 and SD706 if	U	New	0
SD706			double words are being used) to operate on all data in the block with the masked values.			
SD714	Number of vacant communicati on request registration areas	0 to 32	<ul> <li>Stores the number of vacant blocks in the communications request area for remote terminal modules connected to the MELSECNET/MINI-S3.</li> </ul>	S (During execution)	M9081	QnA
SD715			Patterns masked by use of the IMASK instruction are stored in the following manner:     b15 to b1 b0			
SD716	IMASK instruction mask pattern	Mask pattern	SD715 115 11 10 SD716 131 to 117 116	S (During execution)	New	0
SD717			SD717  47 to  33  32			
SD718 SD719	Accumulator	Accumulator	<ul> <li>For use as replacement for accumulators used in A-series programs.</li> </ul>	S/U	New	
SD720	Program No. designation for PLOAD instruction	Program No. designation for PLOAD instruction	<ul> <li>Stores the program number of the program to be loaded by the PLOAD instruction when designated.</li> <li>Designation range: 1 to 124</li> </ul>	U	New	QCPU
SD730	No. of vacant registration area for CC- Link communicati on request	0 to 32	<ul> <li>Stores the number of vacant registration area for the request for communication with the intelligent device station connected to A(1S)J61QBT61.</li> </ul>	S (During execution)	New	QnA
SD736	PKEY input	PKEY input	<ul> <li>Special register that temporarily stores keyboard data input by means of the PKEY instruction.</li> </ul>	S (During execution)	New	QnA

Special Register List (Continued)
-----------------------------------

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation					Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD738           SD739           SD740           SD741           SD742           SD743           SD744           SD745           SD746           SD747           SD748           SD749           SD750           SD751           SD752           SD753           SD756           SD757           SD758           SD759           SD760           SD761           SD758           SD759           SD760           SD761           SD762           SD758           SD759           SD760           SD761           SD762           SD758           SD759           SD760           SD761           SD762           SD763           SD764           SD765           SD765           SD766           SD765           SD766           SD766           SD767           SD766           SD767           SD766 </td <td>Message storage</td> <td>Message storage</td> <td>Stores the n     SD7     SD7</td> <td>b15           38         2n           39         4t           40         6t           41         8t           42         10           43         12           44         14           45         16           46         18           47         20           48         22t           49         24           50         26           51         28           52         30           54         34           55         36           56         38           57         40           60         46           61         48           62         50           63         52t           64         54           65         56           66         58           67         60           68         62</td> <td>esignated by the to b8 d character h character h character th character</td> <td>MSG instruction b7 to 1st chara 3rd chara 5th chara 7th chara 9th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 21st chara 23rd chara 25th chara 31st chara 35th chara 35th chara 37th chara 35th chara 35th chara 41st chara 43rd chara 45th chara 55th chara</td> <td>b0 cter cter cter cter cter cter acte</td> <td>S (During execution)</td> <td>New</td> <td>0</td>	Message storage	Message storage	Stores the n     SD7     SD7	b15           38         2n           39         4t           40         6t           41         8t           42         10           43         12           44         14           45         16           46         18           47         20           48         22t           49         24           50         26           51         28           52         30           54         34           55         36           56         38           57         40           60         46           61         48           62         50           63         52t           64         54           65         56           66         58           67         60           68         62	esignated by the to b8 d character h character h character th character	MSG instruction b7 to 1st chara 3rd chara 5th chara 7th chara 9th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 13th chara 21st chara 23rd chara 25th chara 31st chara 35th chara 35th chara 37th chara 35th chara 35th chara 41st chara 43rd chara 45th chara 55th chara	b0 cter cter cter cter cter cter acte	S (During execution)	New	0
SD769 SD774 TO SD775	PID limit setting (for complete derivative)	0: Limit set 1: Limit not set	Designate th     SD774     SD775	he limit for b15 Loop16 Loop32	each PID loop as to to to	s follows: b1 Loop2 Loop18	b0 Loop1 Loop17	U	New	QCPU
SD778	Refresh processing selection when the COM instruction is executed	b0 to b14: 0:Do not refresh 1:Refresh b15 bit 0: General data processing executed 1: General data processing not executed	<ul> <li>Selects whether or not the data is refreshed when the COM instruction is executed.</li> <li>Designation of SD778 is made valid when SM775 turns ON.</li> <li>b15 b14 to b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0</li> <li>SD778 1/0 0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0</li> <li>CC-Link refresh CC-Link refresh MELSCNET/H refresh Automatic refresh of intelligent function modules Automatic refresh of CPU shared memory</li> <li>Execution/non-execution of general data processing</li> </ul>				U	New	QCPU Serial number 04012 or later	

#### Special Register List

(7) C	Debug				
Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
Remaining No. of simultaneous execution of CC-Link dedicated instruction	0 to 32	<ul> <li>Stores the remaining number of simultaneous execution of the CC- Link dedicated instructions.</li> </ul>	U	New	QnA
Mask pattern of IMASK instruction	Mask pattern	• Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:	S (During execution)	New	QCPU
PID limit setting (for incomplete derivative)	0: Limit set 1: Limit not set	b15         b1         b0           SD794         Loop 16         to         Loop 2         Loop 1           SD795         Loop 32         to         Loop 18         Loop 17	U	New	QCPU Serial No. 05032 or later
Status latch file name	Status latch file name	<ul> <li>Stores file name (with extension) from point in time when status latch was conducted as ASCII code.</li> <li>b15 to b8 b7 to b0</li> <li>SD806 Second character First character</li> <li>SD807 Fourth character Third character</li> <li>SD808 Sixth character Fifth character</li> <li>SD809 Eighth character seventh character</li> <li>SD810 First character of extension</li> <li>2EH(.)</li> </ul>	S (During execution)	New	
Status latch step	Status latch step	<ul> <li>Stores step number from point in time when status latch was conducted.</li> <li>SD812 Patterm *</li> <li>SD813 Block number</li> <li>SD814 Step No./Transition condition No.</li> <li>SD815 Sequence step No.(L)</li> <li>SD816 Sequence step No.(H)</li> </ul> * Contents of pattern data   15 14 to 4 3 2 1 0   (Not in use)   SFC block designation present (1)/absent (0) SFC block designation present (1)/absent (0)	S (During execution)	D9055 format change	QnA
	Name         Remaining         No. of         simultaneous         execution of         CC-Link         dedicated         instruction         Mask pattern         of IMASK         instruction         PID limit         setting         (for         incomplete         derivative)         Status latch         file name         Status latch         file name	Remaining No. of simultaneous execution of CC-Link dedicated instruction       0 to 32         Mask pattern of IMASK instruction       Mask pattern         PID limit setting (for incomplete derivative)       0: Limit set 1: Limit not set file name         Status latch file name       Status latch file name         Status latch       Status latch file name         Status latch       Status latch         Status latch       Status latch	Name         Meaning         Explanation           Remaining No. of simultaneous execution of CC-Link dedicated instruction         • Stores the remaining number of simultaneous execution of the CC- Link dedicated instructions.         • Stores the remaining number of simultaneous execution of the CC- Link dedicated instructions.           Mask pattern instruction         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:           Mask pattern instruction         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:           PID limit setting (or incomplete derivative)         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK istatus latch file name         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:           Status latch file name         0: Limit set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Limit not set 1: Status latch file name         • Stores file name (with extension) from point in time when status latch was conducted as ASCII code.	Name     Meaning     Explanation     Set by (When set)       Remaining No. of simultaneous execution of CC-Link dedicated instruction     0 to 32     • Stores the remaining number of simultaneous execution of the CC- Link dedicated instructions.     U       Mask pattern of INASK instruction     • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:     Stores the mask patterns internation as follows:     Stores the mask patterns internation as follows:     U     U       PID limit setting     Status latch file name     Stores the mane (with extension) from point in time when status latch was conducted as ASCII code.     Stores step number from point in time when s	Name         Meaning         Explanation         Set by (When set)         Corresponding ACPU DB           Remaining No. of simulaneous execution of CC-Link dedicated instruction         0 to 32         • Stores the remaining number of simultaneous execution of the CC- Link dedicated instructions.         U         New           Mask pattern of IMASK instruction         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:         S (During execution)           PID limit setting (for incomplete derivative)         • Stores the mask patterns masked by the IMASK instruction as follows:         S (During execution)         S (During execution)           PID limit setting (for incomplete derivative)         • Stores file name (with extension) form point in time when status latch was conducted as ASCII code.         U         New           Status latch file name         S status latch file name         • Stores step number from point in time when status latch was conducted as ASCII code.         U         New           Status latch file name         Status latch file name         • Stores step number from point in time when status latch was conducted.         S (During execution)         S (During execution)           Status latch file name         Status latch file name         • Stores step number from point in time when status latch was conducted.         S (During execution)         S (During execution)           Status latch file nam

## 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Special Register List

	(8) L	atch area								
Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation				y Correspondin n ACPU D9	g Corresponding CPU		
SD900	Drive where power was interrupted	Access file drive number during power loss	Stores drive nurr	nber if file was being ac	ss. S (Sta chang	New				
SD901			<ul> <li>Stores file name accessed during</li> </ul>	· · · · · ·	CII code if file was being					
SD902			SD901	b15 to b8 2nd character	b7 to b0 1st character					
SD903	File name active during	Access file name during	SD902 SD903	4th character 6th character	3rd character 5th character	S (Sta	us New			
SD904	power loss	power loss	•	•	SD904	8th character 1st character of	7th character	chang	e)	
SD905			SD905	extension 3rd character of	2EH(.)					
SD906			SD906	extension	extension					
SD910 SD911	-		<ul> <li>Stored in sequer</li> </ul>	nce that PU key code w b15 to b8	/as entered. b7 to b0			QnA		
SD912	-		SD910	2nd character	1st character					
SD913			SD911	4th character	3rd character					
SD914	-		SD912	6th character 8th character	5th character 7th character					
SD915	-		SD913 SD914	10th character	9th character					
SD916			SD914 SD915	12th character	11th character					
SD917			SD916	14th character	13th character	S (Dur	ng			
SD918	RKEY input	RKEY input	SD917	16th character	15th character	executi	New			
SD910	-		SD918	18th character	17th character	encour.	,			
-	-		SD919	20th character	19th character					
SD920	-		SD920	22nd character	21st character					
SD921	-		SD921	24th character	23rd character					
SD922	4		SD922 SD923	26th character 28th character	25th character 27th character					
SD923	-		SD923 SD924	30th character	29th character					
SD924	4		SD925	32nd character	31st character					
SD925										

(9) A to Q/QnA conversion correspondences

ACPU special registers D9000 to D9255 correspond to the special registers SD1000 to SD1255 after A-series to the Q/QnA-series conversion.

These special registers are all set by the system, and users cannot use them to set program data.

Users who need to set data with these registers should edit the special registers for the Q/QnA.

However, before conversion users could set data at special registers D9200 to D9255 only, and after conversion users can also set data at registers 1200 to 1255.

For more detailed information concerning the contents of the ACPU special registers, see the individual CPU users manual, and the MELSECNET and MELSECNET/B data link system reference manual.

## REMARK

Supplemental explanation on "Special Register for Modification" column

- (1) For the device numbers for which a special register for modification is specified, modify it to the special register for QCPU/QnACPU.
- ② For the device numbers for which is specified, special register after conversion can be used.
- (3) Device numbers for which  $\boxtimes$  is specified do not function for QCPU/QnACPU.

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning			Deta	ails		Corresponding CPU
D9000	SD1000	_	Fuse blown	Number of module with blown fuse		hen fuse blow mber of the lo ored in hexade xample: Whe own, "50" is st mber by perip ren in hexade leared when a 0.) se blow chec mote I/O statio				
D9001	SD1001		Fuse blown	Number of module with blown fuse	sw	ritch numbers curred.	e for A0J2 Stored data 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	umbers when	-	O

#### Special Register List

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9002	SD1002	_	I/O module verification error	I/O module verification error module number	<ul> <li>If I/O modules, of which data are different from data entered, are detected when the power is turned on, the first I/O number of the lowest number unit among the detected units is stored in hexadecimal. (Storing method is the same as that of SD1000.)</li> <li>To monitor the number by peripheral devices, perform monitor operation given in hexadecimal. (Cleared when all contents of SD1116 to SD1123 are reset to 0.)</li> <li>I/O module verify check is executed also to the modules of remote I/O terminals.</li> </ul>	0
D9004	SD1004	_	MINI link errors	Stores setting status made at parameters (modules 1 to 8)	Error status of the MINI(S3) link detected on loaded     AJ71PT32(S3) is stored.     b15 to b8 b7 to b0     8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1     Bits which correspond to faulty     AJ71PT32(S3) are turned on.     Bits which correspond to faulty     AJ71PT32(S3) are turned on.     Hardware error (X0/X20)     MINI(S3) link error datection (X6/X26)     MINI(S3) link communication error     (X7/X27)	QnA
D9005	SD1005	_	AC DOWN counter	Number of times for AC DOWN	When the AC power supply module is used, 1 is added at occurrence of an instantaneous power failure of within 20ms. (The value is stored in BIN code.)It is reset when power is switched from OFF to ON. When the DC power supply module is used, 1 is added at occurrence of an instantaneous power failure of within 10ms. (The value is stored in BIN code.)It is reset when power is switched from OFF to ON. When the DC power supply module is used, 1 is added at occurrence of an instantaneous power failure of within 1ms. (The value is stored in BIN code.)It is reset when power failure of	QnA
D9008	SD1008	SD0	Self-diagnosis	Self-diagnosis error	is switched from OFF to ON.  • When error is found as a result of self-diagnosis, error  sumbor is stand in DN code	0
D9009	SD1009	SD62	Annunciator detection	F number at which external failure has occurred	<ul> <li>number is stored in BIN code.</li> <li>When one of F0 to 255 is turned on by OUT F or SET F, the F number, which has been detected earliest among the F numbers which have turned on, is stored in BIN code.</li> <li>SD62 can be cleared by RST F or LEDR instruction. If another F number has been detected, the clearing of SD62 causes the next number to be stored in SD62.</li> <li>When one of F0 to 255 is turned on by OUT F or SET F, the F number, which has been detected earliest among the F numbers which have turned on, is stored in BIN code.</li> <li>SD62 can be cleared by executing RST F or LEDR or SET F, the F number, which has been detected earliest among the F numbers which have turned on, is stored in BIN code.</li> <li>SD62 can be cleared by executing RST F or LEDR instruction or moving INDICATOR RESET switch on CPU module front to ON position. If another F number has been detected, clearing of SD62 stores the next F number into SD62.</li> </ul>	QCPU Q2AS Q2A Q3A Q4A Q4AR
D9010	SD1010		Error step	Step number at which operation error has occurred.	<ul> <li>When operation error has occurred during execution of application instruction, the step number, at which the error has occurred, is stored in BIN code.</li> <li>Thereafter, each time operation error occurs, the contents of SD1010 are renewed.</li> </ul>	0

## 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

ACPU Special	Special Register after	Special Register for	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
Conversion D9011	Conversion SD1011	Modification	Error step	Step number at which operation error has occurred.	<ul> <li>When operation error has occurred during execution of application instruction, the step number, at which the error has occurred, is stored in BIN code. Since the step number is stored into SD1011 when SM1011 turns from OFF to ON, the data of SD1011 is not updated unless SM1011 is cleared by a user program.</li> </ul>	
D9014	SD1014		I/O control mode	I/O control mode number	<ul> <li>The I/O control mode set is returned in any of the following numbers:</li> <li>0. Both input and output in direct mode</li> <li>1. Input in refresh mode, output in direct mode</li> <li>3. Both input and output in refresh mode</li> </ul>	
D9015	SD1015	SD203	Operating status of CPU	Operating status of CPU	The operation status of CPU as shown below are stored in SD203. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 CPU key switch 0 RUN 1 STOP 2 PAUSE *1 3 STEP RUN Remains the same in remote RUN/STOP 2 PAUSE *1 3 STEP RUN Remains the same in remote RUN/STOP 0 RUN 1 STOP 2 PAUSE *1 3 STEP RUN Remains the same in remote RUN/STOP by parameter setting 0 RUN 1 STOP 2 PAUSE *1 * 1 When the CPU module is in RUN mode and SM1040 is off, the CPU module remains in RUN mode if changed to PAUSE mode.	0
D9016	SD1016		Program number	<ol> <li>Main program (ROM)</li> <li>Main program (RAM)</li> <li>Subprogram 1 (RAM)</li> <li>Subprogram 2 (RAM)</li> <li>Subprogram 3 (RAM)</li> <li>Subprogram 1 (ROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 2 (ROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 3 (ROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 3 (ROM)</li> <li>Main program (E<sup>2</sup>PROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 1 (E<sup>2</sup>PROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 2 (E<sup>2</sup>PROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 3 (E<sup>2</sup>PROM)</li> <li>Subprogram 3 (E<sup>2</sup>PROM)</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Indicates which sequence program is run presently.</li> <li>One value of 0 to B is stored in BIN code.</li> </ul>	
D9017	SD1017	SD520	Scan time	(E <sup>-</sup> PROM) Minimum scan time (10 ms units)	<ul> <li>If scan time is smaller than the content of SD520, the value is newly stored at each END. Namely, the minimum value of scan time is stored into SD520 in BIN code.</li> </ul>	
D9018	SD1018	SD524	Scan time	Scan time (10 ms units)	<ul> <li>Scan time is stored in BIN code at each END and always rewritten.</li> </ul>	

Special Register List (	Continued)
-------------------------	------------

## 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

Special Register List (Continued)
-----------------------------------

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9019	SD1019	SD526	Scan time	Maximum scan time (10 ms units)	<ul> <li>If scan time is larger than the content of SD526, the value is newly stored at each END. Namely, the maximum value of scan time is stored into SD526 in BIN code.</li> </ul>	
D9020	SD1020		Constant scan	Constant scan time (User sets in 10 ms units)	<ul> <li>Sets the interval between consecutive program starts in multiples of 10 ms.</li> <li>0: No setting</li> <li>1 to 200: Set. Program is executed at intervals of (set value) × 10 ms.</li> </ul>	
D9021	SD1021	_	Scan time	Scan time (1 ms units)	<ul> <li>Scan time is stored and updated in BIN code after every END.</li> </ul>	
D9022	SD1022	SD412	1 second counter	Count in units of 1s.	<ul> <li>When the PC CPU starts running, it starts counting 1 every second.</li> <li>It starts counting up from 0 to 32767, then down to -32768 and then again up to 0. Counting repeats this routine.</li> </ul>	
D9025	SD1025	SD210	Clock data	Clock data (year, month)	• Stores the year (2 lower digits) and month in BCD. <u>b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0</u> <u>Year</u> Month Example: <u>Year</u> Month	
D9026	SD1026	SD211	Clock data	Clock data (day, hour)	• Stores the day and hour in BCD. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Tay Hour Example 31th, 10 o'clock H3110	
D9027	SD1027	SD212	Clock data	Clock data (minute, second)	• Stores the Minute and second in BCD. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Example: 35 minutes, 48 seconds H3548	
D9028	SD1028	SD213	Clock data	Clock data (day of week)	• Stores the day of the week in BCD. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b4 b3 to b0 Example: Friday H0005 Day of the week 0 Sunday 1 Monday 2 Tuesday 3 Wednesday 4 Thursday 5 Friday 6 Saturday	0
D9035	SD1035	SD648	Extension file register	Use block No.	<ul> <li>Stores the block No. of the extension file register being used in BCD code.</li> </ul>	
D9036	SD1036		Extension file registerfor designation of	Device number when individual devices from extension file	Designate the device number for the extension file register for direct read and write in 2 words at SD1036 and SD1037 in BIN data. Use consecutive numbers beginning with R0 of block No. 1 to designate device numbers. Exetension file register 0 to Block No.1 area	
D9037	SD1037		device number	register are directly accessed	16383           16384           to           Block No.2 area           Device No. (BIN data)	
D9038	SD1038	SD207		Priorities 1 to 4	Sets priority of ERROR LEDs which illuminate (or	
D9039	SD1039	SD208	LED display priority ranking	Priorities 5 to 7	flicker) to indicate errors with error code numbers.         • Configuration of the priority setting areas is as shown below.         b15       to       b12 b11       to       b8 b7       to       b4 b3       to       b0         SD207       Priority 4       Priority 3       Priority 2       Priority 1         SD208       Priority 7       Priority 6       Priority 5         • For details, refer to the applicable CPUs User's Manual and the ACPU Programming manual (Fundamentals).	

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9044	SD1044		For sampling trace	Step or time during sampling trace	Turned on/off with a peripheral device. At scanning0 At timeTime (10 msec unit) Stores the value in BIN code.	
D9049	SD1049		Work area for SFC	Block number of extension file register	<ul> <li>Stores the block number of the expansion file register which is used as the work area for the execution of a SFC program in a binary value.</li> <li>Stores "0" if an empty area of 16K bytes or smaller, which cannot be expansion file register No. 1, is used or if SM320 is OFF.</li> </ul>	
D9050	SD1050		SFC program error number	Error code generated by SFC program	<ul> <li>Stores error code of errors occurred in the SFC program in BIN code.</li> <li>0: No error</li> <li>80: SFC program parameter error</li> <li>81: SFC code error</li> <li>82: Number of steps of simultaneous execution exceeded</li> <li>83: Block start error</li> <li>84: SFC program operation error</li> </ul>	
D9051	SD1051		Error block	Block number where error occurred	Stores the block number in which an error occurred in the SFC program in BIN code. In the case of error 83 the starting block number is stored.	0
D9052	SD1052			Step number where error occurred	<ul> <li>Stores the step number, where error code 84 occurred in an SFC program, in BIN value.</li> <li>Stores "0" when error code 80, 81 or 82 occurred.</li> <li>Stores the block stating step number when error code 83 occurs.</li> </ul>	
D9053	SD1053		Error transition	Transition condition number where error occurred	<ul> <li>Stores the transition condition number, where error code 84 occurred in an SFC program, in BIN value.</li> <li>Stores "0" when error code 80, 81, 82 or 83 occurred.</li> </ul>	
D9054	SD1054		Error sequence step	Sequence step number where error occurred	• Stores the sequence step number of transfer condition and operation output in which error 84 occurred in the SFC program in BIN code.	
D9055	SD1055	SD812	Status latch	Status latch step	<ul> <li>Stores the step number when status latch is executed.</li> <li>Stores the step number in a binary value if status latch is executed in a main sequence program.</li> <li>Stores the block number and the step number if status latch is executed in a SFC program.</li> <li>Block No. Step No. (BIN) (BIN)</li> <li>Higher 8 bits - Lower 8 bits -</li> </ul>	
D9060	SD1060	SD392	Software version	Software version of internal software	Stores the software version of the internal system in ASCII code. Higher byte Lower byte for version "A", for example, "41H" is stored. Note: The software version of the initial system may differ from the version indicated by the version information printed on the rear of the case.	QnA
D9072	SD1072		PLC communications check	Computer link data check	<ul> <li>In the self-loopback test of the serial communication module, the serial communication module writes/reads data automatically to make communication checks.</li> </ul>	0
D9081	SD1081	SD714	Number of empty blocks in communications request registrtion area	Number of empty blocks in communications request registration area	• Stores the number of empty blocks in the communication request registration area to the remote terminal module connected to the MELSECNET/MINI-S3 master unit, A2CCPU or A52GCPU.	QnA

### Special Register List (Continued)

Special	Register	List (	(Continued)
opoolai	riogioloi	LIOU	

ACPU Special	Special Register after	Special Register for	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding
Conversion	Conversion	Modification		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		CPU
D9085	SD1085		Register for setting time check value	Default value 10s	<ul> <li>Sets the time check time of the data link instructions (ZNRD, ZNWR) for the MELSECNET/10.</li> <li>Setting range: 1 s to 65535 s (1 to 65535)</li> <li>Setting unit: 1 s</li> <li>Default value: 10 s (If 0 has been set, default 10 s is applied)</li> </ul>	
D9090	SD1090		Number of special functions modules over	Number of special functions modules over	<ul> <li>For details, refer to the manual of each microcomputer program package.</li> </ul>	0
D9091	SD1091	$\triangleright$	Detailed error code	Self-diagnosis detailed error code	Stores the detail code of cause of an instruction error.	
D9094	SD1094	SD251	Head I/O number of I/O module to be replaced	Head I/O number of I/O module to be replaced	<ul> <li>Stores the first two digits of the head I/O number of the I/O module, which will be dismounted/mounted online, in BIN value.</li> <li>Example) Input module X2F0 → H2F</li> </ul>	
D9095	SD1095	SD200	DIP switch information	DIP switch information	<ul> <li>The DIP switch information of the CPU module is stored in the following format.</li> <li>0: OFF</li> <li>1: ON</li> <li>b15 ~ b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0</li> <li>D9095 0</li> <li>SW2</li> <li>SW3</li> <li>SW4</li> </ul>	QCPU
D9100	SD1100				<ul> <li>Output module numbers (in units of 16 points), of which fuses have blown, are entered in bit pattern.</li> </ul>	
D9101	SD1101				(Preset output unit numbers when parameter setting has been performed.)	
D9102	SD1102			Bit pattern in units	b15b14b13b12 b11b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 SD1100 0 0 0 1 (vcoil 0 0 0 0 1 (vcoil 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
D9103	SD1103		Fuse blown	of 16 points, indicating the	SD1101 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
D9104	SD1104		module	modules whose fuses have blown	SD1107 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
D9105	SD1105				<ul> <li>Fuse blow check is executed also to the output</li> </ul>	
D9106	SD1106				module of remote I/O station. (If normal status is restored, clear is not performed.	
D9107	SD1107				Therefore, it is required to perform clear by user program.)	0
D9108	SD1108				<ul> <li>Set the set value of the step transition watchdog timer and the annunciator number (F number) that will turn</li> </ul>	Ŷ
D9109	SD1109				on when the watchdog timer times out. b15 to b8 b7 to b0	
D9110	SD1110				│└ <u></u> ╃╌╵╴╃╼┛	
D9111	SD1111	_	Step transfer monitoring timer	Timer setting valve and the f number at	Timer setting (1 to 255 s in seconds)	
D9112	SD1112	]	setting	time out	F number setting	
D9113	SD1113				(By turning on any of MSM708 to SM1114, the monitoring timer starts. If the transfer condition following a step which corresponds to the timer is not	
D9114	SD1114				established within set time, set annunciator (F) is tuned on.)	

Special Register List	t (Continued)
-----------------------	---------------

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details Corresponding CPU
D9116 D9117 D9118 D9119 D9120 D9121 D9122 D9123	SD1116 SD1117 SD1118 SD1119 SD1120 SD1121 SD1122 SD1123		I/O module verification error	Bit pattern, in units of 16 points, indicating the modules with verification errors.	<ul> <li>When I/O modules, of which data are different from those entered at power-on, have been detected, the I/O unit numbers (in units of 16 points) are entered in bit pattern. (Preset I/O unit numbers when parameter setting has been performed.) b15b14b13b12b11b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 SD1116 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</li></ul>
D9124	SD1124	SD63	Annunciator detection quantity	Annunciator detection quantity	<ul> <li>When one of F0 to 255 (F0 to 2047 for AuA and AnU) is turned on by SET F 1 is added to the contents of SD63. When <u>RST F</u> or <u>LEDR</u> instruction is executed, 1 is subtracted from the contents of SD63. (If the INDICATOR RESET switch is provided to the CPU module, pressing the switch can execute the same processing.)</li> <li>Quantity, which has been turned on by <u>SET F</u> is stored into SD63 in BIN code. The value of SD63 is maximum 8.</li> </ul>
D9125 D9126	SD1125 SD1126	SD64 SD65			<ul> <li>When any of F0 to 2047 is turned on by <u>SET F</u>, the annunciator numbers (F numbers) that are turned on in order are registered into D9125 to D9132.</li> <li>The F number turned off by <u>RST F</u> is erased from any of D9125 to D9132, and the F numbers stored affect the second between the first the second</li></ul>
D9127	SD1127	SD66			after the erased F number are shifted to the preceding registerers. By executing <u>LEDR</u> instruction, the contents of SD64 to SD71 are shifted upward by one. (For A3N, A3HCPU, it can be performed by use of INDICATOR RESET switch on front of CPU module.)
D9128	SD1128	SD67	Annunciator	Annunciator	When there are 8 annunciator detections, the 9th one is not stored into SD64 to SD71 even if detected. SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET SET
D9129	SD1129	SD68	detection number	detection number	SD62         0         50         50         50         50         50         50         50         50         50         99           SD63         0         1         2         3         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         8         8           SD64         0         50         50         50         50         50         50         50         99
D9130	SD1130	SD69			SD65         0         0         25         25         99         99         99         99         99         99         99         99         99         15           SD66         0         0         99         0         15         15         15         15         15         70
D9131	SD1131	SD70			SD67         0         0         0         0         0         70         70         70         70         70         65           SD68         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         65         65         65         65         38           SD69         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         38         38         38         110
D9132	SD1132	SD71			SD70         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         110         1110         1110         151           SD71         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         110         151         151

### Special Register List

(10) Special register	list dedicated for QnA
-----------------------	------------------------

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9200	SD1200	_	ZNRD (LRDP for ACPU) processing results	0: Normal end 2: ZNRD instruction setting fault 3: Error at relevant station 4: Relevant station ZNRD execution disabled	Stores the execution result of the ZNRD (word device read) instruction         • ZNRD instruction setting fault:       Faulty setting of the ZNRD instruction constant, source, and/or destination         • Corresponding station error:       One of the stations is not communicating.         • ZNRD cannot be executed in the corresponding station:       The specified station is a remote I/O station.	
D9201	SD1201	_	ZNWR (LWTP for ACPU) processing results	0: Normal end 2: ZNWR instruction setting fault 3: Error at relevant station 4: Relevant station ZNWR execution disabled	Stores the execution result of the ZNWR (word device write) instruction.         ZNWR instruction setting fault:         Faulty setting of the ZNWR instruction constant, source, and/or destination.         Corresponding station error:       One of the stations is not communicating.         ZNWR cannot be executed in the corresponding station:       The specified station is a remote I/O station.	QnA
D9202	SD1202	_	Local station link	Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores whether the slave station corresponds to         MELSECNET or MELSECNET11.         • Bits corresponding to the MELSECNET 11 stations become "1."         • Bits corresponding to the MELSECNET stations or unconnected become "0."         Device number b15b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0         SD1202 L16 L15 L14 L13 L12 L11 L10 L9 L8 L7         SD1202 L12 L31 L30 L28 L28 L28 L28 L28 L28 L22 L21 L20 L19 L18 L1	
D9203	SD1203	_	SD1203         L32         L31         L30         L29         L28         L27         L24         L23         L22         L21         L20         L18           SD1203         L32         L31         L30         L29         L28         L27         L26         L24         L23         L22         L21         L20         L19         L18           SD1241         L48         L47         L46         L45         L44         L43         L41         L40         L39         L38         L37         L36         L34         L34         L47         L46         L45         L44         L43         L41         L40         L39         L38         L37         L36         L34         L34         L34         L45         L44         L43         L41         L40         L39         L38         L37         L36         L35         L34         L3		<ul> <li>sb1242 L64 L63 L62 L61 L60 L59 L58 L57 L56 L55 L54 L53 L52 L51 L50 L44</li> <li>If a local station goes down during the operation, the contents before going down are retained.</li> <li>Contents of SD1224 to SD1227 and SD1228 to SD1231 are ORed. If the corresponding bit is "0", the corresponding bit of the special register above becomes valid.</li> </ul>	
D9204	SD1204	_	Link status	<ul> <li>0: Forward loop, during data link</li> <li>1: Reverse loop, during data link</li> <li>2: Loopback implemented in forward/reverse directions</li> <li>3: Loopback implemented only in forward direction</li> <li>4: Loopback implemented only inreverse direction</li> <li>5: Data link disabled</li> </ul>	Stores the present path status of the data link. • Data link in forward loop Master station Station 1 Station 2 Forward loop • Data link in reverse loop Master station Station 1 Station 2  Station n Station 2  Forward loop Master station Station 1 Station 2  Station n Station 2  Station n Station 2 	QnA

ACPU	Special	Special				Corresponding
Special Conversion	Register after Conversion	Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	CPU
D9204	SD1204		Link status	<ol> <li>Forward loop, during data link</li> <li>Reverse loop, during data link</li> <li>Loopback implemented in forward/reverse directions</li> <li>Loopback implemented only in forward direction</li> <li>Loopback implemented only inreverse direction</li> <li>Data link disabled</li> </ol>	Loopback in forward/reverse loops     Master     station     Station 1     Station 2     Station 3      Station n      Forward loopback     Reverse loopback     Loopback in forward loop only     Master     station     Station 1     Station 2     Station 3      Station n      Forward loopback     Loopback in reverse loop only     Master     Station 1     Station 2     Station 3      Station n      Reverse loopback	
D9205	SD1205	_	Station implementing loopback	Station that implemented forward loopback	Stores the local or remote I/O station number at which loopback is being executed. Master station Station 1 Station 2 Station 3 Station n	QnA
D9206	SD1206	_	Station implementing loopback	Station that implemented reverse loopback	Forward loopback Reverse loopback In the above example, 1 is stored into D9205 and 3 into D9206. If data link returns to normal status (data link in forward loop), values in D9205 and D9206 remain 1 and 3. To return them to "0", therefore, use a sequence program or perform reset operation.	
D9210	SD1210	_	Number of retries	Stored as cumulative value	Stores the number of retry times due to transmission error. Count stops at maximum of "FFFFH". To return the value to "0", perform reset operation.	
D9211	SD1211	_	Number of times loop selected	Stored as cumulative value	Stores the number of times the loop line has been switched to reverse loop or loopback. Count stops at maximum of "FFFFH". To return the value to "0", perform reset operation.	
D9212	SD1212	_	Local station operation status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local station numbers which are in STOP or PAUSE mode.	
D9213	SD1213	_	Local station operation status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	number         b15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b0           SD1212         L16         L15         L14         L13         L12         L11         L10         L9         L8         L7         L6         L5         L4         L3         L2         L1           SD1213         L32         L31         L30         L28         L27         L26         L24         L23         L21         L30         L19         L18         L7         L40         L39         L31         L33         L31         L31         L31         L31         L41         L41         L42         L42         L42         L42         L41         L40         L39         L32         L21         L30         L19         L18         L37           SD1215         L64         L45         L42         L42         L41         L40         L39         L33         L31         L33         L31         L33         L33         L31         L33         L33         L31         L33         L33         L33         L33         L33	
D9214	SD1214	_	Local station operation status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	When a local station is switched to STOP or PAUSE mode, the bit corresponding to the station number in the register becomes "1".	QnA
D9215	SD1215	_	Local station operation status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	Example: When station 7 switches to STOP mode, b6 in SD1212 becomes "1", and when SD1212 is monitored, its value is "64 (40 <sub>H</sub> )".	

Special Register List (Continue)

## 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

### Special Register List (Continue)

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9216	SD1216	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local station numbers which are in error.	
D9217	SD1217	_	Local station error detect	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	number         b15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b0           SD1216         L16         L15         L14         L13         L12         L1         L0         L8         L7         L6         L5         L4         L3         L2         L1           SD1216         L16         L13         L3         L2         L1         L0         L18         L17         L3         L3 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
D9218	SD1218	_	status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	<u>SD1219</u> L64[L63]L62[L61[L60]L58[L57]L56[L55[L54[L53]L52]L51[L50]L49 If a local station detects an error, the bit corresponding to the station number becomes "1".	
D9219	SD1219	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	Example: When station 6 and 12 detect an error, b5 and 11 in SD1216 become "1", and when SD1216 is monitored, its value is "2080 (820H)".	
D9220	SD1220	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local station numbers which contain mismatched parameters or of remote station numbers for which incorrect I/O assignment has been made.	
D9221	SD1221	_	Local station	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	Bit           Device         Bit           oumber         bits bits bits bits bits bits bits bits	
D9222	SD1222	_	parameters non-conforming; remote I/O	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	SD1222         L48         L47         L46         L43         L43         L42         L41         L40         L39         L38         L37         L36         L35         L34         L33         L32         L31         L32         L44         L43         L42         L41         L40         L56         L56         L54         L53         L52         L51         L50         L54         L53         L52         L51         L50         L44         L53         L52         L56         L56         L54         L53         L52         L51         L50         L54<	
D9223	SD1223	_	station I/O allocation error	Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	I/O assignment is abnormal, the bit of the device number corresponding to the station number of that local station or remote I/O station turns to "1". Example: When local station 5 and remote I/O station 14 detect an error, b4 and b13 in SD1220 become "1", and when SD1220 is monitored, its value is "8208 (2010н) ".	QnA
D9224	SD1224	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local or remote station numbers while they are communicating the initial data with their relevant master station.	
D9225	SD1225	_	Local station	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	Device number         Bit           501264         1513         1513         151         1510         160         168         167         166         155         164         153         121         101         101         168         177         166         155         164         153         121         111         101         168         177         167         167         167         167         167         178	
D9226	SD1226		and remote I/O station initial communications	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
D9227	SD1227	_	underway	Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	currently communicating the initial settings becomes "1" . Example: When stations 23 and 45 are communicating, b6 of SD1225 and b12 of SD1226 become "1", and when SD1225 is monitored, its value is "64 (40H)", and when SD1226 is monitored, its value is "4096 (1000H)"	
D9228	SD1228	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local or remote station numbers which are in error.           Device         Bit	
D9229	SD1229	_	Local station	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	Dottore number         L15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b01           SD1228         LR         L	
D9230	SD1230	_	and remote I/O station error	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48		
D9231	SD1231	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	Example: When local station 3 and remote I/O station 14 have an error, b2 and b13 of SD1228 become "1", and when SD1228 is monitored, its value is "8196 (2004 <sub>H</sub> )".	

## 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9232	SD1232	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 8	Stores the local or remote station number at which a forward or reverse loop error has occurred	
D9233	SD1233	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 9 to 16	number         b15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b00           SD1232         R         F<	
D9234	SD1234	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 24	SD1233         R         F         R         I         R         I         R         I         R         I         I         III         IIII         IIIII         IIIII         IIIII         IIIIII         IIIIII         IIIIII         IIIIIII         IIIIIII         IIIIIII         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
D9235	SD1235	_	Local station and	Stores conditions for up to numbers 25 to 32	SD1255         R         F         R         I <td></td>	
D9236	SD1236	_	remote I/O station loop error	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 40	SD1237         R         F         R         I <td></td>	
D9237	SD1237	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 41 to 48	SD1239     R     F     R     R     R     R     R     R     R     R     R     R     R     R <th< td=""><td></td></th<>	
D9238	SD1238	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 56	station number at which the forward or reverse loop error has occurred, becomes "1". Example: When the forward loop line of station 5 has an	
D9239	SD1239	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 57 to 64	error, b8 of SD1232 become "1", and when SD1232 is monitored, its value is "256 (100н)".	
D9240	SD1240	_	Number of times communications errors detected	Stores cumulative total of receive errors	Stores the number of times the following transmission errors have been detected: CRC, OVER, AB. IF Count is made to a maximum of FFFFH. To return the	QnA
D9241	SD1241	_	value to "0", perform reset operation.         value to "0", perform reset operation.         Stores whether the slave station corresponds to MELSECNET or MELSECNET11.         Bits corresponding to the MELSECNET 11 stations become "1."         for up to numbers 33 to 48         Device number       Bit Device number         Device number       Bit 115/b14/b13/b12/b11/b10/b9/b8/b7/b6/b5/b4/b3/b12/b11/b10/b9/b8/b6/b5/b4/b3/b12/b11/b10/b9/b8/b5/b4/b3/b2/b1/b10/b9/b8/b7/b6/b5/b4/b3/b12/b11/b10/b9/b8/b7/b6/b5/b4/b3/b2/b1/b10/b9/b8/b7/b6/b5/b4/b3/b2/b1/b0/b10/b10/b10/b10/b10/b10/b10/b10/b			
D9242	SD1242	_	Local station link type	Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	<ul> <li>SD1241 L48 L47 L46 L45 L44 L43 L42 L41 L40 L39 L38 L37 L36 L35 L34 L33</li> <li>SD1242 L64 L63 L62 L61 L60 L59 L58 L57 L56 L55 L54 L53 L52 L51 L50 L49</li> <li>If a local station goes down during the operation, the contents before going down are retained.</li> <li>Contents of SD1224 to SD1227 and SD1228 to SD1231 are ORed. If the corresponding bit is "0", the corresponding bit of the special register above becomes valid.</li> <li>If the own (master) station goes down, the contents before going down are also retained.</li> </ul>	
D9243	SD1243	_	Station number information for host station	Stores station number (0 to 64)	Allows a local station to confirm its own station number	
D9244	SD1244	_	Number of link device stations	Stores number of slave stations	Indicates the number of slave stations in one loop.	
D9245	SD1245	_	Number of times communications errors detected	Stores cumulative total of receive errors	Stores the number of times the following transmission errors have been detected: CRC, OVER, AB. IF Count is made to a maximum of FFFFH. To return the value to "0", perform reset operation.	

## Special Register List (Continue)

Special Register List (	(Continue)

ACPU Special Conversion	Special Register after Conversion	Special Register for Modification	Name	Meaning	Details	Corresponding CPU
D9248	SD1248	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local station number which is in STOP or PAUSE mode.	
D9249	SD1249	-	Local station	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	number         b15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b0           SD1248         L16         L15         L14         L13         L12         L1         L0         L9         L8         L7         L6         L5         L4         L3         L2         L1           SD1249         L32         L3         L30         L29         L28         L7         L6         L5         L4         L3         L2         L1           SD1249         L32         L31         L30         L29         L28         L7         L64         L32         L21         L3         L31         L32         L31         L31	
D9250	SD1250	_	operation status	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	tores conditions r up to numbers STOP or PAUSE mode, becomes "1"	
D9251	SD1251	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	b6 and b14 of SD1248 become "1", and when SD1248 is monitored, its value is "16448 (4040+)".	QnA
D9252	SD1252	ļ		Stores conditions for up to numbers 1 to 16	Stores the local station number other than the host, which is in error.	
D9253	SD1253	_	Local station	Stores conditions for up to numbers 17 to 32	number         b15         b14         b13         b12         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b11         b10         b9         b8         b7         b6         b5         b4         b3         b2         b1         b0           SD1252         L16         L15         L14         L13         L12         L11         L10         L9         L8         L7         L6         L5         L4         L3         L2         L1           SD1253         L32         L31         L30         L29         L28         L27         L26         L25         L24         L32         L21         L20         L19         L18         L17           SD1254         L48         L47         L46         L45         L44         L42         L41         L40         L39         L38         L37         L36         L35         L34         L33	
D9254	SD1254	_	conditions	Stores conditions for up to numbers 33 to 48	SD1255 L64L63L62L61L60L59L58L57L56L55L54L53L52L51L50L49 The bit corresponding to the station number which is in error, becomes "1".	
D9255	SD1255	_		Stores conditions for up to numbers 49 to 64	Example: When local station 12 is in error, b11 of SD1252 becomes "1", and when SD1252 is monitored, its value is "2048 (800H) ".	

#### (11) Fuse blown module

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD1300           SD1301           SD1302           SD1303           SD1304           SD1305           SD1306           SD1307           SD1308           SD1309           to	Fuse blown module	Bit pattern in units of 16 points, indicating the modules whose fuses have blown 0: No blown fuse 1: Blown fuse present	• The numbers of output modules whose fuses have blown are input as a bit pattern (in units of 16 points). (If the module numbers are set by parameter, the parameter-set numbers are stored.) • Also detects blown fuse condition at remote station output modules	S (Error)	D9100 D9101 D9102 D9103 D9104 D9105 D9106 D9107 New New to New	⊖+Rem
SD1330 SD1331	-		<ul> <li>Indicates a blown fuse</li> <li>Not cleared even if the blown fuse is replaced with a new one. This flag is cleared by error resetting operation</li> </ul>		New	
SD1350 to SD1381	External power supply disconnected module (For future expansion)	Bit pattern in units of 16 points, indicating the modules whose external power supply has been disconnected 0: External power supply disconnected 1: External power supply is not disconnected	The module number (in units of 16 points) whose external power supply has been disconnected is input as a bit pattern.         (If the module numbers are set by parameter, the parameter-set numbers are used.)         b15b14b13b12b11b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0         SD1350         0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0         SD1351       1       0       0       1       0	S (Error)	New	QCPU Remote

#### Special Register List (Continue)

Number Nai	ne Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD1400           SD1401           SD1402           SD1403           SD1404           SD1405           JVO mod           SD1406           Verifical           SD1408           SD1409           to           SD1430	verification errors	<ul> <li>When the I/O modules whose I/O module information differs from that registered at power on are detected, the numbers of those I/O modules are entered in bit pattern. (If the I/O numbers are set by parameter, the parameter-set numbers are stored.)</li> <li>Also detects I/O module information b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 D9116 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</li></ul>	S (Error)	D9116 D9117 D9118 D9120 D9120 D9122 D9122 D9123 New New to New	⊖+Rem

(12) I/O module verification

#### (13) For redundant systems (Host system CPU information \*1) for Q4AR only

SD1510 to SD1599 are only valid for redundant systems. They are all set to 0 for standalone systems.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU D9	Corresponding CPU
SD1500 SD1501	Basic period	Basic period tome	Set the basic period (1 second units) use for the process control instruction using floating point data.     Floating points data = SD1501 SD1500	U	New	
SD1502		Process control instruction detail error code	<ul> <li>Shows the detailed error contents for the error that occurred in the process control instruction</li> </ul>	S (Error occurrence)	New	
SD1503	instruction	Process control instruction generated error location	<ul> <li>Shows the error process block that occurred in the process control instruction.</li> </ul>	S (Error occurrence)	New	Q4AR
	during CPU	Hot start switch power out time	<ul> <li>Shows the power out time (S) during the automatic switch from hot start to initial start in the operation mode when the CPU module is started up.</li> </ul>	S (Initial)	New	
SD1590		Request origin network No.	<ul> <li>Stores the request origin at work No. when the SM1590 is turned on.</li> </ul>	S (Error occurrence)	New	

\* 1 Stores the host system CPU information.

(14) For redundant systems (Other system CPU information \*1) for Q4AR only SD1600 to SD1659 is only valid during the back up mode for redundant systems, and refresh cannot be done when in the separate mode. When a standalone system SD1600 to SD1699 are all 0.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU SD X 2	Corresponding CPU
SD1600	Diagnosis error	Diagnosis error No.	<ul> <li>Stores as BIN code the error No. of the error that occurred during the other system CPU module diagnosis.</li> <li>Stores the latest error currently occurring.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SD1601 SD1602 SD1603	Diagnosis error occurrence time	Diagnosis error occurrence time	<ul> <li>SD1600 stores the updated date and time.</li> <li>Stores each of the BCD two digits.</li> <li>Refer to SD1 to SD3 for the storage status.</li> <li>(SD1→SD1601, SD2→SD1602, SD3→SD1603)</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SD1604	Error information classification	Error information classification	<ul> <li>Stores the error comment information/individual information classification code.</li> <li>Refer to SD4 for the storage status.</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SD1605 SD1606 SD1607 SD1608 SD1609 SD1610 SD1611 SD1612 SD1613 SD1614 SD1615	Error common information	Error common information	<ul> <li>Stores the common information for the error code.</li> <li>Refer to SD5 to SD15 for the storage status.</li> <li>(SD5→SD1605, SD6→SD1606, SD7→SD1607, SD8→SD1608, SD9→SD1609, SD10→SD1610, SD11→SD1611, SD12→SD1612, SD13→SD1613, SD14→SD1614, SD15→SD1615)</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	Q4AR
SD1616 SD1617 SD1618 SD1619 SD1620 SD1621 SD1622 SD1623 SD1624 SD1625 SD1626	Error individual information	Error individual information	• Stores the individual information for the error code Refer to SD16 to SD26 for the storage status. (SD16→SD1616, SD17→SD1617, SD18→SD1618, SD19→SD1619, SD20→SD1620, SD21→SD1621, SD22→SD1622, SD23→SD1623, SD24→SD1624, SD25→SD1625, SD26→SD1626)	S (Each END)	New	
SD1650	Switch status	CPU module switch status	<ul> <li>Stores the CPU module switch status.</li> <li>Refer to SD200 for the storage status. (SD1650→SD200)</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SD1651	LED status	CPU module - LED status	<ul> <li>Stores the CPU module's LED status.</li> <li>Shows 0 when turned off, 1 when turned on, and 2 when flicking.</li> <li>Refer to SD201 for the storage status. (SD1651→SD201)</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	
SD1653	CPU module operation status	CPU module operation status	<ul> <li>Stores the CPU module operation status. Refer to SD203 for the storage status. (SD1653 → SD203)</li> </ul>	S (Each END)	New	

#### Special Register List

\*1 Stores other system CPU module self-diagnosis information and system information.

\* 2 Shows the special register (SD\_\_\_) for the host system CPU module.

#### (15) For redundant systems (Trucking) for Q4AR only SD1700 to SD1799 is valid only for redundant systems. These are all 0 for standalone systems.

Number	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by (When set)	Corresponding ACPU SD X 2	Corresponding CPU
SD1700	0	Trucking error detection count	Make it the trucking error detection +1.	Error occurrence	New	Q4AR

\* 2 Shows the special register (SD\_\_\_\_) for the host system CPU.

## **APPENDICES**

### APPENDIX 1 Error Code Return to Origin During General Data Processing

The CPU module returns an error code to the general data processing request origin when an error occurs and there is a general data processing request form the peripheral equipment, intelligent function module, or network system. If an error occurs when a general data processing is requested from the peripheral devices, intelligent function module, and network system.

#### POINT

This error code is not an error that is detected by the CPU module self-diagnosis function, so it is not stored in the special relay (SD0). When the request origin is a GX Developer, a message or an error code is displayed.

When the request origin is an intelligent function module or network system, an error is returned to the process that was requested.

#### APPENDIX 1.1 Error code overall explanation

These error codes differs depending on the error No. of the location the error was detected. The following table shows the relationship between the error detection location and the error code.

Error detection location	Error Code (hexadecimal)	Error description reference destination
CPU module	4000н to 4FFFн	Refer to Appendix 1.2.
Intelligent function module	7000н to 7FFFн	User's manuals of intelligent function module
Network system	F000н to FFFFн	Q Corresponding MELSECNET/H Network System Reference Manual

## APPENDIX 1.2 Description of the errors of the error codes (4000H to 4FFFH)

The error contents of the error codes (4000H to 4FFFH) detected by the CPU module and the messages displayed by the GX Developer are shown below.

Error code (hexadecimal)	Error item	Error description	Countermeasure		
4000н		Sum check error	Check the connection status of the connection cable with the CPU module		
<b>4001</b> н		Remote request that is not handled was executed.	Check the requested remote operation.		
4002н 4003н	CPU	Command for which a global request cannot be performed was executed.	Check the requested command.		
4004н	related error	CPU module cannot execute the request contents because it is in system protect	Turn off the CPU module system protect switch.		
4005н		The volume of data handled according to the specified request is too large.	Reduce the volume of data to that which can be processed at the specified request.		
4006н		The password cannot be deleted.	Delete the set password.		
4008н		The CPU module is BUSY. (The buffer is not vacant).	After the free time has passed, reexecute the request.		
<b>4010</b> н		The CPU module is running to the request contents cannot be executed.	Execute after setting the CPU module to STOP status.		
<b>4011</b> н	CPU mode error The CPU module is not in the STEP-RUN status so the request contents cannot be executed.		Execute after setting the CPU module to STEP-RUN status.		
4013н		Since the CPU module is not in a STOP status, the request contents cannot be executed.	Execute after setting the CPU module to STOP status.		
<b>4021</b> н		The specified drive memory does not exist or there is an error.	Check the specified drive memory status.		
4022н		The file with the specified file name or file No. does not exist.	Check the specified file name and file No.		
<b>4023</b> н		The file name and file No. of the specified file do not match.	Delete the file and then recreate the file.		
4024н	-	The specified file cannot be handled by a user.	Do not access the specified file.		
<b>4025</b> н		The specified file is processing the request from a different location.	Forcefully execute the request forcibly. Or reexecute the request after the processing from the other location has ended.		
4026н	CPU file related error	The keyword specification set in the corresponding drive memory is required.	Access by specifying the keyword set in the corresponding drive memory.		
<b>4027</b> н		The specified range exceeds the file range.	Check the specified range and access within that range.		
<b>4028</b> н		The same file already exists.	Forcefully execute the request forcibly. Or reexecute after changing the file name.		
4029н		The specified file capacity cannot be obtained.	Revise the specified file contents. Or reexecute after cleaning up and reorganizing the specified drive memory.		
402Вн	]	The request contents cannot be executed in the specified drive memory.	Do not execute a request for a specified drive memory ir which an error has occurred.		
402Cн		Currently the request contents cannot be executed.	Reexecute after the free wait time has passed.		

Арр

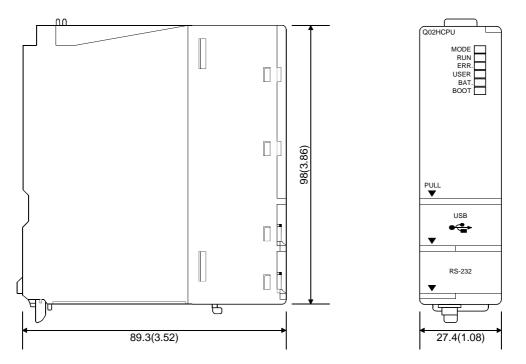
Error code (hexadecimal)	Error item	Error description	Countermeasure
<b>4030</b> н		The specified device name cannot be handled.	Check the specified device name.
4031н		The specified device No. is outside the range.	Check the specified device No.
4032н	CPU device specified error	There is a mistake in the specified device qualification.	Check the specified device qualification method.
4033н		Writing cannot be done because the specified device is for system use.	Do not write the data in the specified device, and do no turn on or off.
4040н		The request contents cannot be executed in the specified intelligent function module.	Do not conduct a request for a specified intelligent function module in which an error has occurred.
4041H		The access range exceeds the buffer memory range of the specified intelligent function module.	Check the header address and access number of poin and access using a range that exists in the intelligent function module.
4042н	Intelligent function	The specified intelligent function module cannot be accessed.	Check that the specified intelligent function module is operating normally.
4043н	module specification	The intelligent function module does not exist in the specified position.	Check the header I/O No. of the specified intelligent function module.
4044н	error	A control bus error has occurred.	Check that there is no error in the intelligent function module or in the hardware of another module.
4045н		The head No. of the device to be accessed is not an even number.	Reexamine the head No. of the device to be accessed
4046н		The device header or number of points in the simulation is not in 16point unit.	Check the device header No. or number of points and correct them to 16 point units.
<b>4050</b> н		The request contents cannot be executed because the memory card write protect switch is on.	Turn off the memory card write protect switch.
<b>4051</b> н		The specified device memory cannot be accessed.	Check the following and make it countermeasures. • Is the memory one that can be used? • Is the specified drive memory correctly installed?
4052н	Protect error	The specified file attribute is read only so the data cannot be written.	Do not write data in the specified file. Or change the file attribute.
4053н		An error occurred when writing data to the specified drive memory.	Check the specified drive memory. Or reexecute write after changing the corresponding drive memory.
4054н		An error occurred when deleting the data in the specified drive memory.	Check the specified drive memory. Or re-erase after replacing the corresponding drive memory.
<b>4060</b> н		The monitor condition registration CPU module system area is already being used by another piece of equipment.	Reexecute monitor after the monitor by the other equipment has completed. Or increase the system are of the program memory using the format with option.
<b>4061</b> н		Registration failed.	Execute registration again.
4062н		The monitor detail condition is already being used and monitored by another piece of equipment.	Do not conduct monitor detail condi-tions from the specified equipment. Or reexecute monitoring after deleting the monitor deta conditions of the other equipment.
4063н		The number of simultaneous file accesses (file locks) from multiple places exceeded 10.	Reduce the number of simultaneous file accesses (file locks) from multiple places to 10 or less.
4064н	Online	There is a problem with the specified contents.	Check the specified contents.
4065н	registration error	The device allocation information differs from the parameter.	Check the parameter. Or check the data.
4066н 4007		A keyword that differs from the keyword set in the specified driver memory has been specified.	Check the specified keyword.
<b>4067</b> н		The specified monitor file cannot be obtained.	Conduct monitor after obtaining the monitor file.
<b>4068</b> н		Registration/deletion cannot be conducted because the specified command is being executed.	Reexecute the command after the request from the other equipment has been completed.
<b>4069</b> н		The conditions have already been reached by the device match.	Check the monitor conditions. Or reconduct monitor registration and execute monitor
406AH		A drive other than Nos. 1 to 3 has been specified.	Check the specified drive and specify the correct drive

Error code (hexadecimal)	Error item	Error description	Countermeasure
4070н	Circuit inquiry	Program before correction and the registration program differ.	Check the registration program and make the programs match.
4080н		Data error	Check the requested data contents.
4081н		The sort subject cannot be detected.	Check the data to be searched.
<b>4082</b> H	Other errors	The specified command is executing and therefore cannot be executed.	Reexecute the command after the request from the other equipment is completed.
4083н		Trying to execute a program that is not registered in the parameter.	Register the program to be executed in the parameter.
<b>4084</b> н		The specified pointer P, I cannot be detected.	Check the data to be searched.
4085н		Pointer P, I cannot be specified because the program is not specified in the parameter.	Specify pointer P, I after registering the program to be executed in the parameter.
4086н		Pointer P, I has already been added.	Check the pointer No. to be added and make correction
<b>4087</b> н		Trying to specify too many pointers.	Check the specified pointer and make a correction.
<b>4088</b> н		The specified step No. was not in the instruction header.	Check the specified step No. and make a correction.
<b>4089</b> н	Other errors	An END instruction was inserted/deleted while the CPU module was running.	Conduct Insert/removal after the CPU module has stopped.
<b>408А</b> н		The file capacity was exceeded by the write during Run.	Write the program after the CPU module has stopped.
408Bн		The remote request cannot be executed.	Reexecute after the CPU module is in a status where the mode request can be executed.
408Dн		The instruction code that cannot be handled exists.	Check whether the model of the used CPU module is correct or not.
408Eн		The write step is illegal.	Write the program after setting the CPU module to STOP.
<b>40А0</b> н		A block No. outside the range was specified.	Check the setting contents and make a correction.
<b>40A1</b> н	SFC device specification	A number of blocks that exceeds the range was specified.	Check the number of settings and make a correction.
40А2н	error	A step No. that is outside the range was specified.	Check the setting contents and make a correction.
<b>40В0</b> н		The wrong drive was specified.	Check the setting contents and make a correction.
<b>40В1</b> н		The specified program does not exist.	Check the specified file name and make a correction.
40B2н	error	The specified program was not an SFC program.	Check the specified file name and make a correction.

Error code (hexadecimal)	Error item	Error description	Countermeasure
<b>4150</b> н		An attempt was made to format the drive	Since the target drive cannot be formatted, do not formative
<b>4151</b> н		An attempt was made to delete the file protected by the system.	It. Since the target file cannot be deleted, do not delete it.
<b>4165</b> н	-	The multiple-block online change system file does not exist.	Secure the area for the multiple-block online change system file during formatting.
41D0н		The route directory has no free space.	Increase the free space of the specified drive. Optimize the specified drive to increase continuous free areas.
41D1н		The file pointer is insufficient.	Specify the correct file pointer.
41D5н		The file of the same name exists.	Change the file name.
41DFн		The disk is write-protected.	Cancel the write protection of the disk and execute again.
41E0н		The drive does not respond.	Check for the specified drive. If it exists, check its status
41E1н		The address or sector is not found.	Check if the target is a ROM drive or not.
41E4H	-	The file cannot be accessed properly.	Execute again after resetting the CPU module.
41E8H			
41E9H	File-related errors	The drive format data is illegal. At the time of file access, time-out occurred	Format the target drive. Execute again after some time.
<b>41EB</b> н		during waiting for access.	Obereda the law with a fither method area of
	-	The path name is too long.	Check the length of the path name.
41ECн		The disk is logically broken.	Change the specified drive.
41EDH		An attempt to make a file continuous failed. (There are enough free file areas, which cannot be taken continuously.)	Optimize the specified drive to increase continuous free areas.
41F2н		The specified drive is ROM.	Check the specified drive. (Format it for RAM.)
41FAн		Program write was performed beyond the sequence execution region.	Reduce the size of either the program already written or the program to be written newly so that program write does not go beyond the sequence execution region.
41FBн	-	The same starting source has already opened the specified file.	Check if it is being processed by another application.
41FCн		An attempt was made to erase the mounted drive.	Execute again after dismounting the drive.
41FDH		The Flash ROM is not formatted.	Erase the specified drive.
<b>41FE</b> н		The memory card is not inserted.	Insert or reinsert the memory card.
41FF⊦		The memory card type differs.	Check the memory card type.
4A00н	Link related error	<ol> <li>Access cannot be made to the specified station since the routing parameter has not been set to the start source CPU or relay CPU.</li> <li>When routing via the multiple CPU system is to be executed, the control CPU of the network module that will relay the data has not started.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Set to the related station the routing parameter for making access to the specified station.</li> <li>Retry after a while, or start communication after confirming that the system that will relay the data has started.</li> </ol>
<b>4</b> А01н		The network with the No. set in the routing parameter does not exist.	Check the routing parameter set in the related station and make a correction.
4А02н		Cannot access the specified station.	Check if an error has occurred in the network module and if the module is offline.
<b>4</b> В00н	Object related error	An error occurred in the access destination or in a relay station.	Check if an error has occurred in the specified access destination or in a relay station to the access station and if so take countermeasures.

**APPENDIX 2 External Dimensions** 

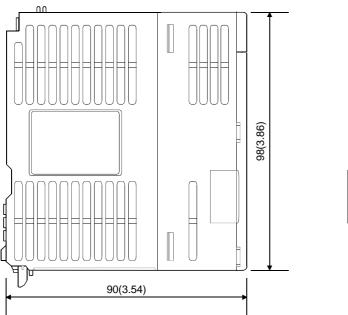
### APPENDIX 2.1 CPU module

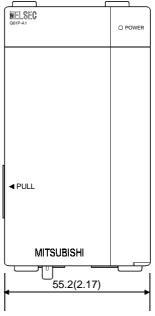


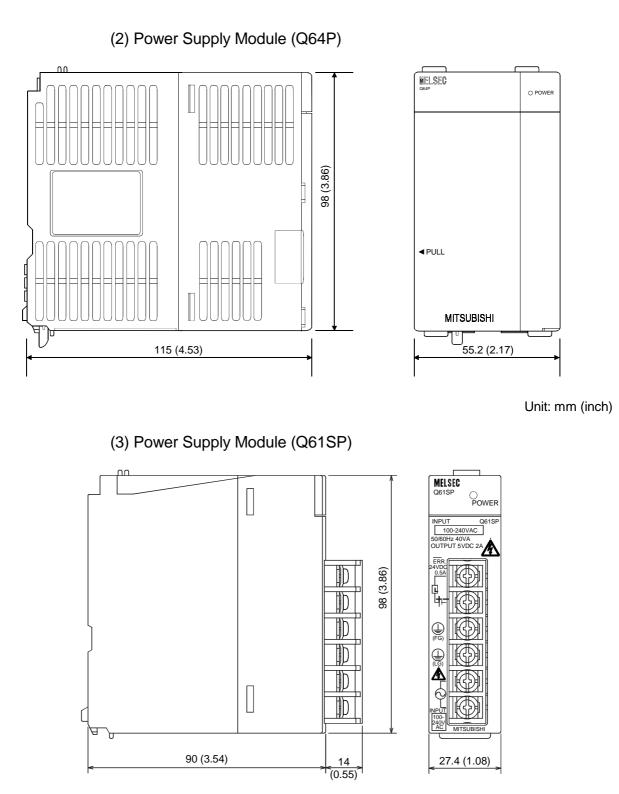
Unit: mm (inch)

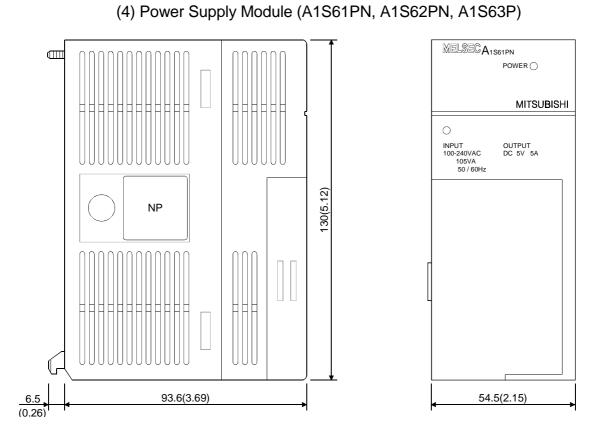
## APPENDIX 2.2 Power supply module



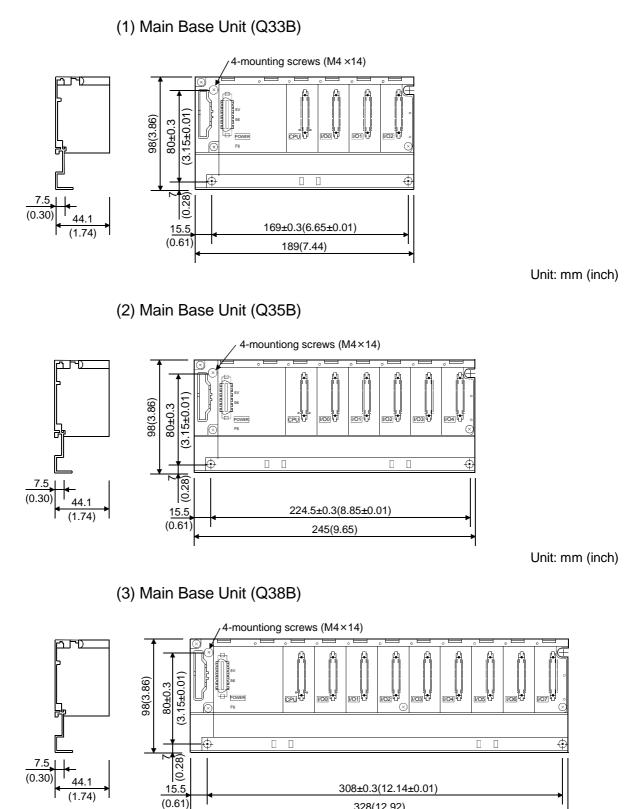






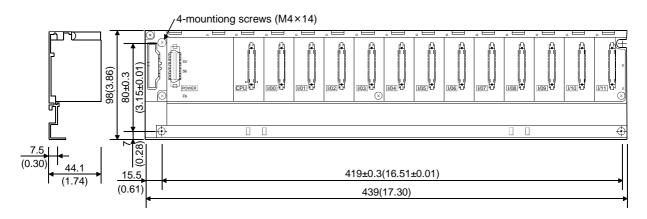


## APPENDIX 2.3 Main base unit



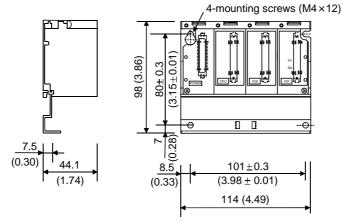
328(12.92)

## (4) Main Base Unit (Q312B)



APPENDIX 2.4 Slim type main base unit

(1) Main Base Unit (Q32SB)



4-mounting screws (M4×12)

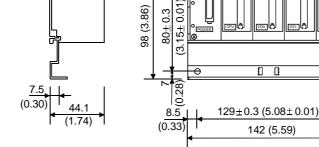
4-mounting screws (M4×12)

0 0

 $184.5 \pm 0.3$ 

(7.26 ± 0.01) 197.5 (7.78) 0

(2) Main Base Unit (Q33SB)



(3) Main Base Unit (Q35SB)

98 (3.86)

7.5 (0.30)

44.1

(1.74)

 $80\pm0.3$ (3.15±0.01

(0.28)

8.5

(0.33)

0

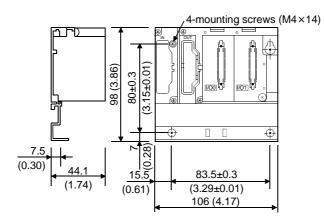
Unit: mm (inch)





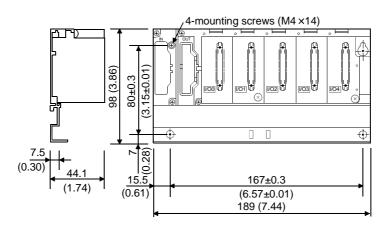
## APPENDIX 2.5 Extension base unit

(1) Extension Base Unit (Q52B)

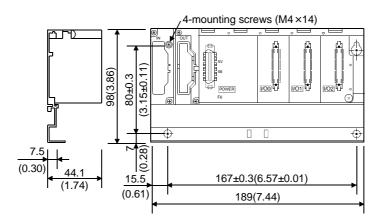


(2) Extension Base Unit (Q55B)

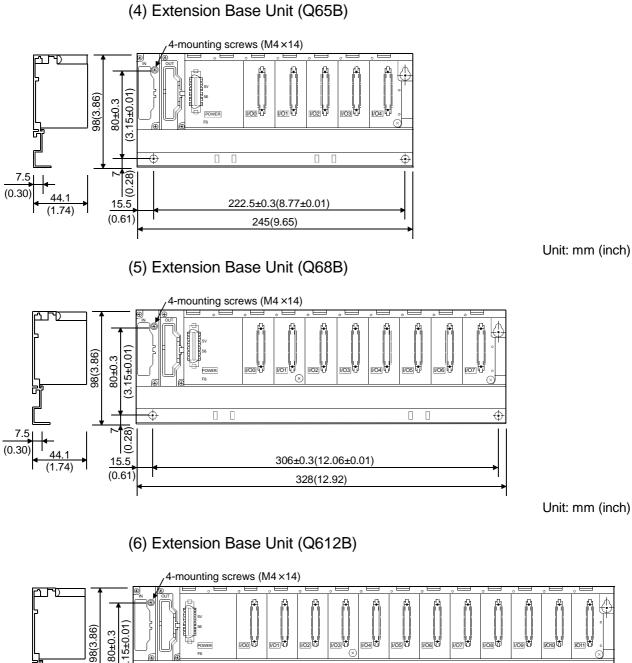
(3) Extension Base Unit (Q63B)

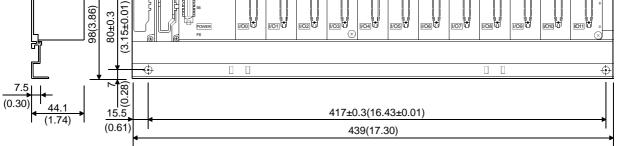


Unit: mm (inch)

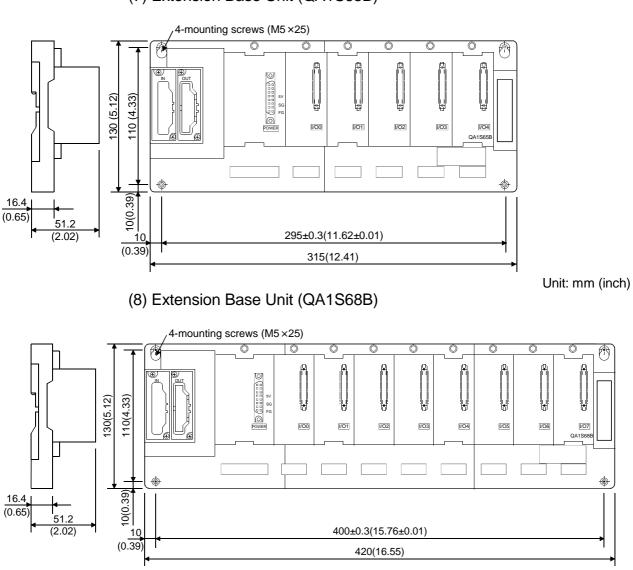


Unit: mm (inch)





Unit: mm (inch)



## (7) Extension Base Unit (QA1S65B)

Unit: mm (inch)

## APPENDIX 3 Upgraded Functions of High Performance Model QCPU

The High Performance model QCPU is upgraded to add functions and change the specifications.

The functions and specifications that can be used by the High Performance model QCPU change depending on the function version/serial number.

#### APPENDIX 3.1 Specification comparison

Serial No. of CPU Module		Function	Version A	ion A Function Version B		
Specifications	02091 or earlier	02092 or later		03051 or later	04012 or later	
Q02CPU				64kbyte		
	Q02HCPU		64kbyte			
Standard RAM capacity Q06HCPU		64kbyte 128				128kbyte
	Q12HCPU	64kbyte	256kbyte			
	Q25HCPU	64kbyte	256kbyte			
CPU shared memory		×	×	0	0	0
Extended life battery SRAM card		×	×	×	×	0
Compatibility with 2Mbyte SF	0	0	0	0	0	

 $O: \textbf{Available,} \times: \textbf{N/A}$ 

### APPENDIX 3.2 Function comparison

Serial No. of CPU Module	Function	Version A		Fun	ction Versio	on B	
Added Function	02091 or earlier	02092 or later		03051 or later	04012 or later	04122 or later	05032 or later
Automatic write to standard ROM	$\times$	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enforced ON/OFF for external I/O	×	0	0	0	0	0	0
Remote password setting	×	0	0	0	0	0	0
Compatibility with MELSECNET/H remote	×	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interrupt module (QI60) compatibility	×	0	0	0	0	0	0
Compatibility with the multiple CPU system	×	×	0	0	0	0	0
Installation of PC CPU module into the multiple CPU system	×	×	×	0	0	0	0
High speed interrupt	×	×	×	×	0	0	0
Compatibility with index modification for module designation of dedicated instruction	×	×	×	×	0	0	0
Selection of refresh item for COM instruction	$\times$	×	×	×	0	0	0
SFC program online batch change	×	×	$\times$	×	$\times$	0	0
File memory capacity change	×	×	$\times$	×	×	0	0
CC-Link remote network additional mode	$\times$	×	$\times$	×	×	0	0
Incomplete derivative PID operation function	×	×	$\times$	×	×	×	0
Floating-point comparison instruction speedup	×	$\times$	×	×	×	×	0

O: Available,  $\times$ : N/A

For function details, refer to the High Performance model QCPU (Q mode) User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals).

## APPENDIX 3.3 Added functions and the corresponding GX Developer versions

	SW4D5C-GPPW-E		(	GX Develope	r			
Added Function	SW5D5C-GPPW-E	Version 6	Version 7	Version 7.10L	Version 8	Version 8.03D		
Automatic write to standard ROM	×	0	0	0	0	0		
External I/O can be turned ON/OFF	×	0	0	0	0	0		
forcibly			-		-			
Remote password setting	×	0	0	0	0	0		
Compatibility with MELSECNET/H remote I/O network	×	0	0	0	0	0		
Interrupt module (QI60) compatibility	×	0	0	0	0	0		
Compatibility with the multiple CPU system	×	0	0	0	0	0		
Installation of PC CPU module into the multiple CPU system	×	×	0	0	0	0		
High speed interrupt	×	×	×	0	0	0		
Compatibility with index modification for module designation of dedicated instruction	–	_	_		_			
Selection of refresh item for COM instruction	_	_	_	_	_	-		
SFC program online batch change	×	×	×	×	0	0		
File memory capacity change	×	×	×	×	0	0		
CC-Link remote network additional mode	×	×	×	×	×	0		
Incomplete derivative PID operation function	×	×	×	×	×	0		
Floating-point comparison instruction speedup	_		_		_	_		

 $\bigcirc$  : Available,  $\times$  : N/A, — : Function not related to GX Developer

### **APPENDIX 4 Transportation Precautions**

When transporting lithium batteries, make sure to treat them based on the transport regulations

#### **APPENDIX 4.1 Controlled models**

The batteries for the High Performance model QCPU (including memory cards) are classified as follows:

Product name	Model	Product supply status	Classification for transportation
Q series battery	Q7BAT	Lithium battery	
Q series battery Q7BAT-SE		Lithium battery with holder	Dangerous goods
Q series battery	Q6BAT	Lithium battery	
Q series memory card battery	Q2MEM-BAT	Lithium coin battery	Non dongoroup goodo
Q series memory card	Q2MEM-1MBS Q2MEM-2MBS	Packed with lithium coin battery (Q2MEM-BAT)	Non-dangerous goods

#### **APPENDIX 4.2 Transport guidelines**

Comply with IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, IMDG code and the local transport regulations when transporting products after unpacking or repacking, while Mitsubishi ships products with packages to comply with the transport regulations. Also, contact the transporters.

## INDEX

# Ind

[A]
Allowable momentary power failure period 4-3
AnS SeriesA-12

## [B]

Base unit
Extension2- 3, 6- 5, 6- 6
External dimensions diagram App- 9 to App-13
Installation and removal
of the module9-14 to 9-17
Installation dimensions
Installation direction
Installation position9-12
Names of parts 6-3
Specifications6-1
Battery
Installation7-6
Replacement procedure
(CPU module) 10- 6
Replacement procedure
(SRAM card) 10-7
Replacement standard 10- 5
Boot operation 4- 7,11-13

## [C]

Circuit	
Fail-safe	9- 5
System design	9- 3,9- 4
Clock function	4- 3
Constant scan	4- 1
Control method	4- 1
CPU	
Installation and removal	
Performance	4- 1

## [D]

DIN rail	
~ installation adapter	9-11
Applicable	9-11
Intervals of ~ installation screws	9-11

## [E]

Extension	
Base unit	6- 2

# [L]

Latch range	4- 3
LED	
"BAT." ~ is turned on	11- 8
"BOOT." ~ is flickering	11- 9
"ERR." ~ is turned on/flickering	11- 7
"MODE" ~ is not turned on	11- 3
"MODE" ~ is flickering	11- 4
"POWER" ~ is turned off	11- 5
"RUN" ~ is turned off/flickering	11-6
"USER" ~ is turned on	11- 8
Names	4- 4
Limit	2- 6
Link direct device	4- 3

## [M]

Maximum number of extension stages	2- 4
Memory	
Capacity	4- 1
Card	7- 1

### [N]

Number of device I/O points	4-	1
Number of occupied I/O points	4-	1

## [P]

3
Performance 4-1
Power supply module
External dimensions diagramApp- 7
Example of wiring9-25
Installation9-14
Names of parts and settings 5-8
Specifications 5-1
Wiring
Processing speed 4-1
Programming language 4-1

## [Q]

QA1S65B, QA1S68B
External dimensionsApp- 9
Names of parts 6- 6
Specifications 6-2
QC05B, QC06B, QC12B, QC30B, QC50B,
QC100B 6- 3
Q32SB, Q33SB, Q35SB
External dimensionsApp-11
Names of parts 6- 5
Specifications 6-1
Q33B, Q35B, Q38B, Q312B
External dimensionsApp-9
Names of parts 6- 4
Specifications 6-1
Q SeriesA-19

## [R]

Remote RUN/PAUSE contact 4-3	3
------------------------------	---

## [S]

Specifications	
Base unit	6- 1
Battery	
CPU	4- 1
Extension cable	6- 2
General	3- 1
Memory card	7- 1
Power supply module	5- 1
System configuration	
Configured equipment	2- 1
Outline	
Peripheral device	2- 3

# [T]

Tightening torque of screw9-9	
Total number of instructions4-1	

## [W]

Weight	
Base unit	6- 1
Battery	7- 2
CPU	4- 3
Extension cable	6- 3
Memory card	7- 1
Power supply module	5- 2
Wiring	
Extension cable	2- 3
Heat generation	9- 6
I/O module	9-24
Power supply module	9-22,9-25
Wiring of the I/O module	9-24

## WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before starting use.

#### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the dealer or Mitsubishi Service Company. Note that if repairs are required at a site overseas, on a detached island or remote place, expenses to dispatch an engineer shall be charged for.

#### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

#### [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage status, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
  - 1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
  - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
  - 3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
  - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7. Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or the user.

#### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not possible after production is discontinued.

#### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

#### 4. Exclusion of chance loss and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, chance losses, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, damages and secondary damages caused from special reasons regardless of Mitsubishi's expectations, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products and other duties.

#### 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

#### 6. Product application

- (1) In using the Mitsubishi MELSEC programmable logic controller, the usage conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault should occur in the programmable logic controller device, and that backup and fail-safe functions are systematically provided outside of the device for any problem or fault.
- (2) The Mitsubishi general-purpose programmable logic controller has been designed and manufactured for applications in general industries, etc. Thus, applications in which the public could be affected such as in nuclear power plants and other power plants operated by respective power companies, and applications in which a special quality assurance system is required, such as for Railway companies or National Defense purposes shall be excluded from the programmable logic controller applications.

Note that even with these applications, if the user approves that the application is to be limited and a special quality is not required, application shall be possible.

When considering use in aircraft, medical applications, railways, incineration and fuel devices, manned transport devices, equipment for recreation and amusement, and safety devices, in which human life or assets could be greatly affected and for which a particularly high reliability is required in terms of safety and control system, please consult with Mitsubishi and discuss the required specifications.



**EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES** 

HEADQUARTERS	
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. German Branch Gothaer Straße 8 <b>D-40880 Ratingen</b> Phone: +49 (0) 2102 / 486-0 Fax: +49 (0) 2102 / 486-1120	EUROPE
e mail: megfamail@meg.mee	.com
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. French Branch 25, Boulevard des Bouvets <b>F-92741 Nanterre Cedex</b> Phone: +33 1 55 68 55 68 Fax: +33 1 55 68 56 85 e mail: factory.automation@fra.m	FRANCE ee.com
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Irish Branch Westgate Business Park, Bally	IRELAND
<b>IRL-Dublin 24</b> Phone: +353 (0) 1 / 419 88 00 Fax: +353 (0) 1 / 419 88 90 e mail: sales.info@meir.mee.c	om
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Italian Branch Via Paracelso 12 I-20041 Agrate Brianza (MI) Phone: +39 039 6053 1 Fax: +39 039 6053 312 e mail: factory.automation@it.me	
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Spanish Branch Carretera de Rubí 76-80 <b>E-08190 Sant Cugat del Val</b> Phone: +34 9 3 / 565 3131 Fax: +34 9 3 / 589 2948 e mail: industrial@sp.mee.cor	SPAIN <b>lés</b>
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. UK Branch Travellers Lane <b>GB-Hatfield Herts. AL10 8 X</b> Phone: +44 (0) 1707 / 27 61 0 Fax: +44 (0) 1707 / 27 86 95 e mail: automation@meuk.m	UK ( <b>B</b> 0
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION Office Tower "Z" 14 F 8-12,1 chome, Harumi Chuo-I <b>Tokyo 104-6212</b> Phone: +81 3 6221 6060 Fax: +81 3 6221 6075	JAPAN Ku
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION 500 Corporate Woods Parkwa Vernon Hills, IL 60061 Phone: +1 847 / 478 21 00 Fax: +1 847 / 478 22 83	USA ay

MIDDLE EAST REPRESENTATIVE

**TEXEL Electronics Ltd.** ISRAFI Box 6272 **IL-42160 Netanya** Phone: +972 (0) 9 / 863 08 91 Fax: +972 (0) 9 / 885 24 30 e mail: texel\_me@netvision.net.il

**EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES** GEVA AUSTRIA Wiener Straße 89 AT-2500 Baden Phone: +43 (0) 2252 / 85 55 20 Fax: +43 (0) 2252 / 488 60 e mail: office@geva.at TEHNIKON BELARUS Oktjabrskaya 16/5, Ap 704 **BY-220030 Minsk** Phone: +375 (0)17 / 22 75 704 Fax: +375 (0)17 / 22 76 669 e mail: tehnikon@belsonet.net Getronics b.v. BELGIUM Control Systems Pontbeeklaan 43 B-1731 Asse-Zellik Phone: +32 (0) 2 / 467 17 51 Fax: +32 (0) 2 / 467 17 45 e mail: infoautomation@getronics.com TELECON CO. BULGARIA 4, A. Ljapchev Blvd. **BG-1756 Sofia** Phone: +359 (0) 2 / 97 44 05 8 Fax: +359 (0) 2 / 97 44 06 1 e mail: INEA CR d.o.o. CROATIA Drvinje 63 **HR-10000 Zagreb** Phone: +385 (0) 1 / 36 67 140 Fax: +385 (0) 1 / 36 67 140 e mail: -AutoCont Control Systems s.r.o. Nemocnicni 12 CZECH REPUBLIC CZ-702 00 Ostrava 2 Phone: +420 59 / 6152 111 Fax: +420 59 / 6152 562 e mail: consys@autocont.cz DENMARK louis poulsen industri & automation Geminivei 32 DK-2670 Greve Phone: +45 (0) 70 / 10 15 35 Fax: +45 (0) 43 / 95 95 91 e mail: lpia@lpmail.com ESTONIA UTU Flektrotehnika AS Pärnu mnt.160i EE-11317 Tallinn Phone: +372 (0) 6 / 51 72 80 Fax: +372 (0) 6 / 51 72 88 e mail: utu@utu.ee FINLAND **Beijer Electronics OY** Ansatie 6a **FIN-01740 Vantaa** Phone: +358 (0) 9 / 886 77 500 Fax: +358 (0) 9 / 886 77 555 e mail: info@beijer.fi UTECO A.B.F.F. GRFFCF 5, Mavrogenous Str. GR-18542 Piraeus Phone: +302 (0) 10 / 42 10 050 Fax: +302 (0) 10 / 42 12 033 e mail: sales@uteco.gr Meltrade Automatika Kft. HUNGARY 55, Harmat St. HU-1105 Budapest Phone: +36 (0)1 / 2605 602 Fax: +36 (0)1 / 2605 602 e mail: office@meltrade.hu SIA POWEL LATVIA Lienes iela 28 **LV-1009 Riga** Phone: +371 784 / 22 80

#### **EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES**

UAB UTU POWEL LITHUANIA Savanoriu pr. 187 LT-2053 Vilnius Phone: +370 (0) 52323-101 Fax: +370 (0) 52322-980 e mail: powel@utu.lt INTEHSIS SRL MOLDOVA Cuza-Voda 36/1-81 **MD-2061 Chisinau** Phone: +373 (0)2 / 562 263 Fax: +373 (0)2 / 562 263 e mail: intensis@mdl.net Getronics b.v. NETHERLANDS Control Systems Donauweg 2 B NL-1043 AJ Amsterdam Phone: +31 (0) 20 / 587 67 00 Fax: +31 (0) 20 / 587 68 39 e mail: info.gia@getronics.com **Beijer Electronics AS** NORWAY Teglverksveien 1 N-3002 Drammen Phone: +47 (0) 32 / 24 30 00 Fax: +47 (0) 32 / 84 85 77 e mail: info@beijer.no MPL Technology Sp. z o.o. POLAND ul. Sliczna 36 PL-31-444 Kraków Phone: +48 (0) 12 / 632 28 85 Fax: +48 (0) 12 / 632 47 82 e mail: krakow@mpl.pl Sirius Trading & Services srl Str. Biharia No. 67-77 ROMANIA RO-013981 Bucuresti 1 Phone: +40 (0) 21 / 201 1146 Fax: +40 (0) 21 / 201 1148 e mail: sirius@siriustrading.ro INEA d.o.o. **SLOVENIA** Stegne 11 SI-1000 Ljubljana Phone: +386 (0) 1-513 8100 Fax: +386 (0) 1-513 8170 e mail: inea@inea.si Beijer Electronics AB SWEDEN Box 426 S-20124 Malmö Phone: +46 (0) 40 / 35 86 00 Fax: +46 (0) 40 / 35 86 02 e mail: info@beijer.se ECONOTEC AG SWIT7FRI AND Postfach 282 CH-8309 Nürensdorf Phone: +41 (0) 1 / 838 48 11 Fax: +41 (0) 1 / 838 48 12 e mail: info@econotec.ch GTS TURKEY Darülaceze Cad. No. 43 Kat. 2 **TR-80270 Okmeydani-Istanbul** Phone: +90 (0) 212 / 320 1640 Fax: +90 (0) 212 / 320 1649 e mail: gts@turk.net CSC Automation Ltd UKRAINE 15, M. Raskova St., Fl. 10, Office 1010 UA-02002 Kiev Phone: +380 (0) 44 / 238-83-16 Fax: +380 (0) 44 / 238-83-17 e mail: csc-a@csc-a.kiev.ua

#### Avtomatika Sever Ltd. Lva Tolstogo St. 7, Off. 311 **RU-197376 St Petersburg** RUSSIA Phone: +7 812 / 11 83 238 Fax: +7 812 / 11 83 239 e mail: as@avtsev.spb.ru CONSYS RUSSIA Promyshlennaya St. 42 **RU-198099 St Petersburg** Phone: +7 812 / 325 36 53 Fax: +7 812 / 147 20 55 e mail: consys@consys.spb.ru Electrotechnical RUSSIA Systems Siberia Partizanskaya St. 27, Office 306 RU-121355 Moscow Phone: +7 095/ 416-4321 Fax: +7 095/ 416-4321 e mail: info@eltechsystems.ru RUSSIA Electrotechnical Systems Siberia Shetinkina St. 33, Office 116 **RU-630088 Novosibirsk** Phone: +7 3832 / 22-03-05 Fax: +7 3832 / 22-03-05 e mail: info@eltechsystems.ru Elektrostyle RUSSIA ul. Garschina 11 RU-140070 Moscow Phone: +7 095 / 514 9316 Fax: +7 095 / 514 9317 e mail: info@estl.ru Elektrostyle RUSSIA Krasnij Prospekt 220-1 Office No. 312 RU-630049 Novosibirsk Phone: +7 3832 / 10 66 18 Fax: +7 3832 / 10 66 26 e mail: info@estl.ru ICOS RUSSIA Industrial Computer Systems Zao Ryazanskij Prospekt 8a, Office 100 RU-109428 Moscow Phone: +7 095 / 232 - 0207 Fax: +7 095 / 232 - 0327 e mail: mail@icos.ru NPP Uralelektra RUSSIA ul. Sverdlova 11a RU-620027 Ekaterinburg Phone: +7 34 32 / 53 27 4 Fax: +7 34 32 / 53 27 45 e mail: elektra@etel.ru SSMP Rosgidromontazh Ltd. RUSSIA 23, Lesoparkovaya Str. RU-344041 Rostov On Don Phone: +7 8632 / 36 00 22 Fax: +7 8632 / 36 00 26 e mail: RUSSIA

STC Drive Technique I ul. Bajkalskaja 239, Office 2 - 23 **RU-664075 Irkutsk** Phone: +7 3952 / 24 38 16 Fax: +7 3952 / 23 02 98 e mail: privod@irk.ru

STC Drive Technique Poslannikov Per. 9, str.1 RU-107005 Moscow

RUSSIA

Phone: +7 095 / 790-72-10 Fax: +7 095 / 790-72-12 e mail: info@privod.ru

#### **AFRICAN REPRESENTATIVE**

CBI Ltd. SOUTH AFRICA Private Bag 2016 ZA-1600 Isando Phone: +27 (0) 11/ 928 2000 Fax: +27 (0) 11/ 392 2354 e mail: cbi@cbi.co.za

## MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

Gothaer Strasse 8 Phone: +49 2102 486-0 D-40880 Ratingen Hotline: +49 1805 000-765 megfa-mail@meg.mee.com www.mitsubishi-automation.com

Fax: +371 784 / 22 81 e mail: utu@utu.lv

Fax: +49 2102 486-7170

www.mitsubishi-automation.de